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J. Frank Rowe is the plaintiff in a forcible detention case filed in Justice McCarron's court and Homer Householder the defendant. The latter oc-

cupies property on the Calcutta road belonging to the plaintiff, who seeks to regain possession of the same.

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Assignee for J. M. McCoy.
Lisbon, Sept. 24.—(Special)—M. J. McGarry, of East Liverpool, was appointed by Judge Boone as assignee of John M. McCoy, an East Liverpool merchant, who assigned.

Della Cochran, a young woman of this city, who is said to have been evincing poor judgment of late in the choice of her associates, was arrested last night by Officers Dawson and Aufdeheide, charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

The erring female was run ashore in the vicinity of the flint mill. Her "jag," which was of goodly proportion, was also highly seasoned and Della furnished amusement for almost the entire West End neighborhood until the officers interfered with the performance. After spending the night in jail she called into the mayor's office this morning to tell her troubles. She complained of a headache and stated that she was not particular as to the breakfast bill of fare.

On entering a plea of guilty his honor imposed a fine of \$7.60 on Miss Della, which was far beyond the sum total of change she had left from the expense of her debauch. She said that if an officer could be sent to a certain gentleman friend he would pay the fine. About an hour later the mayor met the young man whom the officer had spoken of, but just as he was about to go into the city hall his wife called him and the deal was off. Other friends of the unfortunate young woman are endeavoring to raise the money, and it is believed she will be liberated this evening.

GOING TO EUROPE AFTER MILLIONS

**Clergyman Looking For a Fortune
For Columbiana County
People.**

BIG HOPE IS ENTERTAINED

**That the Whitakers And Whitacres of
This Section Will Prove Them-
selves the Rightful Heirs to the Es-
tates Valued at \$200,000,000.**

Salem, Sept. 24.—Rev. William G. Whitaker, who is attorney for the Whitaker and Whitacre heirs, sailed from New York on Saturday for England, where he goes in the interest of his clients. He took passage on the Cunard steamer Lucania and will be in England for several months. He has been working for six years to get proofs of the rights his clients have to two immense fortunes that were left many years ago to certain parties, and have been accumulating since then until they amount to some \$200,000,000 altogether.

This large amount is supposed to be obtainable provided the heirs can present proper proof of their descent from the parties to whom the wealth was left. Rev. Mr. Whitaker was here several months ago looking up records.

Among other records he examined were some that belonged to various meetings of the Society of Friends. A large number of volumes are stored in the fireproof safe in the Friends meeting house on Sixth street, some of them dating back nearly 150 years and giving the time and place of the birth, marriage and death of members of that society.

Quite a number of the heirs live in and near Salem, some at Lisbon, Alliance, Wellsville, East Liverpool and other places in Columbiana county. Rev. Mr. Whitaker is positive that he is very near a successful conclusion of his long and laborious search.

DRANK AMMONIA

**INSANE WOMAN AT SALINEVILLE
ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.**

**Physicians Hastily Summoned—The
Patient in a Very Critical
Condition.**

Salineville, Sept. 24.—(Special)—Mrs. Hannah Dugan, of Salineville, who was recently adjudged insane by probate court, this morning attempted suicide. Physicians were called and saved her life.

The woman drank an unknown quantity of household ammonia and is in a very critical condition. Mrs. Dugan is 41 years old. She was to have been taken to the Massillon asylum today.

SEWER PIPE PLANT

**Irondale Is Promised Another Industry,
Backed By \$75,000
Capital.**

Irondale, Sept. 24.—(Special)—The citizens of this town are greatly excited over a report that comes from what is considered as being a reliable source that eastern capitalists are to be here this week to decide on a location for a \$75,000 sewer pipe plant for Irondale.

It has not as yet been learned who is projecting the deal, but the parties back of it are prominent manufacturers and with unlimited means.

BEATEN TO DEATH

**Well Known Resident of Seville Killed
By a Neighbor**

Canton, Sept. 24.—O. H. Houghton, a well-known resident of Seville, was beaten to death in Seville by John Rose, a neighbor. The two men quarreled while intoxicated. Houghton was 53 years old and leaves a large family. Rose is 50 and a bachelor.

In Harness Again.

Constable Miller has discontinued the wool-purchasing vocation for the season and settled down to his duties as an officer of the law. "Jim" has not only made a snug sum from his wool deals, but his health has become so greatly improved that he insists he can skip a rope or play leap frog with as much alacrity as any 16-year-old town boy in the county. "Jim's" cheeks indicate that he is right in his declaration, as they are rosy and plump as a spring beet.

Marriage Licenses.

Lisbon, Sept. 24.—(Special)—Marriage licenses have been issued to James Straley and Mrs. Ellen Cress, East Palestine; Hugh Keys and Anna-
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Della Cochran, a young woman of this city, who is said to have been evidencing poor judgment of late in the choice of her associates, was arrested last night by Officers Dawson and Aufdeheide, charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

The erring female was run ashore in the vicinity of the flint mill. Her "jag," which was of goodly proportion, was also highly seasoned and Della furnished amusement for almost the entire West End neighborhood until the officers interfered with the performance. After spending the night in jail she called into the mayor's office this morning to tell her troubles. She complained of a headache and stated that she was not particular as to the breakfast bill of fare.

On entering a plea of guilty his honor imposed a fine of \$7.50 on Miss Della, which was far beyond the sum total of change she had left from the expense of her debauch. She said that if an officer could be sent to a certain gentleman friend he would pay the fine. About an hour later the mayor met the young man whom the officer had spoken of, but just as he was about to go into the city hall his wife called him and the deal was off. Other friends of the unfortunate young woman are endeavoring to raise the money, and it is believed she will be liberated this evening.

REUNION AT CLARKSON

LOCAL VETERANS PREPARING FOR A GOOD MEETING.

General Reilly And Other Officers of the Old 104th Will Be With Them.

The survivors of Company C, of the One Hundred and Fourth Ohio volunteer infantry, will hold a reunion at the Presbyterian church in Clarkson on Thursday next. The ladies of the church have arranged to furnish meals to all who may be in attendance. The exercises will consist of a roll call, the appointment of committees, music, speeches and a general exchange of greetings.

General Reilly, who organized the regiment, and was afterward the brigade commander, will be present and will address the veterans. Captain Cope and Rev. Dr. J. C. Taggart, who was lieutenant in the company, will also be among the orators. Several other well known old soldiers will also be present. There are many former members of the regiment in East Liverpool, and a good attendance from this city is expected. W. C. Bentley, of Salem, will probably be there.

The committee of arrangements has made every preparation to make the reunion a success. A good turnout and an enjoyable time is anticipated. The public generally is urged to be present.

The old One Hundred and Fourth was a famous fighting regiment and saw much hard service.

GIVEN A TRIAL

Mary Robinson Promised Justice McCarron She Would Be Good and Was Released.

Mary Robinson, the young girl who was arrested and locked up Sunday night on a charge of larceny, was tried before Justice McCarron last night.

On her promise to stay at home and keep away from evil associates, she was given her liberty. The justice told her he would give her a week's trial and that if she broke her promise he send her to the reform school.

Marriage Licenses.

Lisbon, Sept. 24.—(Special)—Marriage licenses have been issued to James Straley and Mrs. Ellen Cress, East Palestine; Hugh Keys and Anna Klopfenstein, Homevorth.

GOING TO EUROPE AFTER MILLIONS

Clergyman Looking For a Fortune For Columbiana County People.

BIG HOPE IS ENTERTAINED

That the Whitakers And Whitacres of This Section Will Prove Themselves the Rightful Heirs to the Estates Valued at \$200,000,000.

Salem, Sept. 24.—Rev. William G. Whitaker, who is attorney for the Whitaker and Whitacre heirs, sailed from New York on Saturday for England, where he goes in the interest of his clients. He took passage on the Cunard steamer Lucania and will be in England for several months. He has been working for six years to get proofs of the rights his clients have to two immense fortunes that were left many years ago to certain parties, and have been accumulating since then until they amount to some \$200,000,000 altogether.

This large amount is supposed to be obtainable provided the heirs can present proper proof of their descent from the parties to whom the wealth was left. Rev. Mr. Whitaker was here several months ago looking up records.

Among other records he examined were some that belonged to various meetings of the Society of Friends. A large number of volumes are stored in the fireproof safe in the Friends meeting house on Sixth street, some of them dating back nearly 150 years and giving the time and place of the birth, marriage and death of members of that society.

Quite a number of the heirs live in and near Salem, some at Lisbon, Alliance, Wellsville, East Liverpool and other places in Columbiana county. Rev. Mr. Whitaker is positive that he is very near a successful conclusion of his long and laborious search.

DRANK AMMONIA

INSANE WOMAN AT SALINEVILLE ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Physicians Hastily Summoned—The Patient in a Very Critical Condition.

Salineville, Sept. 24.—(Special)—Mrs. Hannah Dugan, of Salineville, who was recently adjudged insane by probate court, this morning attempted suicide. Physicians were called and saved her life.

The woman drank an unknown quantity of household ammonia and is in a very critical condition. Mrs. Dugan is 41 years old. She was to have been taken to the Massillon asylum today.

SEWER PIPE PLANT

Irondale Is Promised Another Industry, Backed By \$75,000 Capital.

Irondale, Sept. 24.—(Special)—The citizens of this town are greatly excited over a report that comes from what is considered as being a reliable source that eastern capitalists are to be here this week to decide on a location for a \$75,000 sewer pipe plant for Irondale.

It has not as yet been learned who is projecting the deal, but the parties back of it are prominent manufacturers and with unlimited means.

BEATEN TO DEATH

Well Known Resident of Seville Killed By a Neighbor.

Canton, Sept. 24.—O. H. Houghton, a well-known resident of Seville, was beaten to death in Seville by John Rose, a neighbor. The two men quarreled while intoxicated. Houghton was 53 years old and leaves a large family. Rose is 50 and a bachelor.

In Harness Again.

Constable Miller has discontinued the wool-purchasing vocation for the season and settled down to his duties as an officer of the law. "Jim" has not only made a snug sum from his wool deals, but his health has become so greatly improved that he insists he can skip a rope or play leap frog with as much alacrity as any 16-year-old town boy in the county. "Jim's" cheeks indicate that he is right in his declaration, as they are rosy and plump as a spring beet.

BUSINESS FOR CIRCUIT COURT

Cases Which Are to Have Hearings
or Trials During the
Present Term.

SCREEN ORDINANCE CASES

Appealed From This City Are on the
List to Be Disposed of—A Num-
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Harding Bailey, guardian, vs. Edward Boone et al., error.

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Charles E. Richardson vs. William Bradbury, appeal, settled at previous court. No record.

Jason H. Brookes vs. William Tucker et al., appeal.

Lucy C. Carnegie vs. Isabel Coleman et al., appeal.

Saram Emma Burrows vs. Walter Burrows, appeal.

The following cases have been continued:

Rebecca A. Cope et al vs. Joseph W. Hoopes et al., appeal.

Henry C. Jones vs. City of Salem et al., appeal.

D. E. Mather vs. W. H. Booth, appeal.

E. B. Thompson vs. Henry Roderus, error.

In re claim of Jacob Culp et al vs. commissioners of Columbiana county, error.

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Murder 'Is Suspected.

Youngstown, Sept. 24.—Six weeks ago Miss Jennie Thomas, aged thirty years, left her home north of this city, accompanied by a dog, to pick berries, and since then no clue to her whereabouts has been obtained. Four days after she returned the dog returned. Relatives think Miss Thomas met with foul play.

Making a Church of It.

Winona, Sept. 24.—The trustees of the M. E. church have purchased the building which has been used by the W. C. T. U. as a hall and will remodel it for a church. The congregation has been occupying the building and renting from the W. C. T. U.

Census Enumerator Clawson.

Who is also editor of "The Herald," at Howe, Ind. Ty., writes:

To Whom It May Concern—I was a sufferer from stomach trouble until I was induced to try a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and I want to say that in my opinion it has no equal as a stomach remedy. I had tried many different remedies, but none with the happy results of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

G. A. CLAWSON, Howe, Ind. Ter.
Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

COEDUCATION



HERE are those who question the advantage of the present overwhelming tendency, especially in the west, toward collegiate and university coeducation. Certainly in no part of the educational field has greater progress been made than in the facilities for the education of women, AND SHRIVELED MUST BE THE SOUL THAT WOULD HAVE IT OTHERWISE. Vassar, Smith, Wellesley and Bryn Mawr have long marked

By
**WHITE LAW
REID**

Editor of the
New York
Tribune

a higher standard than similar schools for women in other lands, and now colleges abroad, like Girton and Newnham, enjoying high university affiliations, are at last finding their worthy counterparts here in Radcliffe, Barnard and others. IT IS AN INSPIRING PROGRESS, and even if it may have been carried in some institutions to an illogical development the error, if error there be, will cure itself. But certainly it must be admitted that the western trend to direct coeducation in colleges and universities is plainly at variance with another development we have all regarded as characteristic of progress toward the higher education—the process of differentiation and specialization. Grant at once, as a thing nobody in this age dreams of questioning, the right of woman quite as clear as the right of man to learn everything, yet the fact remains that the great majority of women seeking an advanced education will probably in time come to do the same thing the men do—specialize it with reference to the life they are going to lead. And the girl graduate from one of the great coeducational universities is not, as a rule, going to lead the same life as the bachelor of science or the bachelor of electrical engineering.

IF THE HIGHEST PROGRESS BE IN DIFFERENTIATION AND SPECIALIZATION OF EFFORT, THEN WOMEN ARE ENTITLED TO THAT PROGRESS AS WELL AS MEN, AND UNIVERSITY COEDUCATION, THOUGH PERHAPS AS YET THE MOST ECONOMICAL, IS MANIFESTLY NOT THE BEST WAY OF SUPPLYING IT.

On the disadvantages that some think they find in throwing the two sexes into the intimacy of a common college life at the most impressionable period, when their thoughts ought to be on their books and are so easily kindled instead into dreams of love and matrimony, I do not imagine it profitable to dwell. The parents who send their sons and daughters to coeducational institutions know what they are doing. One can only say about the system they are likely to select what Mr. Lincoln said about the book, "If you like this kind of a book, then I reckon this is just about the book you would like."

EAST END

BOYS BATTLED

Doctor's Aid Was Necessary for One
After the Conflict
Ended.

Joe Bowers and James Smith, two young boys who reside in Chaffinville, engaged in a fight last night and young Bowers received the worst of the battle. The Bowers had received a gash on the neck several inches long and it was necessary to summon Dr. Mowen.

The father of Bowers is of the opinion the wound was inflicted with a pen knife, while the opinion of the doctor is that it came from falling on a stone. The wound is not considered dangerous.

COMMITTEES CHOSEN

At a Meeting of Second U. P. Church
Young People's
Union.

The cabinet of the Young People's Christian Union of the Second United Presbyterian church held a very interesting meeting last night. The chairman of the following committees were elected:

Prayer meeting, E. A. Stevenson; membership, Miss Eva White; social, Miss Maude Elliott; missionary, Mrs. Mary Warner; temperance, J. B. Elliott; tithe, Miss Edie Ramsey; literature, Miss Margaret White.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

Frank Chambers spent the day in Pittsburgh.

W. L. Wilson and wife are visiting in Pittsburgh.

Thomas Ramsey and William English have returned from a visit at Buffalo.

William White today moved from St. George street to the Grant property on Pennsylvania avenue.

Miss Sadie McKinnon left this morning for Portland, O., where she will spend the winter with her aunt.

William Gamble, of East Liverpool, who has been employed in a drug store at Rochester, has resigned his position and has accepted one at the drug store of W. L. Wilson.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by Druggists, etc.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

IT IS GOD'S WILL

A poem read by Walter J. Blakely, formerly of this city, before a memorial meeting of the alumni of the St. Louis university, College hall Sept. 18, 1901.

"Open the window wide that I may see the trees."
The words came, softly sighing, from his lips of pain;
And as his fevered brow received the cooling breeze,
He wondered if, in life, he e'er would stand again
Among the eighty millions who, one day before,
Acknowledged him their head from ocean's shore to shore

"Now everything is changed the sunshine is all gone!"
Prophetic words from him beside whose fated bed
Alike, in gloom, watched statesman, soldiers, men of brawn,
Devoted wife and friends and all whom duty led
To weep and pray for him that Providence might save
A mighty nation's chieftain from the waiting grave.

"It is God's will, His way; His will, not ours, be done!"
O pale and stricken wife, O mourning nation, hear:
Resigned, he can but know his earthly course is run.
That soon a grieving world will bow before his bier.
He knows a Christian soul no murderous hand can kill.
"Good bye, Good bye to all, Good bye, it is God's will!"

And yet Columbia stands all undismayed by fate,
With brow serene, tho' stern her tear stains washed away.
She knows full well that hands will guide the ship of state
As firmly as did he who now is lifeless clay.
O may that ship sail on through every storm
To find, when night is past, a calm and shining morn!

DIVORCED AND MARRIED

Akron Man Took a New Wife Five Minutes After Legal Separation From the Old.

Akron, Sept. 24.—Five minutes after they had secured a divorce Eugene Hiltabiddle and Frances Napier got a license and were promptly married. Hiltabiddle got a divorce from his wife, Elizabeth, on grounds of neglect. His present wife was divorced from Ryland Napier on grounds of absence.

Judge Kohler was very angry when he learned of the marriage.

News Review "Wants" bring quick results.

We Are Wholesalers

As well as retailers in all branches of our business.

Especially in Rugs we handle large quantities.

Whether you want one the size for a door mat or large enough to cover an

Entire Room

You'll find a selection here.

HARD'S

"THE BIG STORE"



COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

William Peltz, of Martin's Ferry, has lately lost three children by diphtheria. The 28th annual fair of the Minerva Fair association will be held at Minerva, Oct. 1-4.

Newton W. Parker, of Youngstown, was killed at Sharon by falling from a passenger train.

Mr. and Mrs. John McKim, near Steubenville, celebrated their golden wedding this week.

Mrs. Caroline Linton, who had relatives in East Liverpool, died at Rush Run, last week, aged 66.

Burglars ransacked the house of William Barr, Salem, in the family's absence, and stole a small sum.

It is proposed that every workingman of Youngstown devote a day's wages to a McKinley memorial to be erected in that city.

William Ripple, while making a coup, ling in the Pennsylvania yards at Youngstown, fell between the cars and was terribly mangled.

Mrs. L. M. Beecher, of Youngstown, while visiting her brother-in-law, W. R. Knowles, of Columbiana, fell down stairs and broke a leg.

A saloon at Benwood, W. Va., suspected of being the meeting place of anarchists, was destroyed by dynamite by unknown parties.

Thomas Connell, a prominent contractor of Youngstown, died after an illness of a few weeks, aged 66. He leaves a wife and five children.

Edward Newman, the young man at Glendale, W. Va., who was the victim of a heavy charge of shot from his friend's gun, is now in a critical condition.

A farmer from Harrison county had an exhibit of 150 varieties of potatoes at the Wheeling fair, showing that the "Murphies" have a large family connection.

Petel Pasqual, a lad of 12, while playing in the Erie yards at Youngstown, was struck by an engine and hanged to death. The accident occurred in sight of his home.

A swarm of mosquitoes settled on the face and arms of the two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Ludson, of Buffalo, W. Va., and their bites so poisoned the little one that it died in a few hours.

Bridgeport and Martin's Ferry rejoice over the fact that the mill dismantled at the Aetna-Standard plant and shipped up the river is to be brought back and reconstructed, thus leaving the big plant intact.

A 5-year-old child of Wade Stevenson at New Brighton, while running about in the yard, fell heavily, striking its jaw on the ground. A portion of the child's tongue was caught between its teeth and entirely severed.

The 3-year-old son of William Sanders, of Beaver Falls, was kicked in the face by a horse. The flesh was cut in a half dozen places from the chin to the forehead and the boy was unconscious for two hours. He will live, but will be badly disfigured.

Traveling Man Killed.

Wooster, Sept. 24.—N. B. Parker, aged 43, a traveling man from Youngstown, sustained injuries at Shreve, which caused his death. He was a passenger on an eastbound train and when the train stopped, got off and walked up the platform, when the train started he attempted to get on and was thrown under the wheels.

Carpets! Carpets!

Must be closed out at once to make room for other goods. All we have left at cost.

HILL & YATES.

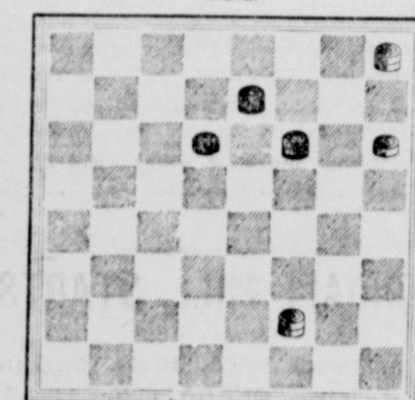
An English Country Bank.

Rural customers attach great importance to the bank's outward appearance. A thrifty tradesman having opened a deposit account with a bank distant some 30 miles from his home, the cashier had the curiosity to ask why he traveled so far when there was a branch of the same bank almost at his door. The depositor smiled knowingly and replied, "I lodged opposite here all the time while this bank was being built, so I know it's safe." Balance sheets to the rustic are a meaningless and arbitrary arrangement of figures. Iron bars he understands.

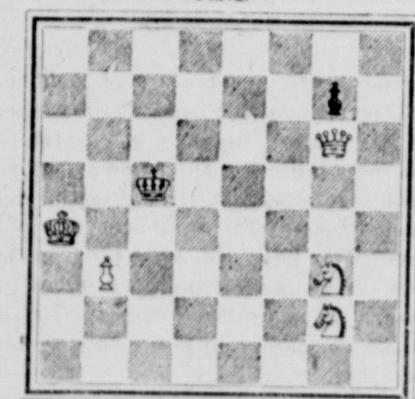
In a northern city there is a bank widely known for the artistic merit of its doors. Designed by an eminent sculptor, they are executed in relief in copper or bronze and appear to represent tableaux from "Aesop's Fables" and Greek history. About a week after they were unveiled an old man who had been a depositor for many years withdrew his balance and took it to a rival bank almost opposite. Questioned as to his reason for changing, he replied: "I don't hold 'em' doors of theirs. Punched tin ain't businesslike, and it ain't safe."—Longman's.

CHECKERS AND CHESS.

Checker Problem No. 650.
Black.



White to play and draw.
Chess Problem No. 651.
Black.



White to play and make in three moves.

SOLUTIONS.

Checker problem No. 649:
White.
1..19 to 7
2..9 to 6
3..5 to 16, and wins

Black.
1..11 to 2
2..24 to 9

White.
1..19 to 23
2..26 to 31
3..31 to 6, and wins

White.
1..19 to 19
2..19 to 26

Chess problem No. 649:
White.
1..Q to K5
2..Q-B3 ch
3..P mates

Black.
1..K to R5
2..K to B4

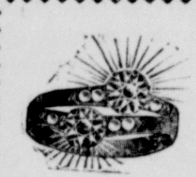
White.
2..Q to K8
3..Q mates

Black.
1..P to B4
2..Any

Cholera in India.

People everywhere are acquainted with the remarkable cures of milder forms of bowel complaints effected by the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is not generally known, however that this remedy has proved very successful in the treatment of Asiatic Cholera and is now sold and used all over India. Mrs. Sd. L. Hiscocks, writing from Clae Road, Byculia, India, says: "I have used a good many bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have found it invaluable as a cure as well as a preventive of cholera. So far I have never known it to fail if given in the early stages." For sale by Alvin H. Bulger, druggist.

Try It On



AND if it don't fit we have other Rings that will—Our prices on first class goods makes the sale for us—Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Clocks, anything in the jewelry line—All goods guaranteed as represented. Watch Repairing and Engraving a Specialty.

A. G. HOFMAN,
208 Market St.

When

You want any job in the

BUILDING LINE

done well and quick. Come to us as our reputation is established.

J. C. CAIN & CO.,

Telephone "Bell" 293 and 357.

FURNISHED Rooms For
Rent with Use of Bath.
—THE—
ANDERSON HOUSE,
Cor. Walnut and Robinson Sts.

For Sale.

I will receive sealed offers until 12 o'clock noon, (city time,) of

October 12, A. D., 1901.

for lot number eleven hundred fifty one, (1151,) in the Janesville addition to the city of East Liverpool, Ohio. Said lot fronts forty (40) feet on First avenue and extends back therefrom one hundred (100) feet. There is a three story frame business block on the lot and also a four (4) room frame dwelling. In view of the rapid growth of the East End and the new industries to be erected there is a bargain in this property for some one.

For Terms and conditions call upon me at the office of the Potters' Building & Savings Co., or the Real Estate office of E. W. Hill.

William Kent.

ATTEND THE...
Ohio Valley
Business College

If you wish to secure a DAY bread-winning... AND NIGHT education... SESSIONS.

F. T. WEAVER,
Sec'y,
Both Phones, East Liverpool, O.

Notice.

Our wagons will continue collecting as heretofore.

SANITARY REDUCTION CO.
Bell Phone 373.

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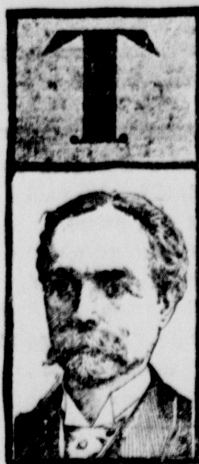
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By
**WHITELAW
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Tribune

HERE are those who ques-tion the advantage of the present overwhelming tend-ency, especially in the west, toward collegiate and uni-versity coeducation. Cer-tainly in no part of the edu-cational field has greater progress been made than in the facilities for the education of women, AND SHRIVELED MUST BE THE SOUL THAT WOULD HAVE IT OTHERWISE. Vassar, Smith, Wellesley and Bryn Mawr have long marked a higher standard than similar schools for women in other lands, and now colleges abroad, like Girton and Newnham, enjoying high uni-versity affiliations, are at last finding their worthy counterparts here in Radcliffe, Barnard and others. IT IS AN INSPIRING PROG-RESS, and even if it may have been carried in some institutions to an illogical development the error, if error there be, will cure itself. But certainly it must be admitted that the western trend to direct coeduca-tion in colleges and universities is plainly at variance with another development we have all regarded as characteristic of progress toward the higher education—the process of differentiation and specializa-tion. Grant at once, as a thing nobody in this age dreams of ques-tioning, the right of woman quite as clear as the right of man to learn everything, yet the fact remains that the great majority of women seeking an advanced education will probably in time come to do the same thing the men do—specialize it with reference to the life they are going to lead. And the girl graduate from one of the great coed-ucational universities is not, as a rule, going to lead the same life as the bachelor of science or the bachelor of electrical engineering.

IF THE HIGHEST PROGRESS BE IN DIFFERENTIATION AND SPE-CIALIZATION OF EFFORT, THEN WOMEN ARE ENTITLED TO THAT PROGRESS AS WELL AS MEN, AND UNIVERSITY COEDUCATION, THOUGH PERHAPS AS YET THE MOST ECONOMICAL, IS MANIFESTLY NOT THE BEST WAY OF SUPPLYING IT.

On the disadvantages that some think they find in throwing the two sexes into the intimacy of a common college life at the most im-pressionable period, when their thoughts ought to be on their books and are so easily kindled instead into dreams of love and matrimony, I do not imagine it profitable to dwell. The parents who send their sons and daughters to coeducational institutions know what they are doing. One can only say about the system they are likely to select what Mr. Lincoln said about the book, "If you like this kind of a book, then I reckon this is just about the book you would like."

EAST END

BOYS BATTLED

Doctor's Aid Was Necessary for One
After the Conflict
Ended.

Joe Bowers and James Smith, two young boys who reside in Chaffinville, engaged in a fight last night and young Bowers received the worst of the battle. The Bowers had received a gash on the neck several inches long and it was necessary to summon Dr. Mowen.

The father of Bowers is of the opinion the wound was inflicted with a pen knife, while the opinion of the doctor is that it came from falling on a stone. The wound is not considered dangerous.

COMMITTEES CHOSEN

At a Meeting of Second U. P. Church
Young People's
Union.

The cabinet of the Young People's Christian Union of the Second United Presbyterian church held a very inter-esting meeting last night. The chair-men of the following committees were elected:

Prayer meeting, E. A. Stevenson; membership, Miss Eva White; social, Miss Maude Elliott; missionary, Mrs. Mary Warner; temperance, J. B. El-liott; tithe, Miss Edie Ramsey; liter-ature, Miss Margaret White.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

Frank Chambers spent the day in Pittsburg.

W. L. Wilson and wife are visiting in Pittsburg.

Thomas Ramsey and William Eng-lish have returned from a visit at Buffalo.

William White today moved from St. George street to the Grant prop-erty on Pennsylvania avenue.

Miss Sadie McKinnon left this morn-ing for Portland, O., where she will spend the winter with her aunt.

William Gamble, of East Liverpool, who has been employed in a drug store at Rochester, has resigned his position and has accepted one at the drug store of W. L. Wilson.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

IT IS GOD'S WILL

A poem read by Walter J. Blakely, formerly of this city, before a memorial meeting of the alumni of the St. Louis university, College hall Sept. 18, 1901.

"Open the window wide that I may see the trees."
The words came, softly sighing, from his lips of pain;
And as his fevered brow received the cooling breeze,
He wondered if, in life, he e'er would stand again
Among the eighty millions who, one day before,
Acknowledged him their head from ocean's shore to shore

"Now everything is changed the sun-shine is all gone!"
Prophetic words from him beside whose fated bed
Alike, in gloom, watched statesman, soldiers, men of brawn,
Devoted wife and friends and all whom duty led
To weep and pray for him that Providence might save
A mighty nation's chieftain from the waiting grave.

"It is God's will, His way; His will, not ours, be done!"
O pale and stricken wife, O mourning nation, hear:
Resigned, he can but know his earthly course is run,
That soon a grieving world will bow before his bier.
He knows a Christian soul no murd'rous hand can kill.
"Good bye, Good bye to all, Good bye, it is God's will!"

And yet Columbia stands all undismayed by fate,
With brow serene, tho' stern her tear stains washed away.
She knows full well that hands will guide the ship of state
As firmly as did he who now is life-less clay.
O may that ship sail on through every storm
To find, when night is past, a calm and shining morn!

DIVORCED AND MARRIED

Akron Man Took a New Wife Five
Minutes After Legal Separa-
tion From the Old.

Akron, Sept. 24.—Five minutes after they had secured a divorce Eugene Hil-tabiddle and Frances Napier got a li-cense and were promptly married. Hiltabiddle got a divorce from his wife, Elizabeth, on grounds of neglect. His present wife was divorced from Ryland Napier on grounds of absence.

Judge Kohler was very angry when he learned of the marriag.

News Review "Wants" bring quick results.

We Are Wholesalers

As well as retailers in all branches of our business.

Especially in Rugs we handle large quantities.

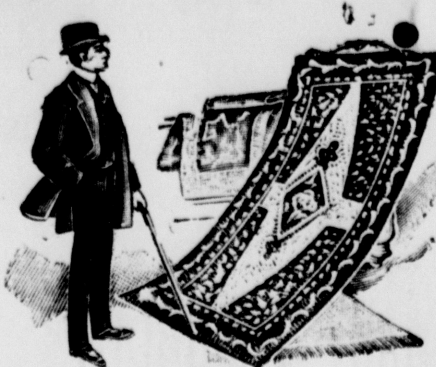
Whether you want one the size for a door mat or large enough to cover an

Entire Room

You'll find a selection here.

HARD'S

"THE BIG STORE"



COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

William Peltz, of Martin's Ferry, has lately lost three children by diphtheria.

The 28th annual fair of the Minerva Fair association will be held at Miner-va, Oct. 1-4.

Newton W. Parker, of Youngstown, was killed at Sharon by falling from a passenger train.

Mr. and Mrs. John McKim, near Steubenville, celebrated their golden wedding this week.

Mrs. Caroline Linton, who had rela-tives in East Liverpool, died at Rush Run, last week, aged 66.

Burglars ransacked the house of Wil-liam Barr, Salem, in the family's ab-sence, and stole a small sum.

It is proposed that every working-man of Youngstown devote a day's wages to a McKinley memorial to be erected in that city.

William Ripple, while making a coup-ling in the Pennsylvania yards at Youngstown, fell between the cars and was terribly mangled.

Mrs. L. M. Beecher, of Youngstown, while visiting her brother-in-law, W. R. Knowles, of Columbiana, fell down stairs and broke a leg.

A saloon at Benwood, W. Va., sus-pected of being the meeting place of anarchists, was destroyed by dynamite by unknown parties.

Thomas Connell, a prominent con-tractor of Youngstown, died after an illness of a few weeks, aged 66. He leaves a wife and five children.

Edward Newman, the young man at Glendale, W. Va., who was the victim of a heavy charge of shot from his friend's gun, is now in a critical con-dition.

A farmer from Harrison county had an exhibit of 150 varieties of potatoes at the Wheeling fair, showing that the "Murphies" have a large family con-nection.

Petel Pasqual, a lad of 12, while play-ing in the Erie yards at Youngstown, was struck by an engine and hanged to death. The accident occurred in sight to his home.

A swarm of mosquitoes settled on the face and arms of the two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Ludson, of Buffalo, W. Va., and their bites so poisoned the little one that it died in a few hours.

Bridgeport and Martin's Ferry re-joice over the fact that the mill dis-mantled at the Aetna-Standard plant and shipped up the river is to be brought back and reconstructed, thus leaving the big plant intact.

A 5-year-old child of Wade Steven-son at New Brighton, while running about in the yard, fell heavily, strik-ing its jaw on the ground. A portion of the child's tongue was caught be-tween its teeth and entirely severed.

The 3-year-old son of William San-ders, of Beaver Falls, was kicked in the face by a horse. The flesh was cut in a half dozen places from the chin to the forehead and the boy was unconscious for two hours. He will live, but will be badly disfigured.

Traveling Man Killed.

Wooster, Sept. 24.—N. B. Parker, aged 43, a traveling man from Youngs-town, sustained injuries at Shreve, which caused his death. He was a passenger on an eastbound train and when the train stopped, got off and walked up the platform, when the train started he attempted to get on and was thrown under the wheels.

Carpets! Carpets!

Must be closed out at once to make room for other goods. All we have left at cost.

HILL & YATES.

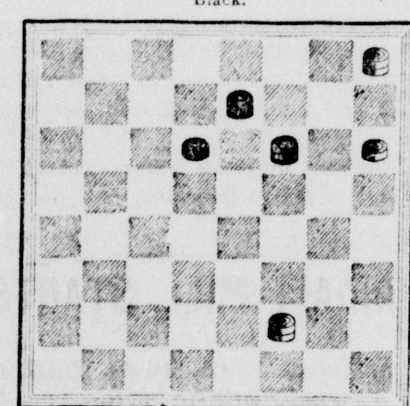
An English Country Bank.

Rural customers attach great im-portance to the bank's outward ap-pearance. A thrifty tradesman having opened a deposit account with a bank distant some 30 miles from his home, the cashier had the curiosity to ask why he traveled so far when there was a branch of the same bank almost at his door. The depositor smiled know-ingly and replied, "I lodged opposite here all the time while this bank was being built, so I know it's safe." Bal-ance sheets to the rustic are a mean-ingless and arbitrary arrangement of figures. Iron bars he understands.

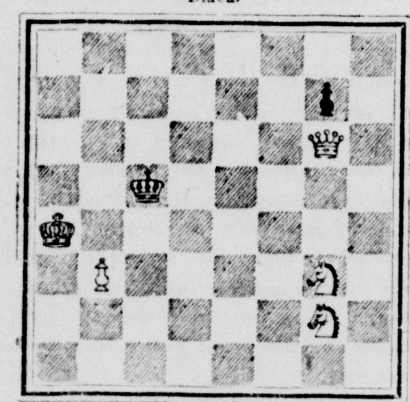
In a northern city there is a bank widely known for the artistic merit of its doors. Designed by an eminent sculptor, they are executed in relief in copper or bronze and appear to re-present tableaux from "Aesop's Fables" and Greek history. About a week after they were unveiled an old man who had been a depositor for many years withdrew his balance and took it to a rival bank almost opposite. Questioned as to his reason for changing, he replied: "I don't hold wi' them doors of theirs. Punched tin ain't businesslike, and it ain't safe."—Longman's.

CHECKERS AND CHESS.

Checker Problem No. 650.
Black.



White to play and draw.
Chess Problem No. 650.
Black.



White to play and mate in three moves.
SOLUTIONS.
Checker Problem No. 649:

White.
1..10 to 7
2..9 to 6
3..5 to 10, and wins

Black.
1..10 to 23
2..20 to 31
3..31 to 4, and wins

Chess problem No. 649:
White.
1..Q to K5
2..Q-B3 ch
3..P mates

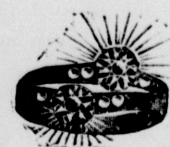
Black.
1..K to Kt5
2..K to B4

White.
1..P to B4
2..Any

Cholera in India.

People everywhere are acquainted with the remarkable cures of milder forms of bowel complaints effected by the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is not generally known, however, that this remedy has proved very successful in the treatment of Asiatic Cholera and is now sold and used all over India. Mrs. Sd. L. Hiscocks writing from Cae Road, Byculla, India, says: "I have used a good many bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have found it invaluable as a cure as well as a preventive of cholera. So far I have never known it to fail if given in the early stages." For sale by Alvin H. Bulger, druggist.

Try It On



AND if it don't fit we have other Rings that will—Our prices on first class goods makes the sale for us—Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Clocks, anything in the jewelry line—All goods guaranteed as represented. Watch Repairing and En-graving a Specialty.

A. G. HOFMAN,
208 Market St.

When

You want any job in the

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done well and quick. Come to us as our reputation is established.

J. C. CAIN & CO.,

Telephone "Bell" 293 and 357.

FURNISHED Rooms For
Rent with Use of Bath.
—THE—
ANDERSON HOUSE,
Cor. Walnut and Robinson Sts

For Sale.

I will receive sealed offers until 12 o'clock noon, (city time,) of

October 12, A. D., 1901.

for lot number eleven hundred fifty one, (1151,) in the Jamesville addition to the city of East Liverpool, Ohio. Said lot fronts forty (40) feet on First avenue and extends back therefrom one hundred (100) feet. There is a three story frame business block on the lot and also a four (4) room frame dwelling. In view of the rapid growth of the East End and the new industries to be erected there is a bargain in this property for some one.

For Terms and conditions call upon me at the office of the Potters' Building & Savings Co., or the Real Estate office of E. W. Hill.

William Kent.

ATTEND THE . . .

Ohio Valley Business College

If you wish to secure a DAY bread-winning . . . AND NIGHT education. . . SESSIONS.

Address

F. T. WEAVER,
Sec'y,

Both Phones, East Liverpool, O.

Notice.

Our wagons will continue col-lecting as heretofore.

SANITARY REDUCTION CO.
Bell Phone 373.

STRIKE LOSS CAUSES

Explained In a Statement by
Shaffer—Terms of Settlement.

ACCUSED SOME OTHER UNIONS

Of Bad Faith—Says Gompers' Neglect
of His Trust Was Fatal to a Favorable Ending For His Men—Will Resign if Asked.

Pittsburg, Sept. 24.—President Shaffer issued the following statement last night:

"Brethren—We have been prevented by other work such as visits to lodges and reception of committees from presenting this statement earlier to our general membership. We shall give a fair and truthful account of occurrences leading up to and compelling a settlement of the strike, and we do so not to shield any person, but that the facts may become known. When we have almost completed arrangements with representatives of the American Tin Plate Company for scale rates and conditions, at the conference held at Cleveland, the question of signing for Monessen was broached, and it was agreed by both sides that the matter was to be settled by the sheet steel conference. If the Sheet Steel Company signed for all, the American Tin Plate Company would do likewise. Thus, you perceive, the scale question was not settled completely with the last-named company, and could not be until the other company had settled. The tin plate people knew that we had decided to enforce article 19, section 3, consequently the charge that we broke our agreement must rest upon the action of the sheet conference.

Were In Good Condition.

"We were in fairly good condition to win without help, but looked for aid from other labor bodies, some of which were pledged, and to the general public, but especially relied upon the American Federation of Labor, with which body we have been affiliated ever since its inception, and toward whose support we have never failed to contribute. During our own strike we paid benefits of \$100 to the machinists' union, levied by the American Federation of Labor.

"Our strike advanced, and we were confident of success until the newspapers deliberately and maliciously published statements which were untrue, and our people began to doubt and upbraid. Some who had been officials deserted us, and afterward, like J. D. Hickey, of Milwaukee, accepted the terms of the trust and scabbed. Hundreds who dated not scab at home went to other places, and in nearly every mill the trust tried to run were many Amalgamated men from striking mills. We knew our cause would be lost, but proceeded, feeling sure we could win if support could be secured for the faithful strikers.

"The American Federation gave us not one cent. The flints, the window blowers, the bottle blowers and pottery workers along with the Amalgamated lodges. The report that financial aid came from the national lodge of the mine workers is absolutely false—we received nothing. It must be told that the national or local lodges of many organizations helped. May the A. A. remember them.

"Perceiving that lack of money, loss of public approval, desertion by hundreds of our own people and by other organizations would render it impossible to gain a decisive victory, we endeavored to secure what we could. I arranged for Mr. Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, to meet Mr. Morgan to effect a settlement. Mr. Morgan gave up his vacation, went to New York, waited for Mr. Gompers, who failed to appear, nor has he since excepted to the loss of his interests. We were called upon at the national office by John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, Mr. Easley, of the Civic Federation, Henry White, of the Garment Workers, and Prof. Jenks, of Cornell university.

"These gentlemen inquired carefully into our strike, and Mr. Mitchell stated that if we would present a proposition which he outlined, he would demand acceptance by the trust, or call out the miners, and he said he was sure that Mr. Sargeant would call the firemen to strike also. We sent the proposition to the members of the executive board, which voted in favor of the proposition of which the following is a copy:

"To the Members of the General Executive Board:

"We, the representatives of the Amalgamated association, hereby agree that the scale shall be signed for mills which were signed for last year, with the understanding that union prices shall be paid in the mills now on strike, and that no striker shall lose his position because of connection with labor organizations, nor shall he be prevented from continuing his membership, if he so desire.

"President Mitchell assures us that if the proposition should be rejected, that the trust shall be informed that the United Mine Workers and other labor organizations will become participants in the strike. This was signed by the general officers.)

"I notified Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Easley, and on September 4 obtained the following telegram from New York:

Had Conference With Steel Magnates.

"We have had an extended conference with Messrs. Schwab, Corey, Preston, Graham, and McMurry, of the United States Steel Corporation, and presented your proposition for the settlement of the present strike. It was rejected. We can, however, secure settlement on the following basis: The signing of the agreement for all mills which were union last year, except Old Meadow, Saltsburg, Hyde Park, Crescent, Irondale, Chesler, Cambridge, Star and Monessen. There will be no discrimination against the employment of anyone by the company by reason of his connection with the strike, and no questions will be asked as to the membership of any man in any union. We are convinced that these are the best conditions which can be secured as a result of this strike, that it is the last offer for an agreement which the company will entertain, and that we must be in a position to accept these conditions today or all negotiations will be off. From the fact demonstrated to us of the present situation of the strike—that is, the others already in operation and several mills which will be in operation within a day or two—we are strongly of the opinion that the interest of your trade and of your organization demands that these terms be accepted. We are strongly recommended their approval by you, and at once.

"Signed, Mitchell, Gompers, Sargent, Jenks, White and Easley.

"We replied with this telegram:

"Read message last night. Have called executive board, the only authority which can settle. Can do no more than this. T. J. SHAFER.

"They answered:

"You should submit proposition to your executive board by wire immediately, and have them wire answer to you at Victoria hotel, New York, and would advise you to be here in morning. Important.

"MITCHELL, GOMPERS, EASLEY.

"Read carefully. Why should they want your president to go to New York alone and there get an open vote of executive board? Secretary Tighe sent this reply.

"John Mitchell:

"Have no authority. Executive board meets to-morrow.

"T. J. SHAFER.

"Mr. Gompers (by phone) said to your president, 'Mr. Shaffer, I am an Amalgamated member. I have done the same, and would do so again.'

"We refused to hold future telephonic intercourse with him and waited for the coal miners and the railroad men to be called out. They were willing to come as

thousands assured us, but they have not been called, and the trust was more sure that with other organized labor bodies against us, we must be defeated. Our people became disheartened. They sent letters and telegrams, asking the board to settle. That body gave full power to the National officers, and the latter requested your president to seek a conference. He was successful after many difficulties. The conference was held in New York, September 14, and the subjoined settlement made. We give the actual substance.

AMERICAN TIN PLATE.

"First—Scale shall be the prices agreed upon at Cleveland and found in scale book.

"Second—The contract is between the Amalgamated association and the American Tin Plate Company, the latter being a distinct and separate company in itself.

"Third—The company reserves the right to discharge any employee, who shall, by interference, abuse or constraint or prevent another from peaceably following his vocation, without reference to connection with labor organizations.

"Fourth—Non-union mills shall be represented as such—no attempts made to organize no charters granted; old charters remain by men if they desire.

"Fifth—Individual agreements shall be made for mills of improved character until they are developed, when scales shall be made to govern them.

"Sixth—Scale signed for these mills: Ellwood, Ind., Middleton, Ind., Anderson, Ind., Atlanta, Ind., Lisbon, Cannonsburg, Ellwood City, Falcon, Joliet, Connellsville, Johnstown, LaBelle, Laughlin, New Castle, (two mills), Muskegon, and Canal Dover.

"Seventh—Agreed that the company shall not hold prejudice against the employees by reason of their membership in the Amalgamated association.

"Eighth—This agreement is to remain in force three years from July 1, 1901, but terminable at 90 days' notice from either party on or after October 1, 1902.

"Brethren—This last clause is to be voted upon by the tin lodges and answer given immediately. If you agree to a three-year scale with 90 days' notice, please, yes. If you prefer yearly scale, vote, 'no.' Do this at once or the above will become law by default.

Note—This agreement is only for the scale year, ending June 30, 1902.

SHEET STEEL COMPANY.

Scale as printed is signed for mills of last year, but Hyde Park and Canal Dover.

STEEL HOPE COMPANY.

Scale as printed signed for mills signed for last year.

Two Questions Before Them.

Brethren—There are two questions before us: First, how is this Amalgamated association affected by the settlement? We lose the scale from seven mills, but do not lose the men unless they so elect.

The following proposal has been made to the men in the mills not signed for. If you can accept terms offered do so, and if you retain your charter we guarantee recognition as union men with the right of representation at the convention. If you refuse the terms and continue the strike we shall give you all the support we can, financially and otherwise.

As the National, Federal and Tube Steel Companies had been arranging for scales, they were left to do so in this instance, and the above proposal applies to them.

Second—What shall be our policy? Let us take care of the men who have fought well, and yet are suffering. To the men I hereby levy an assessment of 10 percent upon the members of the Amalgamated association.

Brethren, we ask you to help these men, who have shown themselves true blue in times of trouble. We know there are some who will complain and hesitate, but you owe this debt to your brothers and the association.

Your wages have been preserved. Pay this assessment cheerfully. The trust has had all the strike it cares for, and desires no more, but if we are weak it will not hesitate to try again to destroy us. If we are strong, it will fear to try. In closing, we desire to say—if you and your officers are inefficient and incapable, if there are others who can do better, let us know, and I am sure, we shall help the organization by getting out of the way. I, for one, am ready to make way by resigning, if the members think it will aid the cause.

Yours fraternally,

THEODORE J. SHAFER.

All but the stove-body and charcoal forces of the W. L. Woods & Wood Company of the American Steel Company were started yesterday for the first time since the strike of the employees in that mill. The return of the sheet workers included practically all the former employees of the mills, only they are not recognized as union men. With but a few exceptions the entire force was assured of work and the American Sheet Steel Company is expected to run the plant to its utmost capacity. The Wood plant has, since the strike began, been undergoing extensive repairs, especially with regard to its machinery.

The officials of the National Steel Company announced that all the mills of that corporation started yesterday as planned last week. The Bellaire plant, over which there was expressed some doubt during the week, started with a full force of workmen, most of whom were the former employees. A telegram from Bellaire last night said the men did not go to arms. The American Tin Plate Company increased its force of men in its Lisbon plants.

Some Tin Workers on Strike.

In the meantime the announcement is made that the tinworkers of the Star and Monongahela plants of the American Tin Plate Company are still considered on strike, and will receive strike benefits so long as they care to remain out and loyal to the Amalgamated association.

The cutting off of the strike benefits will be held over these men to check any further advance toward their wholesale desertion of the Amalgamated association, as was planned last week. These men want a guarantee from the company that they will remain under the old system, and the withdrawal of the demand for remaining out of the union, before they will consent to return to work.

Pickets have again been established about both the Star and Monongahela plants of the Tin Plate Company, and the strikers are trying by every means in their power to prevent non-union men from going to and coming from the mills. The strikers are not allowed to approach the plants.

Officers and committeemen of Enterprise lodge, of the Amalgamated association, were notified yesterday that their services would no longer be required by the management of the Woods mill, McKeesport.

A Dickens Letter.

George Manville Fenn is the possessor of a sheet of old fashioned blue wire woven note paper, which had his habitation for years upon the bill file of the tradesman to whom it was sent. It tells its own tale:

"Mr. Charles Dickens is much obliged to Mr. Claridge for the offer of Lord Byron's flute. But, as Mr. Dickens cannot play that instrument himself and has nobody in his house who can, he begs to decline the purchase, with thanks. Devonshire Terrace, twentieth June, 1848."

There is no visible mark of a smile upon the paper, says Mr. Fenn, but there seems to be one playing among the words, and one cannot help thinking that when Dickens wrote that he could not play the flute he must have recalled a certain flute serenade played at "Mrs. Todgers' Commercial Boarding House," written by him in 1844.—New York Tribune.

Ami

The Finest Cleaner Made

Cleans marble or oilcloth.

TEXAS ENDANGERED

By the Brooklyn In Battle of
Santiago, a Witness

Testified.

SAMPSON'S NAME CAME UP.

Judge Advocate Lemly Objected.

Raynor Declared It Could Not Be
Kept Out—An Explanation by Lawyer Hanna.

Washington, Sept. 24.—The part played by the battleship Texas in the naval battle off Santiago, July 3, 1898, in which the Spanish fleet under Admiral Cervera was sunk, was the basis of Monday's proceedings in the Schley naval court of inquiry. Of the four witnesses examined during the day three had been officers on board the Texas during the battle, and two of them were new witnesses. These were Commander George C. Heilner, who was navigator on the Texas, and Commander Alex B. Bates, who was the chief engineer on that battleship. Commander Harber, executive officer, and the chief surviving officer of the ship since the death of Captain Philip, was recalled. The fourth witness was Commander Seaton Schroeder, executive officer on the Massachusetts and now governor of the island of Guam.

The testimony several times during the day was somewhat exciting, and it was especially so when Commander Heilner described the battle and the part the Texas had taken in it. He said that when the Brooklyn made its loop at the beginning of the battle it had passed across the Texas' bow at a distance not to exceed 100 or 150 yards and that at the command of Captain Philip the Texas had been brought to a dead stop. Engineer Bates testified that the starboard engines had been stopped and said he thought this also had happened to the port engines. Commander Heilner expressed the opinion that three miles had been lost by this manoeuvre and the fact that part of the machinery was deranged. He said he considered that the Texas was in greater danger when the Brooklyn crossed her bow than at any other time during the battle.

An Admission by Heilner.

On cross-examination Commander Heilner admitted having taken part in the preparation of the official navy department chart showing the positions at different times of the ships which participated in the battle. He said that according to this chart the two ships never were nearer than 600 yards of each other. But, he contended, the chart was inaccurate, and he said he had only consented to it as a compromise. Commander Bates admitted that the official steam log of the Texas contained no record of the signal to reverse the engines. Commander Schroeder testified concerning the coal supply of the Massachusetts, which, he said, would have been sufficient for a blockade of from 16 to 20 days.

The day closed with another animated controversy between counsel as to the policy of bringing Admiral Sampson's name into the trial.

During the examination of Heilner, Raynor at one point asked:

"Did you see the New York on the day of the battle?"

The reply was:

"Oh, yes, I think she was reported coming up before the Viscaya went ashore. She was the last ship."

Here the judge advocate interposed to ask the purpose of this inquiry.

Mr. Raynor replied that it was "to show when these ships went there. We are going to show," he continued, "the position of the New York on the day of the battle." He further said in part:

"We have the absolute right to show the situation of the New York on the day of the battle, and we have the right to show the connection of Admiral Sampson in reference to the battle; we have a right, for instance, to show that Commodore Schley at Santiago, maintained the same sort of blockade that Admiral Sampson maintained when he got there on the 7th of June. So far as distances are concerned, I think we have the right to show—because one of the specifications of this precept states—whether or not a close or adequate blockade of said harbor to prevent the escape of the enemy's vessels therefrom was established.

Not a Personal Controversy.

"We do not propose to bring the name of Admiral Sampson into this controversy any more than it is possible to do so. This is not a personal controversy. We are not here for the purpose of engaging in any personal controversy between Admiral Sampson or Commodore Schley, or adherents of either; we are not here for the purpose of attacking, without knowing what this case will develop, the actions of Admiral Sampson, but it is absolutely necessary for this case in order to properly investigate this case under the specifications of this precept, to let us prove what Admiral Sampson did; not that we condemn what he did or criticize what he did or censure what he did. We are not here now for the purpose of condemning the fact, if it proves to be a fact, of the New York's leaving on the morning of the battle; we are not here to criticize the blockade that Admiral Sampson had at Santiago, but we are here to establish this, or, under the specifications of your precept memorandums to find out whether the blockade at Santiago was a close or adequate blockade. Now, if we can prove that it was, so far as distances were concerned, the same blockade that the commander-in-chief maintained there, then we can justify the course of Admiral Schley, who was commander-in-chief before Sampson's arrival.

"We propose to prove that on the first day of June the Colon was in precisely the same position inside of the harbor that she was on the 31st

of May, when Admiral Schley made the reconnaissance with the Massachusetts and the New Orleans. Now, we propose to show that when Admiral Sampson came up with the ships his ships saw the Colon in the same position, and instead of attacking it steamed by and permitted her to go further inside the harbor. Now, wouldn't we be justified in not engaging in battle with the Colon and the shore batteries at Santiago if Admiral Sampson took the same course?"

The judge advocate at this point interposed an objection. He said:

"If the court please, I object to this line of argument. It does not make one particle of difference what anyone else did. You might as well try to prove that somebody else committed a murder and say 'he committed it and my man is not to blame.' It is simply a waste of time. It is nowhere in the scope of the precept. It is endeavoring to go beyond the precept. This is not an inquiry between Admiral Sampson and Admiral Schley. It is a question between Admiral Schley and the morale of the service, and these comparisons have absolutely no bearing upon it, either in evidence or argument, and I object to this ingenious attempt to extend the scope of this precept."

Mr. Raynor replied in part:

"This is an important point with us and we are prepared with the authorities to maintain it. I am not doing this ingeniously, but very frankly. Notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of the learned judge advocate to keep Admiral Sampson out of this case, he can't keep him out. I wish to be understood as not saying one word in derogation of Admiral Sampson, nor to censure him, but to show the court that what he did was under the orders of Admiral Sampson, and that he did precisely the same things we did."

After some further parrying Mr. Raynor withdrew the question, saying that Judge Wilson wanted to argue it before the court and did not wish to take it up at this time. Judge Wilson said in part:

To Show Sampson Wasn't There.

"Of course, your honors know we propose to show, and I propose to show beyond all question, that Admiral Sampson, from first to last, was not in this fight at all, and therefore Admiral Schley had thrust upon him the responsibility of this battle, but I am not going to argue it now, so I venture to suggest that when we come to a witness that knows something about these things, and we ask him a question that will develop something in regard to it, if the court then deem proper that will be the best time to argue it, and if it suits the convenience of the court and my friend on the other side and my associates, I prefer to take it up then."

The judge advocate—that is perfectly satisfactory.

Mr. Hanna replied briefly to Mr. Raynor, saying in part:

"It is an impossibility to leave the record in this condition without a word further. The suggestion made is that Admiral Sampson's blockade be taken as a standard, as a model, as a type of perfect blockade, and if Schley's blockade comes up to that standard it is to be accepted as satisfactory. We object to taking any imperfect blockade.

"One further word in regard to the suggestion just made as to the intention to show that Admiral Sampson was not in this battle. I wish to say we do not understand that the question whether Admiral Sampson was or was not in the battle of Santiago is before this court. If it is we shall be happy to investigate it. We are here to find out all the facts, but we do not care to roam around into outside matters, but if that question is led up to in any legitimate way, or if any line which this inquiry institutes will lead to Admiral Sampson and properly and legitimately bring him before this court, we shall offer no objection to the prosecution of such an inquiry."

Value of Diamonds.

As to the value of diamonds, perfectly white stones or decided tints of red, rose, green or blue are most highly prized. Fine cinnamon and salmon or brown, black or yellow stones also are esteemed. If flawless and without tint of any kind, they are termed first water. If they possess a steely blue color, at times almost opalescent, they are called blue white. Such are usually Brazilian stones. Exceptionally perfect stones are termed gems, and for such there is no fixed value, the price depending on the purity and the brilliancy of the stone. The term first water varies in meaning, according to the class of goods carried by the dealer using it.

It is impossible to estimate the value of a diamond by its weight. Color, brilliancy, cut and general perfection of the stone all are to be taken into account. Of two stones, both flawless and weighing ten carats, one may be worth \$600 and the other \$12,000. Exceptional stones often bring special prices. Off color or imperfect stones sell at an average price per carat regardless of size.

First Silver Wedding.

According to a historian, this is the way the first silver wedding came about. It was in the time of Hugues Capet. Two of his most faithful servants, a man and a woman, had grown gray in his employ. How could he reward them?

Calling the woman, he said: "Your service is great, greater than the man's, whose service is great enough, for the woman always finds work harder than a man, and therefore I will give you a reward. At your age I know of none better than a dowry and a husband. The dowry is this. This farm from this time forth belongs to you. If this man who has worked with you for five and twenty years is willing to marry you, then the husband is ready."

"Your majesty," said the old peasant, "how is it possible that we should marry, having already silver hairs?"

"Then it shall be a silver wedding."

And the king gave the couple silver enough to keep them in plenty.

Such was the origin of the silver wedding, a custom which, spreading all through France, subsequently became known to the world.

PUBLIC SALE

BUGGIES, SURRIES, WAGONS and HARNESS

OWING to the necessity of making some improvements in our Warerooms we will offer our entire stock at Public Sale at 10:30 a. m., on

Saturday, October 5th

The patrons of our sale last year will tell you that all goods offered (on which we got two bids) were sold, and this precedent will be strictly lived up to. See Large Bills.

A. TROTTER & SON,

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Where there is a job to be done secure the services of a

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who will do that job successfully. One that will overcome any and all difficulties and use the best material. Don't employ a firm that can't do skillfully everything pertaining to its line. If you desire satisfactory work employ

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The best line of loose coffees for the money at

Edwin Oppelts,

Both Phones 134.

No. 160 Fifth Street.

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In the Thomas F. Starkey, 1st Addition.

Why climb hills when you can buy Lots within three squares of the Diamond, on easy terms.

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Corner Mulberry and Locust

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Up-to-date Carpet Cleaning, latest improved machinery. Will take up, clean and relay carpet at reasonable rates.

EXCURSIONS TO PITTSBURG

Via Penna Lines for the New

Exposition.

Dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburgh will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year account the Exposition are Thursdays, September 18th, 19th, 26th and October 3d, 10th and 17th from Dennison, Ohio, Cadiz, Ohio, Chester, W. Va., Wheeling, W. Va., Washington, Pa., and intermediate ticket stations on the southwest system; and from Massillon, Ohio, Ashtabula, Ohio, Erie, Pa., Stoneboro, Pa., New Philadelphia, Ohio, Powhatan, Ohio, and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest System. The return limit on all tickets will be three days including date of sale.

The Pittsburgh Exposition of 1901 will be one of the new in all departments and excel ones of former years. New attractions will include \$15,000 Toboggan Slide, Children's Eden, Museum and Wonderland, A Day in the Alps, the latest Moving Pictures and Magnificent Electric Display. Everything absolutely new.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. Sousa and his band will appear at the Exposition afternoon and evening until September 18th; Danzsch's New York Symphony Orchestra, September 18th to October 1st; The Famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, October 2d to 12th; East Pool and the New York Philharmonic Orchestra, October 14th to 16th.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agents in territory mentioned.

ADAM HILL,
Ticket Agent,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

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a short time when you will find it necessary to have a Bank Account.

Why postpone any longer? We invite new accounts and shall be glad to extend every facility and convenience possible.

STRIKE LOSS CAUSES

Explained In a Statement by
Shaffer—Terms of Settlement.

ACCUSED SOME OTHER UNIONS

Of Bad Faith—Says Gompers' Neglect
of His Trust Was Fatal to a Favor-
able Ending For His Men—Will Re-
sign if Asked.

Pittsburg, Sept. 24.—President
Shaffer issued the following state-
ment last night:

"Brethren—We have been prevented
by other work such as visits to lodges
and reception of committees from pre-
sents this statement earlier to our
general membership. We shall give a fair
and truthful account of occurrences
leading up to and compelling a settle-
ment of the strike, and we do not to
shield any person, but that the facts
may become known.

"When we had almost completed ar-
rangements with representatives of the
American Tin Plate Company for scale
rates and conditions, at the conference
held at Cleveland, the question of
signing for Monessen was broached, and
it was agreed by both sides that the matter
was to be settled by the steel steel com-
pany. If the Steel Steel Company
signed for all, the American Tin Plate
Company would do likewise. Thus, you
perceive, the scale question was not set-
tled completely with the last-named com-
pany, and could not be until the other
company had settled. The tin plate peo-
ple knew that we had decided to enforce
article 19, section 3, consequently the
charge that we broke out our demands
must rest upon the action of the steel
company.

Were In Good Condition.

"We were in fairly good condition to
win without help, but I did not aid from
other labor bodies, some of which were
pledged, and to the general public, but
especially relied upon the American Fed-
eration of Labor, which body we have
been affiliated ever since its incep-
tion, and toward whose support we have
never failed to contribute. During our
own strike we paid benefits to the
machinists' union, levied by the American
Federation of Labor.

"Our strike, and we were confident
of success until the newspapers de-
liberately and maliciously published state-
ments which were repugnant to lies. Our
people began to doubt and upbraid.
Some who had been officials deserted us,
and afterward, like J. D. Hickey, of Mil-
waukee, accepted the terms of the trust
and scabbed. I heard of no desertions
scab at home went to other places, and
in nearly every mill the trust tried to
ruin many Amalgamated men from strike-
ing mills. We knew our cause would be
lost, but proceeded, feeling sure we could
win if support could be secured for the
faithful strikers.

"The American Federation gave us not
one cent. The flints, the window blow-
ers, the bottle blowers and pottery
workers alone got through the national
lodges. The report that finance aid
came from the national lodge of the mine
workers is absolutely false—we received
nothing. It must be told that the subor-
dinate or local lodges of many organiza-
tions helped. May the A. A. remember
them.

"Freeing that lack of money, loss of
public approval, desertion by hundreds of
our own people and by other organiza-
tions would render it impossible to gain
a decisive victory. We endeavored to do
what we could. I arranged for Mr. Gom-
pers, of the American Federation of La-
bor, to meet Mr. Morgan, who offered a set-
tlement. Mr. Morgan gave up his vaca-
tion, went to New York, waited for Mr.
Gompers, who failed to appear, nor has
he since explained why he neglected his
interests. We were called upon at the
national office by John Mitchell, of the
United Mine Workers, Mr. Easley, of the
Civic Federation, Henry White, of the
Garment Workers, and Prof. Jenks, of
Cornell university.

"These gentlemen inquired carefully
into our strike, and Mr. Mitchell said
that if we would present a proposition,
which he outlined, he would demand ac-
ceptance by the trust, or call out the
militia, and he said that Mr. Sargeant
would call the firemen to strike also.
We sent the proposition to the
members of the executive board,
which voted in favor of the proposition
of which the following is a copy.

"To the Members of the General Execu-
tive Board:

"We, the representatives of the Amalgamated
association, hereby agree that the
scale shall be signed for mills which
have signed for last year, with the un-
derstanding that union prices shall be
paid in the mills now on strike, and that
no striker shall lose his position be-
cause of connection with labor organiza-
tions, nor shall he be prevented from
continuing his membership, if he so de-
sires.

"President Mitchell assures us that if
the proposition should be rejected that
the trust shall be informed that the
United Mine Workers and other labor
organizations will become participants
in the strike. (This was signed by the
general officers.)

"I notified Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Easley,
and on September 4 signed the follow-
ing telegram from New York:

Had Conference With Steel Magnates.

"We have had an extended conference
with Messrs. Schwab, Corey, Preston,
Caham and McMurry, of the United
States Steel Corporation, and presented
our proposition for the settlement of the
present strike. It was rejected. We can,
however, secure settlement on the follow-
ing basis: The signing of the agreement
for all mills which were union last year,
except Old Meadow, Salisbury, Hyde
Park, Crescent Ironworks, and the
bridge, Star and Monessen. There will
be no discrimination against the employ-
ment of anyone by the company by reason
of his connection with the strike, and
no questions will be asked as to the mem-
bership of any man in any union. We
are convinced that these are the best con-
ditions which can be secured as a result
of this strike, that it is the last offer
for an agreement which the company will
entertain, and that we must be in a
position to accept these conditions to-
day or all negotiations will be off. From
the fact demonstrated to us of the present
situation of the strike—that is, the
mills already in operation and several
others which will be in operation within
a day or two—we are strongly of the
opinion that the interest of your trade
and of your organization demands that
these terms be accepted. We unqualified-
ly recommended their approval by you,
and at once.

"Signed, Mitchell, Gompers, Sargeant,
Jenks, White and Easley.

"I have replied with this telegram:
"Get message last night. Have called
executive board, the only authority which
can settle. Can do no more than this.
"T. J. SHAFER."

"You should submit proposition to
your executive board by wire immedi-
ately, and have them answer to you at
Victoria hotel, New York, and would
advise you to be here in morning. Im-
portant.

"MITCHELL, GOMPERS, EASLEY.

"Read carefully. Why should they
want your president to go to New York
and there get an opinion vote of ex-
ecutive board? Secretary Tighe sent this
reply:

"John Mitchell—
"Have no authority. Executive board
meets to-morrow. T. J. SHAFER.

"Mr. Gompers (by phone) said to your
president: 'Mr. Shaffer, I as an indi-
vidual recommend that you take a stand
for the proposition; I have done the same,
and would do so again.'

"We refused to hold future telephonic
intercourse with him and asked for the
coal miners and the railroad men to be
called out. They were willing to come as

thousands assured us, but they have not
been called, and the trust was more sure
that with other organized labor bodies
against us, we must be defeated. Our
people became disheartened. They sent
letters and telegrams, asking the board
to settle. That body gave full power to
the National officers, and the latter re-
quested your president to seek a confer-
ence. He was successful after many
difficulties. The conference was held in
New York, September 14, and the sub-
joined settlement made. We give the
actual substance.

AMERICAN TIN PLATE.

"First—Scale shall be the price agreed
upon at Cleveland and found in scale
book.

"Second—The contract is between the
Amalgamated association and the Amer-
ican Tin Plate Company, the latter be-
ing a distinct and separate company in
itself.

"Third—The company reserves the right
to discharge any employee, who shall, by
interference, abuse or constrain or pre-
vent another from peacefully following
his vocation, without reference to con-
nection with labor organizations.

"Fourth—Non-union mills shall be re-
served, and no attempts made to re-
organize no charters granted; old charters
retained by men if they desire.

"Fifth—Individual agreements shall be
made for mills of improve character
until they are developed, when scales
shall be made to govern them.

"Sixth—Scale signed for these mills: El-
liwood, Ind., Middletown, Ind., Anderson,
Ind., Atlanta, Ind., Lisbon, Cannonsburg,
Ellwood City, Falcon, Joliet, Connellsville,
Johnstown, LaBelle, Laughlin, Gas
City, New Kensington (two mills), New
Castle, (two mills), Muskegon, and Canal
Dover.

"Seventh—Agreed that the company
shall not hold prejudice against the em-
ployees by reason of their membership in
the Amalgamated association.

"Eighth—This agreement is to remain
in force three years from July 1, 1901,
but terminable at 90 days' notice from
either party on or after October 1, 1902.

"Ninth—This last agreement is to be
signed by the tin lodges and answer given
immediately. If you agree to a three-
year scale with 90 days' notification, vote
yes. If you prefer yearly scales, vote no.
Do this at once or the above will become
law by default.

"Note—This agreement is only for the
scale year ending June 30, 1902.

SHEET STEEL COMPANY.

Scale as printed is signed for mills of
last year, but Hyde Park and Canal
Dover.

STEEL HOOP COMPANY.

Scale as printed signed for mills signed
for last year.

Two Questions Before Them.

Brethren—There are two questions be-
fore us. First, how is the Amalgamated
association affected by the settlement? We
lose the scale from seven mills, but
do not lose the men unless they so elect.
The following proposal has been made:
To the men in the mills not signed for.
If you can accept terms offered do so,
and if you retain your charter we guar-
antee and set aside the above. To the
right of representation at the convention.
If you refuse the terms and continue the
strike we shall give you all the support
we can, and yet are otherwise.

As the National, Federal and Tube
Steel Companies had been arranging
local scales, they were left to do so in
this instance, and the above proposal
applies to them.

Second—What shall be our policy? Let
us take care of the men who have fought
well, and yet are suffering. To this end
I hereby levy an assessment of 10 per cent
upon the members of the Amalgamated
association.

Brethren, we ask you to help these
men, who have shown themselves true
blue in times of trouble. We know there
are some who will complain and hesitate,
but you owe this debt to your brothers
and the association.

Your wages have been preserved. Pay
this assessment cheerfully. The trust
has had all the strike it cares for, and
desires no more, but if we are weak it
will not hesitate to try again to destroy
us. If it is true, it will feel for us.
In closing, we desire to say: If you think
your officers are inefficient and incapable,
if there are others who can do
better—us know, and I am sure, we
shall help the organization by getting
out of the way. I, for one, am ready
to make way by resigning, if the members
think it will aid the cause.

Yours fraternally,

THEODORE J. SHAFER.

All but the stove-body and charcoal
furnaces of the W. D. Wood plant
of the American Sheet Steel Company
were started yesterday for the first time
since the strike of the employees in that
plant. The return of the sheet workers
included practically all the former em-
ployees of the mills, only they are not
recognized as union men. With but a
few exceptions the entire force was
assured of work and the American Sheet
Steel Company is expected to run the
plant to its utmost capacity. The W. D.
plant has, since the strike began, been
undergoing extensive repairs, especially
with regard to its machinery.

The officials of the National Steel Com-
pany announced that all the mills of that
corporation started yesterday as planned
last week. The Bellair plant, over
which there was expressed some doubt
during the week, started with a full force
of workmen, most of whom were the
former employees. A telegram from the
plant last night said the men did not
go to arms. The American Tin
Plate Company increased its force of
men in its Lisbon plants.

Some Tin Workers on Strike.

In the meantime the announcement is
made that the tinworkers of the Star and
Monongahela plants of the American Tin
Plate Company are still considered on
strike, and will receive strike benefits as
long as they care to remain out and loyal
to the Amalgamated association. The
cutting off of the strike benefits will be
held until the men check any further
steps toward their wholesale desertion
of the Amalgamated association, as was
planned last week. These men want a
guarantee from the company that they
will receive as much pay under the Mo-
nessen system as under the old system,
and the withdrawal of the demand for
remaining out of the union, before they
will consent to return to work.

Pickets have again been established
about both the Star and Monongahela
plants of the Tin Plate Company, and the
strikers are trying by every means in
their power to prevent non-union men
from going to and coming from the mills.
The strikers are not allowed to approach
the plants.

Officers and committees of Enter-
prise lodge of the Amalgamated asso-
ciation, were notified yesterday that their
services would no longer be required by
the management of the Woods mill, Mc-
Keeseport.

A Dickens Letter.

George Manville Fenn is the pos-
sessor of a sheet of old fashioned blue
wire woven note paper, which had its
habitation for years upon the bill file
of the tradesman to whom it was sent.
It tells its own tale:

"Mr. Charles Dickens is much obliged
to Mr. Claridge for the offer of Lord
Byron's flute. But, as Mr. Dickens
cannot play that instrument himself
and has nobody in his house who can,
he begs to decline the purchase, with
thanks. Devonshire Terrace, twen-
tieth June, 1848."

There is no visible mark of a smile
upon the paper, says Mr. Fenn, but
there seems to be one playing among
the words, and one cannot help think-
ing that when Dickens wrote that he
could not play the flute he must have
recalled a certain flute serenade played
at "Mrs. Todgers' Commercial Board-
ing House," written by him in 1844.—
New York Tribune.

The Finest Cleaner Mado
Cleans marble or oilcloth.

TEXAS ENDANGERED

By the Brooklyn In Battle of
Santiago, a Witness

Testified.
SAMPSON'S NAME CAME UP.

Judge Advocate Lemly Objected.

Raynor Declared It Could Not Be
Kept Out—An Explanation by Law-
yer Hanna.

Washington, Sept. 24.—The part
played by the battleship Texas in the
naval battle of Santiago, July 3, 1898,
in which the Spanish fleet under Ad-
miral Cervera was sunk, was the basis
of Monday's proceedings in the Schley
naval court of inquiry. Of the four
witnesses examined during the day
three had been officers on board the
Texas during the battle, and two of
them were new witnesses. These
were Commander George C. Heilner,
who was navigator on the Texas, and
Commander Alex B. Bates, who was
chief engineer on that battleship. Com-
mander Harber, executive officer,
and the chief surviving officer of the
ship since the death of Captain
Philip, was recalled. The fourth wit-
ness was Commander Seaton Schroeder,
executive officer on the Massachusetts
and now governor of the island of
Guam.

The testimony several times during
the day was somewhat exciting, and
it was especially so when Comm-
ander Heilner described the battle and
the part the Texas had taken in it.
He said that when the Brooklyn made
its loop at the beginning of the bat-
tle it had passed across the Texas' bow
at a distance not to exceed 100
or 150 yards and that at the command
of Captain Philip the Texas had been
brought to a dead stop. Engineer
Bates testified that the starboard en-
gines had been stopped and said he
thought this also had happened to the
port engines. Commander Heilner
expressed the opinion that three
miles had been lost by this manœuvre
and the fact that part of the ma-
chinery was deranged. He said he
considered that the Texas was in
greater danger when the Brooklyn
crossed her bow than at any other
time during the battle.

An Admission by Heilner.

On cross-examination Commander
Heilner admitted having taken part
in the preparation of the official navy
department chart showing the posi-
tions at different times of the ships
which participated in the battle. He
said that according to this chart the
two ships never were nearer than 600
yards of each other. But, he contended,
the chart was inaccurate, and he
said he had only consented to it as a
compromise. Commander Bates ad-
mitted that the official steam log of
the Texas contained no record of the
signal to reverse the engines. Com-
mander Schroeder testified concern-
ing the coal supply of the Massachu-
setts, which, he said, would have been
sufficient for a blockade of from 16
to 20 days.

The day closed with another ani-
mated controversy between counsel
as to the policy of bringing Admiral
Sampson's name into the trial.

During the examination of Heilner,
Raynor at one point asked:
"Did you see the New York on the
day of the battle?"

The reply was:

"Oh, yes, I think she was reported
coming up before the Viscaya went
ashore. She was the last ship."

Here the judge advocate interposed
to ask the purpose of this inquiry.

Mr. Raynor replied that it was "to
show when these ships went there."
"We are going to show," he continued,
"the position of the New York on the
day of the battle." He further said
in part:

"We have the absolute right to
show the situation of the New York
on the day of the battle, and we have
the right to show the connection of
Admiral Sampson in reference to the
battle; we have a right, for instance,
to show that Commodore Schley at
Santiago, maintained the same sort
of blockade that Admiral Sampson
maintained when he got there on the
1st of June. So far as distances are
concerned, I think we have the right
to show—because one of the specifi-
cations of this precedent states—
whether or not a close or adequate
blockade of said harbor to prevent the
escape of the enemy's vessels there-
from was established.

Not a Personal Controversy.

"We do not propose to bring the
name of Admiral Sampson into this
controversy any more than it is pos-
sible to do so. This is not a personal
controversy. We are not here for the
purpose of engaging in any personal
controversy between Admiral Sampson
or Commodore Schley, or ad-
herents of either; we are not here for
the purpose of at present, without
criticizing the actions of Admiral
Sampson, but it is absolutely neces-
sary for this court in order to properly
investigate this case under the specifi-
cations of this precedent, to let us
prove what Admiral Sampson did;
not that we condemn what he did or
criticize what he did or censure what
he did. We are not here now for the
purpose of condemning the fact, if it
proves to be a fact, of the New York's
leaving on the morning of the battle;
we are not here to criticize the blockade
that Admiral Sampson had at
Santiago, but we are here to estab-
lish this, or, under the specifications
of your precedent memorandums to
find out whether the blockade at San-
tiago was a close or adequate block-
ade. Now, if we can prove that it
was, so far as distances were con-
cerned, the same blockade that the
commander-in-chief maintained there,
then we can justify the course of Ad-
miral Schley, who was commander-
in-chief before Sampson's arrival.

"We propose to prove that on the
first day of June the Colon was in
precisely the same position inside of
the harbor that she was on the 21st

of May, when Admiral Schley made
the reconnaissance with the Massa-
chusetts and the New Orleans. Now,
we propose to show that when Ad-
miral Sampson came up with the
ships his ships saw the Colon in the
same position, and instead of attack-
ing it steamed by and permitted her
to go further inside the harbor. Now,
wouldn't we be justified in not engag-
ing in battle with the Colon and the
shore batteries at Santiago if Ad-
miral Sampson took the same course?"

The judge advocate at this point
interposed an objection. He said:

"If the court please, I object to this
line of argument. It does not make
one particle of difference what any-
one else did. You might as well try
to prove that somebody else com-
mitted a murder and say 'he committed
it and my man is not to blame.' It is
simply a waste of time. It is no-
where in the scope of the precept. It
is endeavoring to go beyond the
precept. This is not an inquiry be-
tween Admiral Sampson and Admiral
Schley. It is a question between Ad-
miral Schley and the morale of the
service, and these comparisons have
absolutely no bearing upon it, either
in evidence or argument, and I ob-
ject to this ingenious attempt to ex-
tend the scope of this precept."

Mr. Raynor is an important point with us
and we are prepared with the authori-
ties to maintain it. I am not doing
this ingeniously, but very frankly.
Notwithstanding the strenuous efforts
of the learned judge advocate to keep
Admiral Sampson out of this case,
he can't keep him out. I wish to be
understood as not saying one word in
derogation of Admiral Sampson, nor
to censure him, but to show the court
that what he did was under the orders
of Admiral Sampson, and that he did
precisely the same things we did."

After some further parrying Mr.
Raynor withdrew the question, saying
that Judge Wilson wanted to argue
it before the court and did not wish
to take it up at this time. Judge Wil-
son said in part:

To Show Sampson Wasn't There.

"Of course, your honors know we
propose to show, and I propose to
show beyond all question, that Ad-
miral Sampson, from first to last,
was not in this fight at all, and there-
fore Admiral Schley had thrust upon
him the responsibility of this battle,
but I am not going to argue it now,
so I venture to suggest that when we
come to a witness that knows some-
thing about these things, and we ask
him a question that will develop some-
thing in regard to it, if the court then
deem proper that will be the best
time to argue it, and if it suits the
convenience of the court and my
friend on the other side and my as-
sociates, I prefer to take it up then."

The judge advocate—That is per-
fectly satisfactory.

Mr. Hanna replied briefly to Mr.
Raynor, saying in part:

"It is an impossibility to leave the
record in this condition without a
word further. The suggestion made
is that Admiral Sampson's blockade
be taken as a standard, as a model,
as a type of perfect blockade, and if
Schley's blockade comes up to that
standard it is to be accepted as sat-
isfactory. We object to taking any im-
perfect blockade.

"One further word in regard to the
suggestion just made as to the in-
tention to show that Admiral Sam-
pson was not in this battle. I wish to
say we do not understand that the
question whether Admiral Sampson
was or was not in the battle of San-
tiago is before this court. If it is we
shall be happy to investigate it. We
are here to find out all the facts, but
we do not care to roam around into
outside matters, but if that question
is led up to in any legitimate way, or
if any line which this inquiry insti-
tutes will lead to Admiral Sampson
and properly and legitimately bring
aim before this court, we shall offer
no objection to the prosecution of
such an inquiry."

Value of Diamonds.

As to the value of diamonds, per-
fectly white stones or decided tints of
red, rose, green or blue are most high-
ly prized. Fine cinnamon and salmon
or brown, black or yellow stones
also are esteemed. If flawless and
without tint of any kind, they are
termed first water. If they possess a
steely blue color, at times almost
opaque, they are called blue white.
Such are usually Brazilian stones. Ex-
ceptionally perfect stones are termed
gems, and for such there is no fixed
value, the price depending on the pur-
ity and the brilliancy of the stone. The
term first water varies in meaning, ac-
cording to the class of goods carried by
the dealer using it.

It is impossible to estimate the value
of a diamond by its weight. Color,
brilliance, cut and general perfection
of the stone all are to be taken into
account. Of two stones, both flawless
and weighing ten carats, one may be
worth \$600 and the other \$12,000. Ex-
ceptional stones often bring special
prices. Off color or imperfect stones
sell at an average price per carat re-
gardless of size.

First Silver Wedding.

According to a historian, this is the
way the first silver wedding came
about. It was in the time of Hugues
Caput. Two of his most faithful ser-
vants, a man and a woman, had grown
gray in his employ. How could he re-
ward them?

Calling the woman, he said: "Your
service is great, greater than the man's,
whose service is great enough, for the
woman always finds work harder than
a man, and therefore I will give you a
reward. At your age I know of none
better than a dowry and a husband.
The dowry is here. This farm from
this time forth belongs to you. If this
man who has worked with you for five
and twenty years is willing to marry
you, then the husband is ready."

"Your majesty," said the old peasant,
"how is it possible that we should mar-
ry, having already silver hairs?"

"Then it shall be a silver wedding."

And the king gave the couple silver
enough to keep them in plenty.

Such was the origin of the silver
wedding, a custom which, spreading all
through France, subsequently became
known to the world.

PUBLIC SALE

BUGGIES, SURRIES, WAGONS and HARNESS

OWING to the necessity of making some improvements in our Warerooms we will offer our entire stock at Public Sale at 10:30 a. m., on

Saturday, October 5th

The patrons of our sale last year will tell you that all goods offered (on which we got two bids) were sold, and this precedent will be strictly lived up to. See Large Bills.

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Where there is a job to be done secure the services of a

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who will do that job successfully. One that will overcome any and all difficulties and use the best material. Don't employ a firm that can't do skillfully everything pertaining to its line. If you desire satisfactory work employ

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IT'S ONLY a ? of

a short time when you will find it necessary to have a Bank Account. Why postpone any longer? We invite new accounts and shall be glad to extend every facility and convenience possible.

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Quick service guaranteed.

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The best line of loose coffees for the money at

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Both Phones 134.
No. 160 Fifth Street.

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RESTAURANT AND DINING ROOM
QUICK LUNCH.
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In the Thomas F. Starkey, 1st Addition.

Why climb hills when you can buy Lots within three squares of the Diamond, on easy terms.

Inquire of

THOS. F. STARKEY,

137 Sheridan Ave.

DRS. TAYLOR & ELDER,

Dentists.

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Wucherer's Addition,

Up-to-date Carpet Cleaning, latest improved machinery. Will take up, clean and relay carpet at reasonable rates.

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Via Penna Lines for the New Exposition.

Dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburgh will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year account the Exposition are: Thursdays, September 14th, 16th, 24th and October 3d, 10th and 17th from Dennison, Ohio, Cadiz, Ohio, Chester, W. Va., Wheeling, W. Va., Washington, Pa., and intermediate ticket stations on the southwest system

The News Review

Published Daily Except Sunday by
THE EAST LIVERPOOL PUBLISHING COMPANY
LOUIS H. BRUSH, Manager.

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By mail, one year, \$3.00; six months, \$1.50;
three months, \$1.00; by carrier, \$5.00; ten
cents per week.

The Saturday Review, Weekly, established
1879. By mail, one year, \$1.00 in advance
six months, 50 cents; three months, 25
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Business Office.....No. 122
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CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of the
EVENING NEWS REVIEW September
17, 1901, TWO THOUSAND ONE
HUNDRED (2,100).

The average circulation since the
statement of August 1, 1901, TWO
THOUSAND AND THIRTY-FIVE (2,
035).

A net gain since March 1, 1901, of
ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED
AND TWENTY-THREE (1,223) sub-
scribers.



TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1901.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR STATE OFFICERS:
Governor—GEORGE K. NASH.
Lieutenant Governor—CARL NIPPERT.
Judge of Supreme Court—JAMES L. PRICE.
Attorney General—JOHN M. SHEETS.
Clerk of Supreme Court—LAWSON E. EM-
ERSON.
State Treasurer—ISAAC B. CAMERON.
Member Board of Public Works—W. G.
JOHNSON.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT.
Common Pleas Judge—H. V. HARTER.
State Senator—FRANK B. ARCHER.
State Senator—CHARLES C. CONNELL.
Representative—SAMUEL BUELL.
Representative—D. W. CRIST.
Representative—SAMUEL D. NORAGON.
Auditor—J. F. ADAMS.
Treasurer—W. A. THOMPSON.
Commissioner—EDEN REEDER.
Infirmary Director—G. W. ARMSTRONG.

The unusual number of new build-
ings which are going up all over town,
and especially the costly new struc-
tures that are being erected in the
business center, forcibly suggest the
imperative necessity of legislation by
the city council on the subject of fire
limits. A careful examination of the
codified laws of the city fails to reveal
the existence of a single ordinance re-
lating to the matter. We are still
moving along in the old haphazard
way, with as little law to protect
property from the ravages of fire as
when East Liverpool was a village of
a few hundred inhabitants. The own-
ers of the finest business blocks in
town have no assurance that a ram-
shackle fire trap of the flimsiest wood-
en construction may not be erected
alongside their buildings, constantly
menacing it with destruction. If such
a building project is started there is
no legal method of preventing it be-
ing carried out. Such a state of af-
fairs in a city of nearly 20,000 people
calls loudly for a remedy. Let limits
be established within which it shall
be unlawful to erect any frame build-
ings, and let those limits be wide
enough to meet not only the present
requirements, but the requirements
that will be necessitated in a few
years by the rapid growth of the
town. Then, when a frame building
is torn down, in the heart of the city,
it will be impossible to replace it by
another of the same material, and in
a few years, from natural growth, the
business district will be built up, as
it should be, with structures of some
architectural pretensions, adding not
only to the beauty of the city, but to
the value of all surrounding property.
In connection with this reform, there
should be a system of building inspec-
tion, which will make the erection of
fire-traps impossible. East Liverpool
is now enough of a city to adopt city
ways in this particular. Carefully
framed ordinances, diligently enforced,
covering this subject, are one of the
greatest needs of the city at the pres-
ent time. Already action by council
has been too long delayed. There can
be no good reason advanced for fur-
ther delay.

The ancient habit of hiding money
does not appear to have died out.
Every few days we read of a fire started
in a stove and the consequent de-
struction of a family's savings; of the
disappearance of a box of treasure
securely hidden, and of consequent
lamentation. A pathetic version of the
common tale comes from Benwood,
where a poor Polisher, who had in-
herited about \$1,600, used an old
stocking as a savings bank. His little
son got hold of the stocking, made a
raving of it, and lost it, money and
all. There may be some excuse for
an ignorant foreigner losing money in
this way, but certainly none for intel-

ligent Americans doing so. Although
banks sometimes break, the percent-
age of loss to depositors from this
cause is so small as to be infinitesim-
al when compared with the millions
handed. It is better by far to have
money earning interest than to have
it idle, even supposing the owner had
facilities for caring for it equal to
those who make a business of guard-
ing other people's savings. Besides,
money in a house is a constant invita-
tion to thieves and burglars, and nu-
merous bloody tragedies attest that
the practice of hoarding is danger-
ous as well as worrisome. The old-
stocking habit is one to be discour-
aged. The excuse for it exists no
longer.

London newspapers announce that
firms in that city have contracted for
2,000,000 of American watches, to be
delivered in the next twelve months.
The Londoners will get the best, of
course, and they have learned where
to look for it.

With the windup of the base ball
season, the opening of the foot ball
season and the running of the inter-
national yacht race, those interested
in sporting matters will have plenty
to engage their attention in the next
few days.

Ohio Democrats propose to do all
their campaigning this fall in two
weeks. The period is probably long
enough to more than satisfy those
who will engage in the thankless and
useless task.

Out west they are forming a secret
society for the suppression of an-
archy. Why secret? Open, aggressive
and incessant warfare should be waged
against the hideous monster.

It is better to trust to your own ex-
ortions than to trust to luck. Fortune
is fickle, but the steady, persevering
man can coax her to come his way.

Wellsville is now paying out large
sums for street improvements. It is
money well spent. Wellsville is mak-
ing great and gratifying progress.

Whether it is Indian summer or a
prolongation of the other summer
makes little difference—the season is
delightful.

Reciprocity of trade with the United
States is the next great favor this
nation is likely to grant to Cuba.

A safe and dignified administration
is what the country expects of Roose-
velt, and it will not be disappointed.

Czolgosz's plea of guilty will not be
suffered to mitigate his punishment.

OBITUARY.

James H. McDowell.
Salem, Sept. 24.—The funeral of
James H. McDowell, an old resident,
took place today. He was born in
Pittsburg, but has resided here many
years. A wife and three children sur-
vive.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF PRESIDENT
M'KINLEY, LARGE AND SMALL
SIZE, PRICES 25 CENTS AND UP.
FOR SALE AT SPENCER'S STUDIO,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILD-
ING, ALSO WILSON'S BOOK STORE.
79-1f

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of Those Who Sell It.

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304 Eighth Street.
Bagley's,
153 Second Street.
Bagley's,
285 East Market Street.
Hotel Lakel,
Second Street.
John Peake's,
Market and Second Streets.
Ryan Bros.,
289 East Market Street.
Wilson's,
Fifth Street.
Rose's Cigar Store,
Washington Street.
Gill's Grocery,
Calcutta Road.
Harrison News Stand,
143 Mulberry St., East End.
C. T. McCutcheon,
Drug Store, Southside.
E. J. Driscoll's Confectionary Store,
West Market Street.
Marshall News Stand,
First St., Chester, W. Va.

Buy a News Review Want Postal
Card. On sale at all drug stores and
news stands.

POTTERY NEWS

The employees of the C. C. Thompson
pottery are at present agitating the
move of erecting a monument in this
city to the memory of President Mc-
Kinley. They are all going to donate,
and they are thinking of appointing a
committee to visit the other potteries
and have them donate. They think
they will have no difficulty in raising
the amount, and when it is secured
they would like the monument which is
at present located in the Diamond,
moved to the cemetery so they can
have that location. They say the city
should not refuse to grant the request,
as it would be a credit to the town to
have a monument to the memory of the
late president.

Louis Sanders has resigned his position
as modeler at the Klondike pot-
tery and left yesterday afternoon for
Sebring where he has accepted a simi-
lar one at the Sebring pottery.

Ed Martin has resigned his position
in the packing shed at C. C. Thomp-
son's and has accepted one in the slip
house at Murphy's.

THE CURSE OF GOLD

Well Presented to a Crowded House
at the Grand Last
Evening.

"The Curse of Gold" was the open-
ing bill provided by the Wolford-
Sheridan company last night and a
crowded house witnessed the per-
formance. The play is a good one
and appealed to all. Miss Sheridan
Wolford's roll of Katherine was ably
landed, and in the climaxes she was
superb. The entire company gave ex-
cellent support.

"The Danites" will be given tonight.
It is full of comedy and sensational
situations. On Thursday night will
be a special production of "A Son of
Napoleon," with Miss Wolford as the
young duke. The costumes worn in
this play are worth \$5,000.

A BIG AUDIENCE

Was at the Y. M. C. A. Hall to Hear
Beardsley's Opening
Lecture.

Prof. Beardsley's first illustrated
lecture and entertainment at the Y. M.
C. A. hall last evening was well at-
tended. Nearly every seat was occu-
pied and everybody seemed to be
pleased. It was interesting, entertain-
ing and instructive.

The doctor announced that tonight
the subject would be Food and Digest-
ion," showing how we are nourished
by the food we eat, and that he would
cook a meal on the platform, in full
view of the audience, and at the close
all present will be invited to partake.
There will be no admission fee for
adults. A collection will be taken at
the close.

Points on a Lobster.

A lobster is found in the water, but
not always—in fact, some of the most
successful lobsters that ever lobstered
were born and raised on dry land.

One can usually tell a lobster by its
actions. For instance, if a young man
enters a crowded drawing room and
walks all over the feet of the assem-
bled guests without their consent or
approval the young man at once be-
comes a lobster.

The fathers of lobsters usually have
money. In fact, it is difficult to be a
real stand up and fall down lobster
unless the lobster's father has money.

It is an odd fact that many girls
seem to admire lobsters. It would
seem that a girl ought to know better,
but she doesn't until she marries a
lobster. Then she tumbles.

Lobsters have no brains. If you
don't believe it, split a lobster's head
open with an ax if you don't care any-
thing about the ax.

This world would be a much more
desirable abiding place if there were
no lobsters in it.—Ohio State Journal.

An Effort to Speak.

Dogs in a native or wild state never
bark. They simply whine, howl and
growl. The noise which we call bark-
ing is found only among those that are
domesticated. Columbus found that to
be the case with the dogs he first
brought to America and left at large,
for on his return he tells us that they
had lost their propensity to bark. Sci-
entific men say that barking is really
an effort on the part of the dog to
speak.

He Knew.

She—How beautifully Miss Heavy-
weight dances! She doesn't seem to
touch the floor sometimes!

He (whose feet are still suffering
from the last polka with her)—She
doesn't!—Punch.

His Record as an Abstinence.

She—Are you a total abstainer, Col-
onel Blue Grass?

He—Yes, ma'am. I haven't touched
water for 40 years.—Chicago News.

Remorse.

Law Notes tells of a trial in which
the following remorseful letter appear-
ed in evidence:

Mr. Bidwell:
Dear Sir—This is what I never expect to
come to. But it is trouble, and no one to help me out.
So I want you to have this young woman buried.
But iced, let me lay top of ground, for the Tur-
key Buzzards to eat; for I have did wrong.
JOSEPH BRADLEY.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

Miss Ida Conkle left yesterday for a
visit at Buffalo.

Sherman Reed and W. Skiles left
yesterday afternoon for Buffalo.

Frank Crawford has returned to his
home at Sebring after a visit in this
city.

Miss Mamie Fleisher has returned to
her home at Salineville after a visit in
this city.

George Hamilton, of Fifth street, is
in Pittsburg this week attending the
exposition.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Myers have re-
turned to their home in Kensington
after a visit with their son, Louis,
West End.

Mrs. A. S. Thompson and son, R.
F. Thompson, left last night for Cher-
ryville, Kan., where they will visit
for several weeks.

Mrs. E. Kelley and Charles Wolf re-
turned to their home at Ft. Wayne,
Ind., after a visit with their sister, Mrs.
J. W. Waggoner. They were accom-
panied by Mrs. Waggoner, who will
visit at Ft. Wayne for two weeks.

SCRAPS OF SCIENCE.

A scientist who has made a study of
the planet declares that there is snow
on the moon.

There are 28 pounds of blood in the
body of an average grown up person,
and at each pulsation the heart moves
10 pounds.

While cyclones and tornadoes are dif-
ferent phenomena, the former appear
to give rise to the latter. Tornadoes
almost always break out, if at all, on
the southeasterly outskirts of a cyclone.

A period of 5 seconds between a flash
of lightning and thunder means that
the flash is a mile distant from the ob-
server. Thunder has never been heard
over 15 miles from the flash, though
artillery has been heard 120 miles.

Sir Robert Ball asserted that every
100 years the sun loses 5 miles of its
diameter. To allay anxiety, however,
he mentioned that the diameter of the
sun is 860,000 miles and that 40,000
years hence the diameter would still
be 858,000 miles.

When a Man Can See 200 Miles.

About 200 miles in every direction is
the distance a man can see when stand-
ing, on a clear day, on the peak of the
highest mountain—say, at a height of
23,668 feet, or a little over five miles
above the level of the sea. An observer
must be at a height of 6,667 feet above
sea level to see objects at a distance of
100 miles. The distance in miles at
which an object upon the surface of
the earth is visible is equal to the
square root of one and a half times the
height of the observer in feet above the
sea level.

Some allowance has to be made for
the effect of atmospheric refraction,
but as the refraction varies at differ-
ent heights and is affected by the vari-
ous states of the weather no precisely
accurate figures for general purposes
can be given. Probably one-fourteenth
to one-tenth of the distance given by
the formula would have to be deducted,
owing to the refraction of the atmos-
phere.

Tempting Fate.

"No, thanks," said the sad faced man
when he was asked to join a convivial
party. "The fact is, I don't drink.
Found I couldn't afford it, so I swore
off. A number of years ago I lived in
the west. I was doing well, and I had
a bank account that I was proud of.
Seeing a chance to double my money, I
decided to draw it out. The day was a
warm one, and, becoming thirsty, I
stopped to take a glass of something
cool. I didn't waste more than five
minutes and was soon in line at the
paying teller's window. The party
ahead of me received his money, and I
was showing my check through the
window when the teller pulled it down
and announced that the bank has sus-
pended payment. I believe that the
receiver declared a dividend a year or
so later, but the amount was so small
that I never bothered to collect mine.
It was a pretty expensive drink for
me."

"Do I understand, sah," said a Ken-
tuckian who was present, "that you
took that drink alone?"
"Certainly."
"It was the judgment of heaven,
sah," remarked the Kentuckian sol-
emnly.—Detroit Free Press.

What to Drink

—At—

ANSLEY'S SODA FOUNTAIN

If you want to know what to drink,
select from the following:

REFRESHING AND THIRST
QUENCHING PROS-
PHATES, 5c.

Claret, Lemon, Wild Cherry
Orange, Grape, Cherry

SWEET AND DELICIOUS FRUIT
JUICES, SERVED WITH
ICE CREAM, 10c.

Strawberry, Orange, Raspberry
Lemon, Pineapple, Sherbet

Nectar, Sarsaparilla, Chocolate

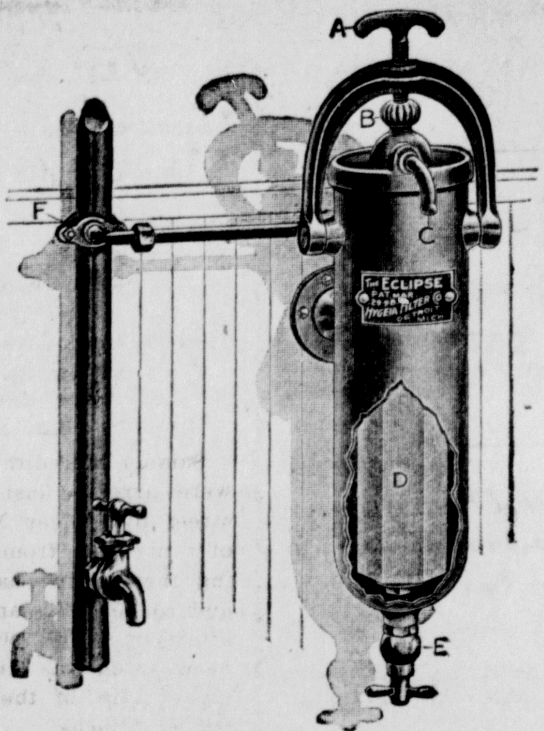
Nutritious Egg, Egg Phosphate, Ice
Fancy and Extra Drinks

Egg Lemonade, 10c, Coco Cola
Root Beer, Pineapple Mint

CRUSHED FRUITS WITH ICE
CREAM, 10c

Peach, Strawberry, Pineapple

BERT ANSLEY'S PHARMACY



Filters

Water Filters at al-
most any price. We
can furnish you with
Filters large enough to
supply your entire house with filtered water at rea-
sonable cost. See us about it.

The Milligan Hardware & Supply Co.,

Fifth Street, East Liverpool, O.

Edged Tools

Hatchets, Chisels, Gauges, Draw
Knives—the Famous Buck Bros.
Brand, Warranted at

Adams The Hardware Man.

Can Draw Checks

We open checking accounts for firms and
individuals. We supply them with check
books, so that they can draw against their
deposits in favor of other persons. Depos-
itors are thus enabled to pay bills or with-
draw money without coming to the bank.

The Potters National Bank.

Chas. F. Craig

Druggist

Cor. Market and 5th St.

Our prices are low
for the quality we
give you.

Henry Werner

The Tailor

Fall Suits and Overcoats.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Cor. East Market and Broadway.

BURNS & McQUILKIN,
LIVERY AND
UNDERTAKING.

262 West Market Street.
Both Phones 10

ICE

ICE

ICE

Have the best, let
us serve you with

Union Manufactured Ice.

Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.

STRIPES

In Wall Paper

We have the up-to-
date selections in all
grades. See before
you buy Wall Pa-
per.

KINSEY'S Wall Paper Store.

STRIPES

Do You Eat This Warm Weather?

If so, get your

Fresh Meats

at
W. H. NAGEL'S,

255 W. Market Street. Every-
thing fresh and the best. Tel-
ephone 592.

The News Review

Published Daily Except Sunday by
THE EAST LIVERPOOL PUBLISHING COMPANY

LOUIS H. BRUSH, Manager.
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cents per week.
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CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of the
EVENING NEWS REVIEW September
17, 1901, TWO THOUSAND ONE
HUNDRED (2,100).

The average circulation since the
statement of August 1, 1901, TWO
THOUSAND AND THIRTY-FIVE (2,035).

A net gain since March 1, 1901, of
ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED
AND TWENTY-THREE (1,223) sub-
scribers.



TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1901.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR STATE OFFICERS:
Governor—GEORGE K. NASH.
Lieutenant Governor—CARL NIPPERT.
Judge of Supreme Court—JAMES L. PRICE.
Attorney General—JOHN M. SHEETS.
Clerk of Supreme Court—LAWSON E. EM-
ERSON.
State Treasurer—ISAAC B. CAMERON.
Member Board of Public Works—W. G.
JOHNSON.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT.
Common Pleas Judge—H. V. HARTER.
State Senator—FRANK B. ARCHER.
State Senator—CHARLES C. CONNELL.
Representative—SAMUEL BUELL.
Representative—D. W. CRIST.
Sheriff—SAMUEL D. NORAGON.
Auditor—J. F. ADAMS.
Treasurer—W. A. THOMPSON.
Commissioner—EDEN REDER.
Infirmary Director—G. W. ARMSTRONG.

The unusual number of new build-
ings which are going up all over town,
and especially the costly new struc-
tures that are being erected in the
business center, forcibly suggest the
imperative necessity of legislation by
the city council on the subject of fire
limits. A careful examination of the
codified laws of the city fails to reveal
the existence of a single ordinance re-
lating to the matter. We are still
moving along in the old haphazard
way, with as little law to protect
property from the ravages of fire as
when East Liverpool was a village of
a few hundred inhabitants. The own-
ers of the finest business blocks in
town have no assurance that a ram-
shackle fire trap of the flimsiest wood-
en construction may not be erected
alongside their buildings, constantly
menacing it with destruction. If such
a building project is started there is
no legal method of preventing it be-
ing carried out. Such a state of af-
fairs in a city of nearly 20,000 people
calls loudly for a remedy. Let limits
be established within which it shall
be unlawful to erect any frame build-
ings, and let those limits be wide
enough to meet not only the present
requirements, but the requirements
that will be necessitated in a few
years by the rapid growth of the
town. Then, when a frame building
is torn down, in the heart of the city,
it will be impossible to replace it by
another of the same material, and in
a few years, from natural growth, the
business district will be built up, as
it should be, with structures of some
architectural pretensions, adding not
only to the beauty of the city, but to
the value of all surrounding property.
In connection with this reform, there
should be a system of building inspec-
tion, which will make the erection of
fire-traps impossible. East Liverpool
is now enough of a city to adopt city
ways in this particular. Carefully
framed ordinances, diligently enforced,
covering this subject, are one of the
greatest needs of the city at the pres-
ent time. Already action by council
has been too long delayed. There can
be no good reason advanced for fur-
ther delay.

The ancient habit of hiding money
does not appear to have died out,
either in city or country districts. Ev-
ery few days we read of a fire started
in a stove and the consequent de-
struction of a family's savings; of the
disappearance of a box of treasure
securely hidden, and of consequent
lamentation. A pathetic version of the
common tale comes from Benwood,
where a poor Polisher, who had in-
herited about \$1,600, used an old
stocking as a savings bank. His little
son got hold of the stocking, made a
p'anything of it, and lost it, money and
all. There may be some excuse for
an ignorant foreigner losing money in
this way, but certainly none for intel-

ligent Americans doing so. Although
banks sometimes break, the percent-
age of loss to depositors from this
cause is so small as to be infinitesi-
mal when compared with the millions
handed. It is better by far to have
money earning interest than to have
it idle, even supposing the owner had
facilities for caring for it equal to
those who make a business of guard-
ing other people's savings. Besides,
money in a house is a constant invita-
tion to thieves and burglars, and nu-
merous bloody tragedies attest that
the practice of hoarding is danger-
ous as well as worrisome. The old-
stocking habit is one to be discour-
aged. The excuse for it exists no
longer.

London newspapers announce that
firms in that city have contracted for
2,000,000 of American watches, to be
delivered in the next twelve months.
The Londoners will get the best, of
course, and they have learned where
to look for it.

With the windup of the base ball
season, the opening of the foot ball
season and the running of the inter-
national yacht race, those interested
in sporting matters will have plenty
to engage their attention in the next
few days.

Ohio Democrats propose to do all
their campaigning this fall in two
weeks. The period is probably long
enough to more than satisfy those
who will engage in the thankless and
useless task.

Out west they are forming a secret
society for the suppression of an-
archy. Why secret? Open, aggressive
and incessant warfare should be waged
against the hideous monster.

It is better to trust to your own ex-
ertions than to trust to luck. Fortune
is fickle, but the steady, persevering
man can coax her to come his way.

Wellsville is now paying out large
sums for street improvements. It is
money well spent. Wellsville is mak-
ing great and gratifying progress.

Whether it is Indian summer or a
prolongation of the other summer
makes little difference—the season is
delightful.

Reciprocity of trade with the United
States is the next great favor this
nation is likely to grant to Cuba.

A safe and dignified administration
is what the country expects of Roose-
velt, and it will not be disappointed.

Czolgosz's plea of guilty will not be
suffered to mitigate his punishment.

OBITUARY.

James H. McDowell.

Salem, Sept. 24.—The funeral of
James H. McDowell, an old resident,
took place today. He was born in
Pittsburg, but has resided here many
years. A wife and three children sur-
vive.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF PRESIDENT
M'KINLEY, LARGE AND SMALL
SIZE, PRICES 25 CENTS AND UP.
FOR SALE AT SPENCER'S STUDIO,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILD-
ING, ALSO WILSON'S BOOK STORE.

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SIZE, PRICES 25 CENTS AND UP.
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FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILD-
ING, ALSO WILSON'S BOOK STORE.

TO GET ALL THE NEWS

Buy the Evening News Review—List
of Those Who Sell It.

Job R. Manley's,
Cor. Sixth and Franklin Streets

Pierce & Cartwright's,
276 Eighth Street.

John H. Peake's,
304 Eighth Street.

Bagley's,
153 Second Street.

Bagley's,
285 East Market Street.

Hotel Lakel,
Second Street.

John Peake's,
Market and Second Streets.

Ryan Bros.,
289 East Market Street.

Wilson's,
Fifth Street.

Rose's Cigar Store,
Washington Street.

Gill's Grocery,
Calcutta Road.

Harrison News Stand,
143 Mulberry St., East End.

C. T. McCutcheon,
Drug Store, Southside.

E. J. Driscoll's Confectionary Store,
West Market Street.

Marshall News Stand,
First St., Chester, W. Va.

Buy a News Review Want Postal
Card. On sale at all drug stores and
news stands.

POTTERY NEWS

The employees of the C. C. Thompson
pottery are at present agitating the
move of erecting a monument in this
city to the memory of President Mc-
Kinley. They are all going to donate,
and they are thinking of appointing a
committee to visit the other potteries
and have them donate. They think
they will have no difficulty in raising
the amount, and when it is secured
they would like the monument which is
at present located in the Diamond
moved to the cemetery so they can
have that location. They say the city
should not refuse to grant the request,
as it would be a credit to the town to
have a monument to the memory of the
late president.

Louis Sanders has resigned his posi-
tion as modeler at the Klondike pot-
tery and left yesterday afternoon for
Sebring where he has accepted a sim-
ilar one at the Sebring pottery.

Ed Martin has resigned his position
in the packing shed at C. C. Thomp-
son's and has accepted one in the slip
house at Murphy's.

THE CURSE OF GOLD

Well Presented to a Crowded House
at the Grand Last
Evening.

"The Curse of Gold" was the open-
ing bill provided by the Wolford-
Sheridan company last night and a
crowded house witnessed the per-
formance. The play is a good one
and appealed to all. Miss Sheridan
Wolford's roll of Katherine was ably
landed, and in the climaxes she was
superb. The entire company gave ex-
cellent support.

"The Danites" will be given tonight.
It is full of comedy and sensational
situations. On Thursday night will
be a special production of "A Son of
Napoleon," with Miss Wolford as the
young duke. The costumes worn in
this play are worth \$5,000.

A BIG AUDIENCE

Was at the Y. M. C. A. Hall to Hear
Beardsley's Opening
Lecture.

Prof. Beardsley's first illustrated lec-
ture and entertainment at the Y. M.
C. A. hall last evening was well at-
tended. Nearly every seat was occu-
pied and everybody seemed to be
pleased. It was interesting, entertain-
ing and instructive.

The doctor announced that tonight
the subject would be Food and Digest-
ion," showing how we are nourished
by the food we eat, and that he would
cook a meal on the platform, in full
view of the audience, and at the close
all present will be invited to partake.
There will be no admission fee for
adults. A collection will be taken at
the close.

Points on a Lobster.

A lobster is found in the water, but
not always—in fact, some of the most
successful lobsters that ever lobstered
were born and raised on dry land.

One can usually tell a lobster by its
actions. For instance, if a young man
enters a crowded drawing room and
walks all over the feet of the assem-
bled guests without their consent or
approval the young man at once be-
comes a lobster.

The fathers of lobsters usually have
money. In fact, it is difficult to be a
real stand up and fall down lobster
unless the lobster's father has money.

It is an odd fact that many girls
seem to admire lobsters. It would
seem that a girl ought to know better,
but she doesn't until she marries a
lobster. Then she tumbles.

Lobsters have no brains. If you
don't believe it, split a lobster's head
open with an ax if you don't care any-
thing about the ax.

This world would be a much more
desirable abiding place if there were
no lobsters in it.—Ohio State Journal.

An Effort to Speak.

Dogs in a native or wild state never
bark. They simply whine, howl and
growl. The noise which we call bark-
ing is found only among those that are
domesticated. Columbus found that to
be the case with the dogs he first
brought to America and left at large,
for on his return he tells us that they
had lost their propensity to bark. Sci-
entific men say that barking is really
an effort on the part of the dog to
speak.

He Knew.

She—How beautifully Miss Heavy-
weight dances! She doesn't seem to
touch the floor sometimes!

He (whose feet are still suffering
from the last polka with her)—She
doesn't!—Punch.

His Record as an Abstainer.

She—Are you a total abstainer, Col-
onel Blue Grass?

He—Yes, ma'am. I hain't touched
water for 40 years.—Chicago News.

Remorse.

Law Notes tells of a trial in which
the following remorseful letter appear-
ed in evidence:

Mr. Bidwell:
Dear Sir—This is what I never expect to come
to. But it is trouble, and no one to help me out.
So I want you to have this young woman buried.
But use, let me lay top of ground, for the Tur-
key Burial to eat; for I have did wrong.
JOSEPH BRADLEY.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

Miss Ida Conkle left yesterday for a
visit at Buffalo.

Sherman Reed and W. Skiles left
yesterday afternoon for Buffalo.

Frank Crawford has returned to his
home at Sebring after a visit in this
city.

Miss Mamie Fleisher has returned to
her home at Salineville after a visit in
this city.

George Hamilton, of Fifth street, is
in Pittsburg this week attending the
exposition.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Myers have re-
turned to their home in Kensington
after a visit with their son, Louis,
West End.

Mrs. A. S. Thompson and son, R.
F. Thompson, left last night for Cher-
rysville, Kan., where they will visit
for several weeks.

Mrs. E. Kelley and Charles Wolf re-
turned to their home at Ft. Wayne,
Ind., after a visit with their sister, Mrs.
J. W. Waggoner. They were accom-
panied by Mrs. Waggoner, who will
visit at Ft. Wayne for two weeks.

SCRAPS OF SCIENCE.

A scientist who has made a study of
the planet declares that there is snow
on the moon.

There are 28 pounds of blood in the
body of an average grown up person,
and at each pulsation the heart moves
10 pounds.

While cyclones and tornadoes are dif-
ferent phenomena, the former appear
to give rise to the latter. Tornadoes
almost always break out, if at all, on
the southeasterly outskirts of a cyclone.

A period of 5 seconds between a flash
of lightning and thunder means that
the flash is a mile distant from the ob-
server. Thunder has never been heard
over 15 miles from the flash, though
artillery has been heard 120 miles.

Sir Robert Ball asserted that every
100 years the sun loses 5 miles of its
diameter. To allay anxiety, however,
he mentioned that the diameter of the
sun is 860,000 miles and that 40,000
years hence the diameter would still
be 858,000 miles.

When a Man Can See 200 Miles.

About 200 miles in every direction is
the distance a man can see when stand-
ing, on a clear day, on the peak of the
highest mountain—say, at a height of
26,668 feet, or a little over five miles
above the level of the sea. An observer
must be at a height of 6,667 feet above
sea level to see objects at a distance of
100 miles. The distance in miles at
which an object upon the surface of
the earth is visible is equal to the
square root of one and a half times the
height of the observer in feet above the
sea level.

Some allowance has to be made for
the effect of atmospheric refraction,
but as the refraction varies at differ-
ent heights and is affected by the vari-
ous states of the weather no precisely
accurate figures for general purposes
can be given. Probably one-fourteenth
to one-tenth of the distance given by
the formula would have to be deducted,
owing to the refraction of the atmos-
phere.

Tempting Fate.

"No, thanks," said the sad faced man
when he was asked to join a convivial
party. "The fact is, I don't drink.
I found I couldn't afford it, so I swore
off. A number of years ago I lived in
the west. I was doing well, and I had
a bank account that I was proud of.
Seeing a chance to double my money, I
decided to draw it out. The day was a
warm one, and, becoming thirsty, I
stopped to take a glass of something
cool. I didn't waste more than five
minutes and was soon in line at the
paying teller's window. The party
ahead of me received his money, and I
was shoving my check through the
window when the teller pulled it down
and announced that the bank has sus-
pended payment. I believe that the
receiver declared a dividend a year or
so later, but the amount was so small
that I never bothered to collect mine.
It was a pretty expensive drink for
me."

"Do I understand, sah," said a Ken-
tuckian who was present, "that you
took that drink alone?"

"Certainly."
"It was the judgment of heaven,
sah," remarked the Kentuckian sol-
emnly.—Detroit Free Press.

What to Drink

—At—

ANSLEY'S SODA FOUNTAIN

If you want to know what to drink,
select from the following:

REFRESHING AND THIRST
QUENCHING PHOS-
PHATES, &c.

Claret Lemon Wild Cherry
Orange Grape Cherry

SWEET AND DELICIOUS FRUIT
JUICES, SERVED WITH
ICE CREAM, &c.

Strawberry Orange Raspberry
Lemon Pineapple Sherbet

Sector Sarsaparilla Chocolate

Nutritious Egg Egg Phosphate, &c.
Fancy and Extra Drinks

Egg Lemonade, &c. Coco Cola
Root Beer Pineapple Mint

CRUSHED FRUITS WITH ICE
CREAM, &c.

Peach Strawberry Pineapple

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ICE
ICE
ICE

Have the best, let
us serve you with
Union Manufactured Ice.
Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.

Amusements.



Week of September 23

DANCING

Every evening this week.

ROCERETO'S ORCHESTRA

CONCERT

Sunday, September 29, 1901.

Rocereto's

Nine-Piece

Orchestra.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

JAS. A. NORRIS, Manager.

WOLFRED SHERIDAN COMPANY

Commencing Mon. Sept. 23.

Monday....."The Curse of God"
Tuesday....."The Danites"
Wednesday....."A Rough Rider's Romance"

A carload of Scenery and Electrical Effects.

An array of Handsome Men and Women.

Night prices—10c, 20c, 30c
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, 10c and 20c.

Y. M. C. A. HALL

To Night!

Beardsley's

Illustrated Lectures and Entertainments.

Change of Program Every Night.

There will be no admission fee charged for adults tonight. A collection will be taken at the close.

National Unitarian Conference.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 24.—The national conference of Unitarian and other Christian churches of the United States, Senator George F. Hoar, of Worcester, Mass., presiding, began its nineteenth annual meeting. The executive session of the conference council was held Monday afternoon and the opening sermon last evening was delivered by the Rev. Charles E. St. John, of Boston.

THE MARKETS

Pittsburg, Sept. 23.
WHEAT—No. 2 red, 60¢/bushel; No. 2 yellow, 59¢/bushel; No. 2 yellow ear, 60¢/bushel.
OATS—No. 2 white, 40¢/bushel; extra No. 3 white, 39¢/bushel; regular No. 3, 38¢/bushel.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$14.50/ton; No. 2, \$12.50/ton; No. 1 mixed hay, \$11.00/ton; hay, \$10.50/ton.
BUTTER—Elgin creamery, prints, 23¢/lb; do tubs, 22¢/lb; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 20¢/lb; dairy butter, 15¢/lb; fresh country roll, 13¢/lb; cooking butter, 10¢/lb.
CHEESE—New York full cream, 11¢/lb; Ohio, 10¢/lb; three-fourths cream, Ohio, 9¢/lb; Wisconsin Swiss, 13¢/lb; 20 pound blocks, Swiss, new, 14¢/lb; 5-pound brick cheese, 13¢/lb; Limburger, new, 12¢/lb.
EGGS—Fresh, candled, dozen, 18¢/dozen; at mark, 16¢/dozen.
POULTRY—Chickens, live, hens, per lb, 10¢/lb; springers, 10¢/lb; roosters, 5¢/lb; turkeys, per lb, 7¢/lb; do dressed, 13¢/lb; hens, dressed, per lb, 13¢/lb; fresh spring broilers, dressed, per lb, 14¢/lb; geese, live, 75¢/dozen; pair, 14¢/lb; spring, 10¢; dressed, 15¢/dozen.
CATTLE—Receipts light; 105 cars on sale; market active and prices strong. We quote: Choice, \$5.75/600; prime, \$5.50/600; good, \$5.25/600; fair, \$5.00/600; heifers, \$2.00/425; oxen, \$2.50/400; fat cows, \$1.50/425; bulls and stags, \$2.00/400; common to fresh cows, \$2.00/350; good fresh cows, \$2.50/400.
HOGS—Receipts light; 40 double-decks on sale; demand good and prices 10 to 20 cents higher on all grades. We quote: Prime heavy hogs, \$5.50/600; best medium, \$5.25/600; best heavy Yorkers, \$7.40/600; light Yorkers, \$7.00/600; pigs, \$6.50/600; roughs, \$5.50/600; grassers, \$6.75/600.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair; 25 loads on sale; market steady. We quote: Best wethers, \$3.50/600; good, \$3.00/600; mixed, \$3.00/600; ewes and common, \$1.50/600; light Yorkers, \$7.00/600; spring lambs, \$3.00/600; real calves, \$7.00/600; heavy and thin, \$4.00/600.

WELLSVILLE

ROBBERY CHARGED

AGAINST TWO MEN ARRESTED AT WELLSVILLE.

They Are Accused of Breaking into a Salineville Saloon and Stealing \$160.

Samuel Meredith and John Green were arrested last evening on Third street by Officer Madden on receipt of a message from Salineville, charging them with having broken into and robbed Weyland's saloon Sunday afternoon. The sum alleged to have been stolen was \$160. Officer Madden turned one of the prisoners over to Officer Thorne.

Marshal Higgins came here this morning and took the prisoners. He thinks they are the right men.

Verdict For Plaintiff.

The case of William Nicholson versus Harry Snyder and Cyrus Snyder for the recovery of \$17.70, due on account, pending in Squire Riley's court, came on for hearing yesterday afternoon before a jury, duly summoned in the case. After hearing the evidence of all the witnesses, the jury retired, and after some deliberation returned a verdict for the plaintiff, Mr. Nicholson, for the full amount sued for with costs.

To Wed Tomorrow Night.

Charles Secrist and Miss Tindle Chettle will be married tomorrow evening at the home of the bride's father, Clement Chettle, at Inverness. Rev. Mr. Taregay, of the M. P. church, will perform the ceremony. A reception will be given on Thursday night at the home of the groom in Wellsville. Mr. Secrist is boss packer at the McNicol pottery. The couple will reside at Main and Fifth street.

Church Social.

The Lady Helpers of the Church of the Ascension will give a social at the Hotel Metropole Friday evening. During the evening a literary and musical program will be presented. Refreshments will be served. The public is invited to come and spend a delightful evening.

Agent Wooley's Vacation.

John Wooley, Cleveland and Pittsburg passenger agent in this city, is off on a vacation. He has not fully determined yet, but it is probable he will take in Buffalo and other cities. During his absence his position is being filled by E. M. Presley, of Steubenville.

Fixing the Grade.

Civil engineers are at work this morning fixing the grade for the street railway track on Liverpool street, which is to be raised above the bridge.

A New Business Building.

L. Hiner broke ground yesterday for a new business block next to his grocery on Eighteenth street, to contain a store room and residence.

Iron Fell on His Foot.

W. H. Sheekler is suffering from a badly mashed foot, the result of falling iron weighing a ton, the edge of which only struck his toes.

MINOR NEWS OF WELLSVILLE.

Mrs. Russell went to Pittsburg. Miss David is visiting friends at Alliance this week.

Mrs. McGill and daughter, Miss Teresa, have returned from Buffalo. Mrs. Belle Wheeler, Wellsburg, is visiting friends and relatives in the city.

Mrs. Mary Wells and Mrs. W. R. Lawson visited friends at Port Homer yesterday. John Paten and son Edward, are taking in the Pan-American at Buffalo this week.

Mr. Brennenman, a New York dealer in hides and furs, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. J. Harbort and daughter, Miss Mary, of Fourteenth streets, are visiting at Empire.

Mrs. James Jacobs, after a two weeks' visit at Pomeroy, is expected home tomorrow.

Little Alta Brown, infant daughter of James Brown, Second street, is ill with scarlet rash.

William Birdfield, of Henderson, W. Va., arrived in the city today and will make his home on Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Adams and daughter, left on a visit to Buffalo, New York City and Philadelphia, to be gone two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Kennedy, First street, who have been visiting friends in the East End, East Liverpool, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Butler, Nevada street, and Mr. and Mrs. Dawson, West End, left for Buffalo and the Pan-American today.

Mrs. S. V. Shoub is suffering from a severe cold which accounts for Miss

Ora Shoub not being at her desk yesterday.

Mrs. Lyda Alexander has returned from a summer's visit at Meadville, Pa., and is at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Eckfeld, on Fourteenth street.

The plasterers are at work on the business house of S. G. Kountz, near the public square, which is now almost completed. A part of the building will be used for offices.

Earl Frank, formerly in business in East Liverpool, arrived in the city yesterday from his old home at Wellsburg, and will remain a few days with friends, after which he will go to Pittsburg, where he expects to locate.

Miss Alice Birchfield and Garnet Kennedy, Second street, will leave on the Greenwood Friday for Pt. Pleasant, W. Va., where the former will visit relatives for two weeks and the latter will remain the coming winter.

THE PROLIFIC FLY.

To Lessen the Pest All Organic Refuse Should Be Buried.

Flies multiply at a prodigious rate. Given a temperature sufficiently high to hatch eggs, their numbers are only limited by the amount of food available for them. Linnæus is credited with saying that three meat flies, by reason of their rapid multiplication, would consume a dead horse quicker than would a lion, and the fact that certain diptera having some outward semblance to the honeybee lay their eggs in the dead carcasses of animals probably led Samson and Virgil to make erroneous statements with regard to the genesis of honey and the manufacture of bees. The breeding of "gentles" for ground bait is an industry the practices of which could probably give much information as to the nicety of choice exercised by flies in selecting material for feeding and egg laying. According to Packard, the house fly makes selection of horse dung by preference for ovipositing, and as each female lays about 120 eggs and the cycle of changes from egg to fly is completed in less than three weeks it seems probable that a female fly might have some 25,000,000 descendants in the course of a hot summer. Other varieties of flies multiply, I believe, still more rapidly.

As flies multiply upon and in organic refuse of every kind, it is obvious that the sooner such refuse is placed where it cannot serve for the breeding and hatching of flies the more likely is the plague of flies to be lessened. The most commonly available method for the bestowal of organic refuse is burial. The egg laying of flies in dead carcasses commences at the very instant of death or even before death in the case of enfeebled animals.—Lancet.

MISTAKES TO AVOID.

An English paper gives what it terms "thirteen mistakes of life."

It is a great mistake to set up our own standard of right and wrong and judge people accordingly.

To measure the enjoyment of other by our own.

To expect uniformity of opinion in this world.

To look for judgment and experience in youth.

To endeavor to mold all dispositions alike.

To look for perfection in our own actions.

To worry ourselves and others with what cannot be remedied.

Not to yield in immaterial matters.

Not to alleviate all that needs alleviation as far as lies in our power.

Not to make allowances for the infirmities of others.

To consider everything impossible that we cannot perform.

To believe only what our finite minds can grasp.

To expect to be able to understand everything.

The Evolution of Warships.

A man need not be a scholar to be an inventor. One of the most successful aeronauts of old times who had made a study of aerial currents and the management of balloons once delivered an address in which he referred to "the anaconda" as "the largest bird that ever flew," and he also remarked that "the mental faculties of a man's mind is so constructed as to bring things down to a pin's point." He also referred to the currents of air as stretchings, meaning strata, and yet he was one of the foremost balloonists of his time.

He was an inventor also of many useful things and was the first man in the country to suggest an ironclad man-of-war with slanting sides. He built a miniature vessel on this plan of sheet iron, placing it in the water and fired musket balls at it at short range. Every ball glanced off. The Merrimac was built on a similar plan, and from that humble beginning the evolution of revolution in naval architecture took its start.—Baltimore Sun.

A Tall Smoke Column.

During the burning of the Standard Oil company's tanks at Bayonne, N. J., in July, 1900, an immense column of smoke, shaped at the top like an umbrella, rose into the air, where very little wind was stirring, to an elevation, measured by triangulation, of 13,411 feet, or more than two miles and a half. Above the column white clouds formed in an otherwise cloudless sky and remained visible for two days, the fire continuing to burn and the smoke to rise. After the explosion of an oil tank flames shot up to a height of 3,000 feet, and the heat radiated from them was felt at a distance of a mile and three-quarters, where it was more noticeable than close to the fire.—Youth's Companion.

SOUTH SIDE

PROGRESS AT THE MILL

Structural Work Rapidly Nearing Completion—Drill Press Arrives.

A drill press for the machine shop arrived at the mill yesterday afternoon. The work of concreting for the cold rolls will be completed tomorrow and then everything will be in readiness for the bricklayers.

The structural work is rapidly nearing completion and the work of sheeting will be commenced the last of this week.

Game Will Suffer.

The ammunition box taken by J. H. Maxwell and James Stewart when they left on their hunting trip to the Cheat mountains weighed 350 pounds, and they both told their friends that every round of that ammunition meant some big game. Mr. Stewart's place at the ticket office is being filled by A. Webner, of Friendly, W. Va.

Cars Killed Two Dogs.

A valuable dog owned by William Farmer was run over by a car in charge of Motorman William Watson, near the park yesterday afternoon and killed. Motorman Jacob Allison ran over and killed the valuable dog of James McKinnon this afternoon on Carolina avenue.

Has Recovered.

Miss Bertha Johnson, who has been ill at her home on Virginia avenue for the past two months with an attack of fever, is again able to be out.

WEATHER FORECAST

Ohio—Fair today, with cooler in extreme northern portion. Tomorrow fair and cooler; fresh southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair today, with cooler in extreme northern portion. Tomorrow fair and cooler; fresh southwest to northwest winds.

West Virginia—Fair today; warmer in western portion. Tomorrow fair, with cooler in western portion; south to west winds.

WHEN YOU WANT GOOD CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, DON'T FORGET THAT EDMONSTON WILL MAKE THEM FOR \$2.50 PER DOZEN UNTIL OCTOBER 1.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE VOTERS OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY:

I take this opportunity of informing you that I am a candidate for the Legislature, to be voted for at the November election. If you are in favor of liberal laws and honest legislation, with charity towards all and animosity to none, I sincerely solicit your vote. J. C. WALSH, 26th East Liverpool, O.

ANCIENT ARIZONA RUINS.

Discovery of Remains of a Civilized People in the Mountains.

Ages ago the famous petrified forest of Arizona was the home of at least four distinct groups of people who attained a comparatively high degree of civilization, says a dispatch from Adamana to the New York World. This remarkable fact has just been established by Dr. Walter Hough of the Smithsonian institution, who has excavated ruins probably 2,000 years old. Dr. Hough said recently:

"The camps that were found face northeast and are rectangular. The houses excavated are three stories high. The masonry would do credit to modern craftsmen. Many of the stones are eight feet square. These ancient people must have had facilities for hoisting."

"The many graves excavated showed that internments were deep. In one case, which was laid in gypsum, were found twelve pieces of new pottery, some beads and other objects or ornamentation. The cists were unusually well constructed. In front of the villages were shrines of red granite and petrified wood, and about them were objects of shell and fine pieces of polished chalcedony, which were buried with the dead."

In the Apache reservation, near Forestdale, the expedition discovered a ruin covering seven acres, with a dance plaza of one acre and an acropolis 170 feet in diameter, filled with rooms. The masonry was more massive than that found in any previously excavated. The acropolis was surrounded by a circular stone wall two feet thick and containing stones one yard long, two feet wide and two feet thick. Highly polished decorated pottery was found. The examples of coiled ware are remarkable and have interior decorations. One fine bowl has a decoration representing a herdsman tending a flock of curious animals. Crocodile and dog skulls were discovered.

Will Brush Sell Out?

There is a story afloat in baseball circles to the effect that the Cincinnati baseball club is for sale to the American league. John T. Brush is said to be negotiating for the sale of the club to President Ban Johnson. All that Johnson knows about it, he says, is that he was approached by a Cincinnati business man who asked him what he thought of the desirability of the purchase. He was surprised to learn from Cincinnati that Brush was willing to sell. Johnson will not give the name of the business man.

REVENUE, NOT DEFICIT.

With the recent reduction in United States taxation by the Republican congress, the revenues continue to exceed the estimates, a result directly due to the general and extending prosperity of the country. These reductions went into effect with the new fiscal year beginning July 1, and were calculated to reduce the government income near to the appropriated expenditures. Instead of that, however, the expenses are proving less than the estimates, largely through the cessation of the war in the Philippines, while receipts, particularly of internal revenue, are exceeding all expectations, so that the business of the government for the first two months of the fiscal year now indicates, upon the same basis for the entire year, a surplus of eighty-five million dollars of receipts over expenses. Quite a difference in that from the Cleveland Democratic way of borrowing money to pay the current expenses of the United States. Will Ohio vote to undo this improvement?

ARE YOU NOT GOING

To the Republican Opening at Delaware?

It Comes On Saturday, September 21—Indications That It Will Be a Mighty Event.

Reports from Republican state headquarters at Columbus lead to the belief that the opening meeting of the campaign will be a hummer. It will be held at Delaware on Saturday, Sept. 21. Speeches will be made by Governor Nash, Senators Foraker and Hanna, and other prominent leaders.

All railroads are making special rates. The responses to the invitations to Republican clubs to attend are gratifyingly numerous. Among others, the famous Toledo Railsplitters, the marching contingent of the great Lincoln club of that city, will appear in uniform and give a display of their marvelous drill. Other noted marching clubs will also be in line.

The date is such that a very large attendance may be expected from the farmers. The cities, of course, will pour out their enthusiastic masses, and the beautiful old college town will find that the energetic endeavors she is putting forth to be able to care for the Republican army which will be in attendance will all be required.

NEWSPAPER OPINIONS.

Norman E. Mack, in his paper, the Buffalo Times, says any Democrat who does not favor free silver is a traitor. Does he propose to read Colonel Kilbourne and the Ohio platform out of the party?—Ohio State Journal.

First Ohio, then Maryland, then Pennsylvania, then Iowa, now Virginia—Heavens, Mr. Bryan, are you going to let all your states repudiate free silver?—Fairfield County Republican.

Many prominent Democrats say the silver issue is dead without mentioning the fact that all the rest of the Democratic platform is "doing poorly."—Painesville Telegraph.

The Democrats ought to put their national and state political principles in a strong pickle after each campaign that they may not decompose before the next year, so as to be unrecognizable. For a "god-given" ratio, the 16 to 1 idea is a poor keeper.—Henry County Signal.

It is said by many that the principal plank in the next national Democratic platform will be free trade. The critic will simply be jumping from the frying pan to the fire.—Hillsboro News Herald.

The Gazette editor believes that Ashtabula county farmers will get from 90 cents to \$1 per bushel for their wheat before another crop can be harvested. The great shortage in corn will increase the demand for wheat. Wheat is estimated to be the largest crop in the history of the United States, while in Europe the shortage is estimated at 268,000,000 bushels.—Jefferson Gazette.

TOM JOHNSON'S PLAY.

Tom Johnson's play before the state board of equalization was a flash in the pan. If the railroads be, as he says, valued for taxation at too low a figure, the fault lies with the auditors of the counties through which their lines run. They meet and decide upon the valuation. So far, no one has heard of any Democratic auditor—and there are quite a number of them—objecting to the valuation, and insisting upon its being placed higher. The Republican party stands committed by its platform to such revision of the tax laws as will make all classes of property bear their equal and just share of taxation, and the creation of such machinery as is necessary to correct error, and take notice of changes in value. The Republican legislature next winter will fulfill this pledge.

Tom L. Johnson evidently believes that John R. McLean is inflated with too much gas. McLean always did have the smell of gas about his clothes; and some people think it was caused by too much intimacy with gas matters in the city of Washington.

There is one plank in the Ohio Democratic platform with which we can all agree. It is the one declaring for the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine.

REAL ESTATE

We have over 200 houses for sale. Also vacant lots and business sites in all parts of the city. Properties cheap and terms easy. We can furnish you with just what you want. If you have property to sell we can sell it. No sale—no charge. Also houses for rent. Call and see us, our time is yours.

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1414 Block, Corner Fifth and Market.

FOR SALE.

Farm of 105 acres situated in Raccoon Township, Beaver County. A good grain or dairy farm. Well watered by never failing springs, land is very fertile and lays well, part level and part rolling. About 80 acres in cultivation.

Good Buildings.
9 Room Frame House.
New Stable, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Granary and Out Buildings.

Good shipping facilities by water or rail.

Farm lies on the Ohio River opposite the town of Industry, 6 miles from Beaver.

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Both Phones No. 38.

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DINING AND LUNCH ROOM,
The finest in the city. Everything in season.

Aaron R. Guthrie,

Diamond St.
Both Phones 68.

SANDUSKY SOLDIERS' HOME.

"Villainous reports" is the just characterization made by a member of the Ohio Soldiers' home at Sandusky in reference to the falsehoods in the Cincinnati Enquirer about that institution. That journal charged the commandant, General Thomas M. Anderson, with continued acts of tyranny and oppression upon the veterans at the home, but without specifications to sustain its assertions. Moreover, when the soldiers, incensed at the insult to them, furnished the Enquirer with the facts, proving that it had been misinformed and was doing a gross injustice by its accusations, the managing editor wrote to the veterans at Sandusky that the Enquirer had concluded to close the discussion, and refused to print their refutations of its falsehoods. It is eminently characteristic of Democratic campaign tactics.

TRIBUTE TO GROSVENOR.

The Cincinnati Enquirer pays the following tribute to the articles of General Grosvenor which have appeared in the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune since the attempted assassination:

"No utterance of his life has raised General Grosvenor so high in the estimation of thinking people. These words of caution and warning will live as his greatest monument. No man can question his personal devotion to his government. He has proved that on the battlefield and in civil life. But in all of his public and private acts he has stood as a lover and advocate of the broadest personal liberty. The people and the lawmakers of the states and of the nation should consider well this note of warning."

"Assume a virtue if you have it not." The virtuous utterance of the Ohio Democratic platform against political corruption comes with bad grace from a convention, the majority of whose delegates are the creatures of John R. McLean, whose long career in Ohio politics has been most malodorous. Pronouncements against corruption from Ohio Democrats will carry no weight so long as McLean is the party boss.

THE ROOSEVELT FAMILY

Personality of New Mistress of the White House.

CULTURED AND FOND OF HOME LIFE

Chief Executive's Wife Is an Omnivorous Reader and Constant Student. Her Tastes in Dress Are Simple. She Is Deeply Religious—Facts About the Children.

Tragedies have confronted Theodore Roosevelt, the new president, before now, and no one who saw will ever forget his quiet, almost superhuman, self control the day when his mother and his wife, who was Miss Alice Lee of Boston, were both laid to rest, says the New York Herald. The dearly beloved mother and wife of Theodore Roosevelt died in the same house within a few hours, and his self control was marvelous, inspiring all with the deepest respect and admiration.

The present Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, who before her marriage was Edith Carow of New York, is a remarkable woman and one of rare personality. She is a woman of the highest principle and of a far more than ordinary mental caliber. From her earliest childhood she has been an omnivorous reader and a constant student. She has always shrank from anything like notoriety, and the necessary publicity that her husband's position has forced upon her has been, so far as lay in her power, made less conspicuous.

She is a New Yorker by birth, was educated at one of the fashionable schools and has spent several years traveling abroad. She is an accomplished linguist, and her musical knowledge is far above the ordinary. Ever since her marriage she has devoted herself, heart and soul, to her husband's career and at the same time has been a devoted mother. She has not, in one sense of the word, gone in for society at all, although by her birth as well as her marriage she has always had a position which involves certain social duties. Her circle of acquaintances has been from childhood the same as her husband's, and they have among their friends the leading people of the country.

Mrs. Roosevelt is rather petite, has brown hair and brown eyes, a clear skin with some color when she is excited, but her chief beauty is her mouth, which is marvelously expressive.

She dresses simply, especially in the street; wears no jewels, excepting with evening dress, which is always extremely handsome. She has not varied for years the style of her hairdressing. The hair is parted, smoothed simply back from the forehead and coiled at the back of the head, with some few natural ringlets around the temples, but there is no attempt made to follow each wave of fashion. Mrs. Roosevelt has understood her own style and dresses accordingly.

Not everybody knows that she and her husband were child sweethearts. As they grew older their lives were rather separated. After the death of his first wife Mr. Roosevelt traveled abroad. There he again met Miss Edith Carow, and very soon the news came to his friends of his marriage, which has been an ideally happy one. From the time they were little children Mrs. Roosevelt's belief in Mr. Roosevelt's ability has never wavered.

Mrs. Roosevelt does not go in for any of the athletic sports of the day, but she is a good horsewoman and has taken up riding again within the last two or three years. She is an expert needlewoman, writes cleverly, and there is somewhere extant a book of verse which she has published for private circulation. She is a member of several luncheon clubs, but she has never taken part in fashionable entertainments, and her name appears very rarely on the list of patronesses for large festivities.

She possesses that rare talent, which made Mrs. Cleveland so popular, of remembering the faces of people she meets once or twice and also being able to remember all about them. She is the boon companion as well as the wise and tender mother of her stepdaughter and her own children, who are much younger than Miss Alice Roosevelt. She has a wide knowledge of politics, French, foreign and American. She is a frail looking woman, but has much more strength than she apparently possesses. She is deeply religious.

Miss Alice Roosevelt, Theodore Roosevelt's eldest child, will be eighteen years old next March, and it had been planned that she should make her debut this winter in Washington society. While Miss Roosevelt has not gone out in the formal acceptance of the term, she has of necessity seen a great deal of society, young as she is. She is a very charming young girl, with an unusually pleasant manner and with an intense interest in life. She is very fond of outdoor sports, is a good horsewoman and thinks nothing of walking from five to seven miles a day. She is a fine tennis player. She lives out of doors as much as possible and is a good specimen of a wholesome, healthy, happy American girl.

Her chief beauty is her light, fair hair, of which she has great quantities. She has blue eyes and a fair skin, is above medium height and has a very slight figure, although rather athletic in build. She has a rather deep voice and a very jolly laugh. She is devoted

to her home, to her father, stepmother and to her half sister and brothers. She has been educated with governesses. She is fond of reading.

There is another Miss Roosevelt, who will not be introduced to society for some years, but who is a very pretty child of about ten years of age. She resembles her mother very closely, although, she, too, has blue eyes and fair hair, like her sister Alice. She is being educated at home.

The other children are Theodore, Jr., aged fourteen; Kermit, aged twelve, and Quentin, aged four.

The Roosevelt love of home is a marked characteristic of the family not confined at all to this generation, for the Roosevelt clanishness was at one time a byword, and to this day the immediate members of the Roosevelt family apparently find more pleasure in each other's society than in that of any of their friends. Mr. Roosevelt certainly takes intense pleasure in being with his children, as they do in being with him. Home for the Roosevelts is the "dearest spot on earth."

The Roosevelt home near Oyster Bay, N. Y., is a many gabled house on Sagamore hill, a knoll that overlooks the bay, and the wooded glen to the west known as West Hollow. To reach it you drive over a macadamized road along the shores of the bay and then up the hill through a grove of chestnut, oak and dogwood. It is three stories high, the first of red brick, above which the wide Dutch shingles give it the air of an early colonial mansion. The most striking features are the wide verandas, the squatter chimneys and the great number of modern windows.

SOUTH AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

Loomis Says Our Sister Republics Have to Learn Responsibility.

Francis B. Loomis, minister to Portugal and former minister to Venezuela, recently lectured before the Naval War college class at Newport, R. I., taking as his text "South American Relations." He said in substance:

"It cannot be doubted by those familiar with conditions in certain Latin American countries in the tropical part of South and Central America that some of the most embarrassing questions which the United States will have to meet in the future will arise from its relations with those republics. These questions, of a difficult and delicate nature, will arise through no fault of the government of the United States. 'The world has as yet made no demand upon the productive capacity of South and Central America. This lost portion of the western hemisphere has been reserved for the future. But in the strenuous rivalry for vaster commercial relations every available part of the earth's surface will be scanned, and one way or another every land will have to respond to the world's demand.'

"If our commercial sway is to be widened, the building of an isthmus canal is the first essential step in that direction, and it logically follows that control of the canal must be with us. The building of an isthmus canal will be of enormous benefit to the Latin American republics bordering the Caribbean sea.

"It seems to me, however, that one of the plain duties which the immediate future will enforce upon the government of the United States will be that of insisting upon a higher degree of responsibility on the part of some of the republics in tropical Latin America. This will not be a pleasant duty, but it is one that will have to be performed, and, on the whole, perhaps the sooner it is done the better will it be for the world in general."

FASHION TIPS FROM PARIS.

Some Advance Hints About French Styles For the Early Winter.

Here is a brief resume of what will be most worn in the capital of fashion this winter, says the October Ladies' Home Journal: The winter coats will be long and have pockets on both sides. Rough cloths will be much worn, the most popular color being tobacco brown. All garments will fit more loosely than at present, with a tendency to fullness. A great many fancy buttons and little ornaments will be used on dresses. Sleeves will be somewhat plainer and almost all the new skirts trimmed in some way or other. Dressy waists will have bolero fronts, and black velvet belts will be much in vogue.

All belts are to be worn low in front, the idea being to make the waist as long as possible. On the autumn hats velvet is combined with tulle and gauzes and delicate laces. The new hats are all flat and are worn over the forehead. Havana brown with green, dark green with black and reseda green with black, Havana and gray, green with gray and silver, black with gold and Havana brown with peacock shades are some of the new colors and combinations.

First Postmistress in Cuba.

The first woman postmaster in the island of Cuba is Miss Ysabel Maria de los Rios, who has the office at Gibra, says the Springfield Republican. Miss Rios is twenty-three years old and the eldest in a family of thirteen children. Her father was the late Judge de los Rios and was a postmaster at the time of his death. Miss Rios' appointment met with approval from every one. She receives a salary of \$1,200.

Hand Painted Hats Are the Thing.

"One of the newest specialties in Paris is this season the hand painted hat," says Katharine de Forest in the October Ladies' Home Journal. "The other day I saw an exquisite creation of black velvet with the brim quilled in such a way that the velvet apparently formed great rose petals, on each of which was a painted golden feather."

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

Will Carry Out Unchanged the Ideas

OF THE LAMENTED MCKINLEY

He Will Follow in the Latter's Footsteps as to Policies, Friendships and Business.

"May God make your burden light," is said to be the message that Mrs. McKinley sent to Theodore Roosevelt when he came to the house upon his arrival at Buffalo after President McKinley's death to pay his proper respects. That touching prayer will have echo in the heart of every true American, particularly so since President Roosevelt himself, before he took the oath of office, in solemn earnestness declared, "it shall be my aim to continue absolutely unbroken the policy of President McKinley for the peace (and he emphasized that word), prosperity and honor of the country." That short, simple sentence speaks for the long hours of silent thought as he struggled out of the Adirondack forest, where he had gone to be away from men, and as he speeded across the Empire state to assume the great trust thus tragically devolved upon him.

Senator Depew, who was present at the inauguration proceedings, says it seemed to him the most impressive ceremonial that he ever witnessed in all his ample experience in such matters. He says Mr. Roosevelt, with his youth and his magnificent, athletic personality, and the terrible earnestness of his little speech, seemed to personify the indomitable vigor of that American conquest and industrial and commercial evolution, and its continuance, of which McKinley, in the public mind, was largely the creator and wholly the representative. In repeating the words of the judge administering the oath, Roosevelt extended his hand over his head to the full length of his arm. He closely followed each sentence, and his ending seemed almost as if it was a salvo of artillery: "And I so swear."

There is abundant evidence that President Roosevelt is in the most absolute earnest in this declaration of his purpose. His unquestioned sincerity and sturdy truthfulness are a voucher enough for that, but other facts in connection with it are of peculiar importance at this time. First, we have the statement of the special correspondent at Buffalo of the Philadelphia Press, the newspaper of Postmaster General Smith. This writer says:

"I am in a position to say that President Roosevelt earnestly, forcibly, soundly desires to carry to completion the plans and policies of McKinley. He recognizes in them all the elements of safety, all the features of conservative governmental functions so necessary to the financial and business interests of the country. President Roosevelt today met many men, from cabinet ministers to plain citizens with no political ambitions. To all of them, so far as I have been able to learn, he has expressed his earnest desire to follow in McKinley's footsteps, both as to friendships and business, and governmental policies. The first evidence of this determination was the request that the members of the McKinley cabinet remain in office for some months at least."

To the same effect is a statement sent out by the Associated Press from Buffalo, undoubtedly upon full authority, in regard to conversations between President Roosevelt and members of the cabinet and other friends. It must be remembered right here that McKinley's cabinet, now Roosevelt's cabinet by his very urgent request, are all personal friends of President Roosevelt, and that there has never been a time when the relations between the president and vice president have been as intimate as in McKinley's administration, both as to Hobart and Roosevelt, and that President McKinley and his successor have been in close and constant confidence with each other. This Associated Press reports says that President Roosevelt, in talking with these friends, gave them such ideas as he had already formulated for the conduct of public affairs and his own policy. In no sense are they divergent from what has been understood has been Mr. McKinley's policy. The particulars given are of interest, but we will not use space for them at this point.

One thing may be noted here as more than a singular coincidence, because it is the unconscious testimony of both President McKinley and President Roosevelt to their harmony of thought and purpose. That is, the close likeness between Mr. McKinley's farewell address, as his Buffalo speech has proved to be, and remarks made earlier in that week by Mr. Roosevelt at Minneapolis. This particularly applies to the central theme of President McKinley's thoughts—the matter of reciprocity. Mr. Roosevelt, after referring to the improbability of any foreign war, though saying that there "might be some strain, a jar here and there, from industrial competition," added:

"Here again we have got to remember that our first duty is to our own people. We must continue the policy that has been so brilliantly successful in the past, and so shape our economic system as to give every advantage to the skill, energy and intelligence of our farmers, merchants, manufacturers and wage workers, and yet we must also remember in dealing with

other nations, that benefits must be given when benefits are sought. It is not possible to dogmatize as to the exact way of attaining this end; for the exact conditions can not be foretold. In the long run, one of our prime needs is stability and continuity of economic policy, and yet through treaty or by direct legislation, it may at least, in certain cases, become advantageous to supplement our present policy by a system of reciprocal benefit and obligation."

In view of all these facts, it is entirely natural that one of the very best advised correspondents from New York city in regard to the higher matters of government, should give the testimony of his wide and thorough knowledge of the metropolis that "Roosevelt becomes president with the absolute confidence of the commercial, industrial and financial community, and it was that feeling that was in particular reflected in the strength of the various markets this morning" (Monday). This writer makes another very important contribution to this most vital matter, so far as our people are concerned, in this statement: "Every one here who had personal acquaintance with both President McKinley and with Theodore Roosevelt knew that the essential distinction between the two men was simply a difference of temperament. In all the fundamental attributes of character, in moral fiber, in an exquisite sense both of self-respect, personal honor and what the obligations and intercourse between man and man require, the two men were singularly alike."

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BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open, and you'll feel better. Force in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smooth, cast, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips. 10, 25, and 50 cent boxes. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address

STERLING REMEDY COMPANY, CHICAGO OR NEW YORK.

ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent East Liverpool, Ohio.

WORTH A THOUGHT

This Statement Will Interest Scores of East Liverpool Readers.

The facts given below are worth a perusal by all who are anxious about their physical condition or are similarly situated to this resident of East Liverpool. It is a legal occurrence and can be investigated.

Mr. William Terrence, fireman at engine house No. 1, says: "For some time I was annoyed with symptoms of either weakened or over-excited kidneys. I had noticed more than one recommendation made by people living in East Liverpool about Doan's Kidney Pills, and thinking that if the medicine performed half what it promised it might help me, I bought a box at Larkin's drug store. The treatment cured me."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other. Sold by W. & W. pharmacy.

Devine's Stag IS THE PLACE.

125 and 127 Second Street. Next to the C. & P. R. R. Station.

The Coffee we serve has made this Restaurant famous.

FINE STEAKS A SPECIALTY.

FARES TO BUFFALO Over Pennsylvania Lines for Pan-American Exposition

Excursion tickets to Buffalo for the Pan-American Exposition are now on sale at ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines. Fares from East Liverpool are as follows: Tickets good returning ten days, \$7.50. Tickets good returning fifteen days, \$8.50. Season tickets with return limit until Oct. 31st, \$10.75. Special coach excursion tickets good leaving Buffalo up to midnight of Thursday following date of sale will be sold Tuesdays at \$4.65. Tourist tickets at special fares may also be obtained for trips via Buffalo to resorts in Canada. Such tickets will be good for stop-over at Buffalo to see the Pan-American Exposition, by payment of \$1 extra at Buffalo. For time tables and further information apply to ADAM HILL, Ticket Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, East Liverpool, O.

MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS

INFORM the public of what you have For Sale, For Rent or For Exchange; what you have Lost or Found. The Cheapest and Best Way is to place a small ad. in the Favorite Home Newspaper.

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Real Estate Offices, Drug Stores and News Stands throughout the city will supply you with cards on which to write your ad. Pay 25c for a card, write it and mail it, and

YOU WILL GET WHAT YOU WANT

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Tim In Effect May 26, 1901. From East Liverpool. Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No. 332	3:56 a. m.	No. 301	12:50 a. m.
330	4:51 a. m.	303	7:05 a. m.
328	11:21 a. m.	305	9:05 a. m.
326	3:06 p. m.	307	2:50 p. m.
324	5:40 p. m.	309	6:30 p. m.
322	7:20 p. m.	311	9:05 p. m.
		313	6:48 p. m.

From Chester, Pittsburg (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No. 250	5:52 a. m.	No. 251	6:07 a. m.
252	8:40 a. m.	253	11:35 a. m.
254	2:27 p. m.	255	2:45 p. m.

*Runs Daily. †Daily, except Sunday *Sunday only.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301 and 302 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 303 and 311 between Pittsburg and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 303 connects at Rockwell for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashabola and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ashabola and intermediate stations; No. 360 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 353 and 358 connect at Bayard to New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent East Liverpool, Ohio.

Dr. Penner's GOLDEN RELIEF

For Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Influenza, etc.

INFLAMMATION

of the Throat, Lungs, Bronchi, etc., is cured by Dr. Penner's Golden Relief. It is a powerful expectorant, and it is a powerful antiseptic. It is a powerful sedative, and it is a powerful stimulant. It is a powerful tonic, and it is a powerful restorative. It is a powerful medicine, and it is a powerful remedy. It is a powerful cure, and it is a powerful relief. It is a powerful medicine, and it is a powerful remedy. It is a powerful cure, and it is a powerful relief.

CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT

in one to thirty minutes

50c. a bottle. The 50c. size by mail 50c. The 10c. size by mail 10c.

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THE ROOSEVELT FAMILY

Personality of New Mistress of the White House.

CULTURED AND FOND OF HOME LIFE

Chief Executive's Wife Is an Omnivorous Reader and Constant Student. Her Tastes in Dress Are Simple. She Is Deeply Religious—Facts About the Children.

Tragedies have confronted Theodore Roosevelt, the new president, before now, and no one who saw will ever forget his quiet, almost superhuman, self control the day when his mother and his wife, who was Miss Alice Lee of Boston, were both laid to rest, says the New York Herald. The dearly beloved mother and wife of Theodore Roosevelt died in the same house within a few hours, and his self control was marvelous, inspiring all with the deepest respect and admiration.

The present Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, who before her marriage was Edith Carow of New York, is a remarkable woman and one of rare personality. She is a woman of the highest principle and of a far more than ordinary mental caliber. From her earliest childhood she has been an omnivorous reader and a constant student. She has always shrank from anything like notoriety, and the necessary publicity that her husband's position has forced upon her has been, so far as lay in her power, made less conspicuous.

She is a New Yorker by birth, was educated at one of the fashionable schools and has spent several years traveling abroad. She is an accomplished linguist, and her musical knowledge is far above the ordinary. Ever since her marriage she has devoted herself, heart and soul, to her husband's career and at the same time has been a devoted mother. She has not, in one sense of the word, gone in for society at all, although by her birth as well as her marriage she has always had a position which involves certain social duties. Her circle of acquaintances has been from childhood the same as her husband's, and they have among their friends the leading people of the country.

Mrs. Roosevelt is rather petite, has brown hair and brown eyes, a clear skin with some color when she is excited, but her chief beauty is her mouth, which is marvelously expressive.

She dresses simply, especially in the street; wears no jewels, excepting with evening dress, which is always extremely handsome. She has not varied for years the style of her hairdressing. The hair is parted, smoothed simply back from the forehead and coiled at the back of the head, with some few natural ringlets around the temples, but there is no attempt made to follow each move of fashion. Mrs. Roosevelt has understood her own style and dresses accordingly.

Not everybody knows that she and her husband were child sweethearts. As they grew older their lives were rather separated. After the death of his first wife Mr. Roosevelt traveled abroad. There he again met Miss Edith Carow, and very soon the news came to his friends of his marriage, which has been an ideally happy one. From the time they were little children Mrs. Roosevelt's belief in Mr. Roosevelt's ability has never wavered.

Mrs. Roosevelt does not go in for any of the athletic sports of the day, but she is a good horsewoman and has taken up riding again within the last two or three years. She is an expert needlewoman, writes cleverly, and there is somewhere extant a book of verse which she has published for private circulation. She is a member of several luncheon clubs, but she has never taken part in fashionable entertainments, and her name appears very rarely on the list of patronesses for large festivities.

She possesses that rare talent, which made Mrs. Cleveland so popular, of remembering the faces of people she meets once or twice and also being able to remember all about them. She is the boon companion as well as the wise and tender mother of her stepdaughter and her own children, who are much younger than Miss Alice Roosevelt. She has a wide knowledge of politics, French, foreign and American. She is a frail looking woman, but has much more strength than she apparently possesses. She is deeply religious.

Miss Alice Roosevelt, Theodore Roosevelt's eldest child, will be eighteen years old next March, and it had been planned that she should make her debut this winter in Washington society. While Miss Roosevelt has not gone out in the formal acceptance of the term, she has of necessity seen a great deal of society, young as she is. She is a very charming young girl, with an unusually pleasant manner and with an intense interest in life. She is very fond of outdoor sports, is a good horsewoman and thinks nothing of walking from five to seven miles a day. She is a fine tennis player. She lives out of doors as much as possible and is a good specimen of a wholesome, healthy, happy American girl.

Her chief beauty is her light, fair hair, of which she has great quantities. She has blue eyes and a fair skin, is above medium height and has a very slight figure, although rather athletic in build. She has a rather deep voice and a very jolly laugh. She is devoted

to her home, to her father, stepmother and to her half sister and brothers. She has been educated with governesses. She is fond of reading.

There is another Miss Roosevelt, who will not be introduced to society for some years, but who is a very pretty child of about ten years of age. She resembles her mother very closely, although, she, too, has blue eyes and fair hair, like her sister Alice. She is being educated at home.

The other children are Theodore, Jr., aged fourteen; Kermit, aged twelve, and Quentin, aged four.

The Roosevelt love of home is a marked characteristic of the family not confined at all to this generation. For the Roosevelt clanliness was at one time a byword, and to this day the immediate members of the Roosevelt family apparently find more pleasure in each other's society than in that of any of their friends. Mr. Roosevelt certainly takes intense pleasure in being with his children, as they do in being with him. Home for the Roosevelts is the "dearest spot on earth."

The Roosevelt home near Oyster Bay, N. Y., is a many gabled house on Sagamore hill, a knoll that overlooks the bay, and the wooded glen to the west known as West Hollow. To reach it you drive over a macadamized road along the shores of the bay and then up the hill through a grove of chestnut, oak and dogwood. It is three stories high, the first of red brick, above which the wide Dutch shingles give it the air of an early colonial mansion. The most striking features are the wide verandas, the squatter chimneys and the great number of modern windows.

SOUTH AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

Loomis Says Our Sister Republics Have to Learn Responsibility.

Francis B. Loomis, minister to Portugal and former minister to Venezuela, recently lectured before the Naval War college class at Newport, R. I., taking as his text "South American Relations." He said in substance:

"It cannot be doubted by those familiar with conditions in certain Latin American countries in the tropical part of South and Central America that some of the most embarrassing questions which the United States will have to meet in the future will arise from its relations with those republics. These questions, of a difficult and delicate nature, will arise through no fault of the government of the United States.

"The world has as yet made no demand upon the productive capacity of South and Central America. This lost portion of the western hemisphere has been reserved for the future. But in the strenuous rivalry for vaster commercial relations every available part of the earth's surface will be scanned, and one way or another every land will have to respond to the world's demand.

"If our commercial sway is to be widened, the building of an isthmus canal is the first essential step in that direction, and it logically follows that control of the canal must be with us. The building of an isthmus canal will be of enormous benefit to the Latin American republics bordering the Caribbean sea.

"It seems to me, however, that one of the plain duties which the immediate future will enforce upon the government of the United States will be that of insisting upon a higher degree of responsibility on the part of some of the republics in tropical Latin America. This will not be a pleasant duty, but it is one that will have to be performed, and, on the whole, perhaps the sooner it is done the better will it be for the world in general."

FASHION TIPS FROM PARIS.

Some Advance Hints About French Styles For the Early Winter.

Here is a brief resume of what will be most worn in the capital of fashion this winter, says the October Ladies' Home Journal: The winter coats will be long and have pockets on both sides. Rough cloths will be much worn, the most popular color being tobacco brown. All garments will fit more loosely than at present, with a tendency to fullness. A great many fancy buttons and little ornaments will be used on dresses. Sleeves will be somewhat plainer and almost all the new skirts trimmed in some way or other. Dressy waists will have bolero fronts, and black velvet belts will be much in vogue.

All belts are to be worn low in front, the idea being to make the waist as long as possible. On the autumn hats velvet is combined with tulle and gauzes and delicate laces. The new hats are all flat and are worn over the forehead. Havana brown with green, dark green with black and reseda green with black, Havana and gray, green with gray and silver, black with gold and Havana brown with peacock shades are some of the new colors and combinations.

First Postmistress in Cuba.

The first woman postmaster in the island of Cuba is Miss Isabel Maria de los Rios, who has the office at Gibra, says the Springfield Republican. Miss Rios is twenty-three years old and the eldest in a family of thirteen children. Her father was the late Judge de los Rios and was a postmaster at the time of his death. Miss Rios' appointment met with approval from every one. She receives a salary of \$1,200.

Hand Painted Hats Are the Thing.

"One of the newest specialties in Paris is this season the hand painted hat," says Katharine de Forest in the October Ladies' Home Journal. "The other day I saw an exquisite creation of black velvet with the brim quilted in such a way that the velvet apparently formed great rose petals, on each of which was a painted golden feather."

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

Will Carry Out Unchanged the Ideas

OF THE LAMENTED MCKINLEY

He Will Follow in the Latter's Footsteps as to Policies, Friendships and Business.

"May God make your burden light," is said to be the message that Mrs. McKinley sent to Theodore Roosevelt when he came to the house upon his arrival at Buffalo after President McKinley's death to pay his proper respects. That touching prayer will have echo in the heart of every true American, particularly so since President Roosevelt himself, before he took the oath of office, in solemn earnestness declared, "It shall be my aim to continue absolutely unbroken the policy of President McKinley for the peace (and he emphasized that word), prosperity and honor of the country." That short, simple sentence speaks for the long hours of silent thought as he struggled out of the Adirondack forest, where he had gone to be away from men, and as he speeded across the Empire state to assume the great trust thus tragically devolved upon him.

Senator Depew, who was present at the inauguration proceedings, says it seemed to him the most impressive ceremonial that he ever witnessed in all his ample experience in such matters. He says Mr. Roosevelt, with his youth and his magnificent, athletic personality, and the terrible earnestness of his little speech, seemed to personify the indomitable vigor of that American conquest and industrial and commercial evolution, and its continuance, of which McKinley, in the public mind, was largely the creator and wholly the representative. In repeating the words of the judge administering the oath, Roosevelt extended his hand over his head to the full length of his arm. He closely followed each sentence, and his ending seemed almost as if it was a salvo of artillery. "And I so swear."

There is abundant evidence that President Roosevelt is in the most absolute earnest in this declaration of his purpose. His unquestioned sincerity and sturdy truthfulness are vouches enough for that, but other facts in connection with it are of peculiar importance at this time. First, we have the statement of the special correspondent at Buffalo of the Philadelphia Press, the newspaper of Postmaster General Smith. This writer says:

"I am in a position to say that President Roosevelt earnestly, forcibly, soundly desires to carry to completion the plans and policies of McKinley. He recognizes in them all the elements of safety, all the features of conservative governmental functions so necessary to the financial and business interests of the country. President Roosevelt today met many men, from cabinet ministers to plain citizens with no political ambitions. To all of them, so far as I have been able to learn, he has expressed his earnest desire to follow in McKinley's footsteps, both as to friendships and business, and governmental policies. The first evidence of this determination was the request that the members of the McKinley cabinet remain in office for some months at least."

To the same effect is a statement sent out by the Associated Press from Buffalo, undoubtedly upon full authority, in regard to conversations between President Roosevelt and members of the cabinet and other friends. It must be remembered right here that McKinley's cabinet, now Roosevelt's cabinet by his very urgent request, are all personal friends of President Roosevelt, and that there has never been a time when the relations between the president and vice president have been as intimate as in McKinley's administration, both as to Hobart and Roosevelt, and that President McKinley and his successor have been in close and constant confidence with each other. This Associated Press reports says that President Roosevelt, in talking with these friends, gave them such ideas as he had already formulated for the conduct of public affairs and his own policy. In no sense are they divergent from what has been understood has been Mr. McKinley's policy. The particulars given are of interest, but we will not use space for them at this point.

One thing may be noted here as more than a singular coincidence, because it is the unconscious testimony of both President McKinley and President Roosevelt to their harmony of thought and purpose. That is, the close likeness between Mr. McKinley's farewell address, as his Buffalo speech has proved to be, and remarks made earlier in that week by Mr. Roosevelt at Minneapolis. This particularly applies to the central theme of President McKinley's thoughts—the matter of reciprocity. Mr. Roosevelt, after referring to the improbability of any foreign war, though saying that there "might be some strain, a jar here and there, from industrial competition," added:

"Here again we have got to remember that our first duty is to our own people. We must continue the policy that has been so brilliantly successful in the past, and so shape our economic system as to give every advantage to the skill, energy and intelligence of our farmers, merchants, manufacturers and wage workers, and yet we must also remember in dealing with

other nations, that benefits must be given when benefits are sought. It is not possible to dogmatize as to the exact way of attaining this end; for the exact conditions can not be foretold. In the long run, one of our prime needs is stability and continuity of economic policy, and yet through treaty or by direct legislation, it may at least, in certain cases, become advantageous to supplement our present policy by a system of reciprocal benefit and obligation."

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THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sickens, Weakens or Grips. 10, 25, and 50 cents per box. Write for free sample and booklet on health. Address

STERLING REMEDY COMPANY, CHICAGO or NEW YORK.

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

WORTH A THOUGHT

This Statement Will Interest Scores of East Liverpool Readers.

The facts given below are worth a perusal by all who are anxious about their physical condition or are similarly situated to this resident of East Liverpool. It is a legal occurrence and can be investigated.

Mr. William Terrence, fireman at engine house No. 1, says: "For some time I was annoyed with symptoms of either weakened or over-excited kidneys. I had noticed more than one recommendation made by people living in East Liverpool about Doan's Kidney Pills, and thinking that if the medicine performed half what it promised it might help me, I bought a box at Larkin's drug store. The treatment cured me."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other. Sold by W. & W. pharmacy.

Devine's Stag IS THE PLACE.

125 and 127 Second Street. Next to the C. & P. R. R. Station.

The Coffee we serve has made this Restaurant famous.

FINE STEAKS A SPECIALTY.

FARES TO BUFFALO

Over Pennsylvania Lines for Pan-American Exposition

Excursion tickets to Buffalo for the Pan-American Exposition are now on sale at ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines. Fares from East Liverpool are as follows: Tickets good returning ten days, \$7.50. Tickets good returning fifteen days, \$8.50. Season tickets with return limit until Oct. 31st, \$10.75.

Special coach excursion tickets good leaving Buffalo up to midnight of Thursday following date of sale will be sold Tuesdays at \$4.65.

Tourist tickets at special fares may also be obtained for trips via Buffalo to resorts in Canada. Such tickets will be good for stop over at Buffalo to see the Pan-American Exposition, by payment of \$1 extra at Buffalo.

For time tables and further information apply to ADAM HILL, Ticket Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, East Liverpool, O.

MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS

INFORM the public of what you have For Sale, For Rent or For Exchange; what you have Lost or Found. The Cheapest and Best Way is to place a small ad in the Favorite Home Newspaper.

THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW

Real Estate Offices, Drug Stores and News Stands throughout the city will supply you with cards on which to write your ad. Pay 25c for a card, write it and mail it, and

YOU WILL GET WHAT YOU WANT

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains-Central Tim

In Effect May 26, 1901.

From East Liverpool.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No. 392	8:50 a. m.	No. 391	12:30 a. m.
430	9:51 a. m.	429	7:05 a. m.
428	11:21 a. m.	427	9:05 a. m.
490	3:06 p. m.	489	2:50 p. m.
416	5:40 p. m.	415	6:28 p. m.
424	7:50 p. m.	423	8:08 a. m.
492	5:25 p. m.	491	6:48 a. m.

From Chester.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No. 250	5:52 a. m.	No. 251	6:07 a. m.
252	8:40 a. m.	253	11:35 a. m.
254	2:27 p. m.	255	2:45 p. m.

Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

*Runs Daily. *Daily, except Sunday.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301 and 302 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 303 and 304 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 302 connects at Rockwell for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 325 and 303 connect at Bayard to New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas, Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent East Liverpool, Ohio.

Dr. Penner's GOLDEN RELIEF

Cold Sores, Wounds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, A TRUTHFUL REMEDY IN ALL

INFLAMMATION

Swollen, Headache (5 minutes), Toothache (1 minute), Cold Sores, Pains, etc.

It Cures, Forming Fevers, GRIP, CURES ALL PAIN INSIDE OR OUT

In one to thirty minutes.

50c. size by mail 1.00c. Free trial, N.Y.

FOR SALE AT HODSON'S DRUG STORE

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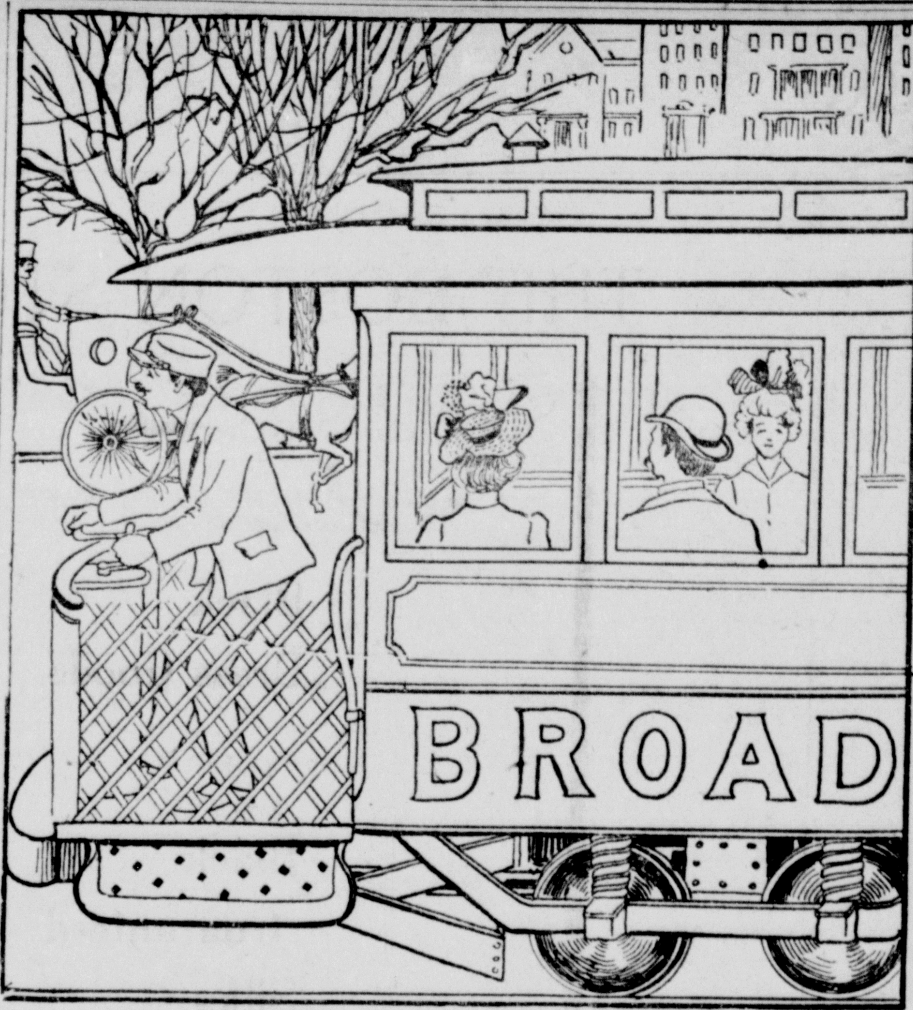
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Secretary Cortelyou, who, during the life of the late president, was so closely identified with the personal affairs of President and Mrs. McKinley, is expected in Canton either on Wednesday or Thursday of this week to confer with Mrs. McKinley on personal matters. He returned to Washington on the presidential train after the funeral, and has been clearing the White House of the personal effects of the family.

ON TRACK OF A FLOT.

Cleveland Police Extract Information From Czolgosz's Brother.

Cleveland, Sept. 24.—Chief of Police Corcoran gave Waldeck Czolgosz, brother of the assassin of President McKinley, a thorough examination. Under the chief's questioning much was learned that may be of value in the development of the supposed anarchist plot that resulted in the assassination. Waldeck stated to the police that he was going to Buffalo today to see his brother, and said that he would report to the police of Buffalo so that the latter could keep in touch with him all the time. He was willing to do this because he shares the anxiety felt by his father that there is danger of violence in case the people of Buffalo learn that the father and brother of the assassin are in the city.

SHE'S A BARONESS NOW.

Favorite German Actress Returns to America as a Baroness.

American theater goers who are familiar with the German language will have another opportunity this season of appreciating one of Germany's favorite actresses, Fraulein Hedwig Lange. Miss Lange will again be one of the leading ladies of the most prominent German theater of New York. It is possible that company will appear in other American cities.

Fraulein Lange recently returned from Germany to this country, where she had appeared last season. She came back with a title, that of the Baroness von Wrangel, for she was recently married to the bearer of the



Photo by Traut, Munich.

HEDWIG LANGE (BARONESS VON WRANGEL) came. Her husband is a member of one of the grandest of Prussian noble families. His granduncle, Field Marshal von Wrangel, was a leader of Germany's armies during the past century. The young husband of the beautiful Miss Lange has also seen much service in the German, the American and the Boer armies.

Makes Him Be Happy.

Mrs. Olden—I hope you and your husband live happily together. Mrs. Strongmound—I should say we do. I'd just like to see him try to live unhappily with me.—Philadelphia Record.

We Want to See You!

We can tell what makes your eyes blur and your head swim. You are bilious and Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin will cure you or the manufacturers will refund you the purchase price. Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

ALKALI DID IT

WALKER'S SOAP

contains no alkali

Free alkali in soap is what does the damage to the clothes and to paint, varnish or any surface that is washed with it. It costs no more to buy Walker's Soap and save your clothes. We wash out every atom of free alkali from Walker's Soap and give you a pure, solid soap. It has many imitators, so see that the Game Rooster is on the wrapper

How Fortress Monroe Was B.

The manner of constructing the at Old Point Comfort is interesting and throws some light on customs and practices then in vogue. The work was almost wholly done by slaves who were brought to the place by their masters and leased to the engineers in charge. The slave owner received 50 cents a day for each slave, and the government furnished each "laborer," as the slave was called, with two suits of working clothes, a pair or two of shoes, rations, quarters and occasionally a little tobacco. The "laborers" worked with very little clothes and generally without shoes. They lived in barracks and were subject to a kind of military discipline. The owners were regular in coming in to collect the hire for their slaves, from which we may infer that the "constituents" of those days knew how to appreciate a good thing to a degree worthy of the present generation.—Leslie's Weekly.

His Sympathy Aroused.

She met him at the door, all breathless with excitement. "John," she cried, "baby's cut a tooth." "Poor little fellow!" he returned miserably. "Is it a bad cut?"—Chicago Post.

A Big Shadow.

We are told that the "smallest hair throws a shadow." And so it does. It throws a shadow over your appetite when you find it in your food.—Exchange.

A Heart Tonic.

When all other headache tonics fail to cure your headache try Clinic Headache Wafers, they never fail, never depress, are a true heart and nerve tonic and are guaranteed to cure. One trial will convince and you will then use no other, 10 cents at all druggists.

Master and Slave

BY T. H. THORPE

will be our next serial.

In weaving a touching tale growing out of the relations of master and slave the talented author has produced

A Vivid Picture of Louisiana Life in Ante-Bellum Days.

A tender love romance running through the story adds to the absorbing interest.

Publication will begin in a few days.

Don't Wait

Until all our lots are gone and the prices advanced by shrewd investors before you realize what a good investment is now being offered you in our South Side plan of lots in Chester, W. Va.

You don't have to wait for public improvements of any kind, they are all there, and between now and January 1, 1902, there will be at least one hundred new houses built, so don't wait and miss the opportunity, which by investing a few dollars may some day make you independent.

For prices, plans and further information call on or address,

Geo. H. Owen & Co.,

Insurance and Real Estate Agents.

Office:—First National Bank Building. Both 'Phones 49.

Opposite Rock Springs Park entrance, Chester, W. Va.

New Era Restaurant, Billiard Hall and Cafe,

Tobacco and Cigar department stocked with the finest cigars and Tobacco in the market. Dining room up to date. Table d'hote meals 25c. Banquets a specialty. Best furnished billiard and pool room in the state. Lighted with electric lights. Bar open from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m.

110 and 112 Sixth St., East Liverpool, Ohio.

J. C. WALSH, Prop.

Reduced Fares to California Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Special low rate tickets to San Francisco, account General Convention Episcopal Church, will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines Sept. 18th to 30th, inclusive, also on Sept. 27th for trains reaching Chicago or St. Louis that date. For further information see Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

DR. MOTT'S NERVE PILLS

Made This Change.

DO YOU suffer from Nervous Prostration, Falling of Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Strained or Undeveloped Organs, Youthful Errors, Excessive Use of Tobacco or Opium? Send by mail on receipt of price. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and F. Larkin

Eureka Harness Oil

A good looking horse and poor looking harness is the worst kind of a combination.

not only makes the harness and the horse look better, but makes the leather soft and pliable, puts it in condition to last—twice as long as it ordinarily would.

Sold everywhere in cases—all sizes. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Give Your Horse a Chance!

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; \$1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, one time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in family of two, to go to Sebring. Call up 510 ring 2, Columbia 'phone, Chester. 84-c

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Mitcheson, 206 1-2 Sixth street. 83-j

WANTED—Experienced millinery makers. Apply at once at the Leader Store, Washington street, East Liverpool, O. 82-r

WANTED—A good house of three or four rooms, for man and wife; reasonable rent. Address A. Y. W., News Review. 83-r

WANTED—A position as bookkeeper or office assistant; can give best of references. Address E. E. Mann, 128 Fourth street. 82-j

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cooking range for either gas or coal; in first-class condition. Call on J. C. Walsh, 110 Sixth street. 84-r

FOR SALE—Lot 40x60; 12-room house, on Monroe street, near Sixth; price \$3,700. J. P. Handon, 315 Lincoln avenue. 82-r

FOR SALE—Household goods as follows: Bed room suits, chairs, tables, rockers, springs, mattresses, matings, carpets, etc.; must be sold at once. Call at 263 Broadway. 3-1f

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three well situated rooms, suitable for housekeeping; will be rented to two desirable persons, or one room furnished can be rented. Address "E. D." News Review. 82-r

FOR RENT—Eight (8) acres of land, with a four-room house and stable; one mile from the East End. Inquire of J. J. Purinton. 79-j

HOME WORK—The year round; no canvassing; \$5 to \$6 weekly, working evenings; experience unnecessary; enclose stamp; work mailed on application. 20th Century Mfg Co., Toledo, O. 82-r

AN EASTERN TRIP

On Excursion Tickets over Pennsylvania Lines

Excursion tickets to New York may be obtained at principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines, good going and returning over the Pennsylvania Lines—or going via Pennsylvania Lines and returning via the other direct lines from New York, including the routes in Buffalo with privilege of stopping over at that point to take in the Pan-American Exposition and Niagara Falls, or returning via Buffalo, with stop-over at that point. Full information will be furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines.

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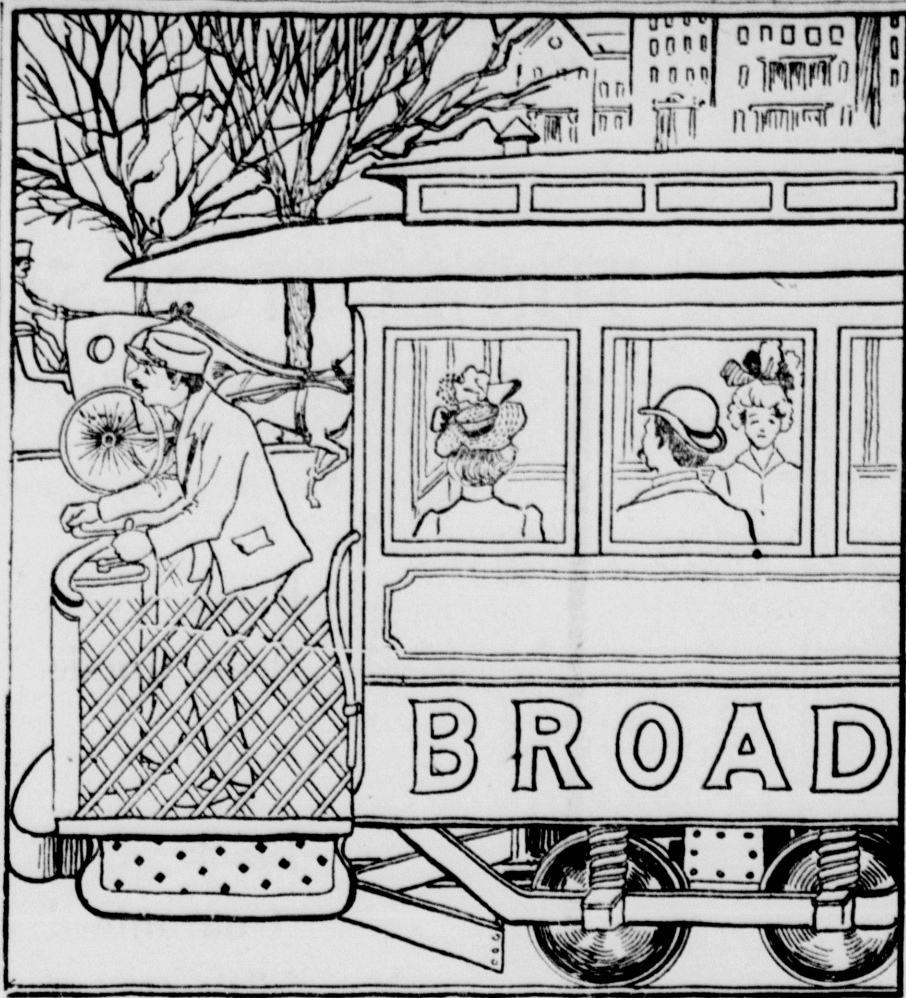
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"A young lady who was treated for over two years for epilepsy by two doctors was given up to die. I found that her sickness was not epilepsy, but nervous troubles, due to menstrual derangements, and prescribed four of Dr. Chase's Nerve Pills a day, after meals and at bed-time. Since that time she has not had a single bad spell. Her health has rapidly improved, she has gained about fifteen pounds in weight, and I do not hesitate to state that Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills have saved her life and restored her to health."

See that the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase are on every box. Price 50 cents a box.—Six boxes for \$2.50. Manufactured by Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold in East Liverpool by Charles T. Larkins.

Secretary Cortelyou, who, during the life of the late president, was so closely identified with the personal affairs of President and Mrs. McKinley, is expected in Canton either on Wednesday or Thursday of this week to confer with Mrs. McKinley on personal matters. He returned to Washington on the presidential train after the funeral, and has been clearing the White House of the personal effects of the family.

ON TRACK OF A FLOT.

Cleveland Police Extract Information From Czolgosz's Brother.

Cleveland, Sept. 24.—Chief of Police Corner gave Waldeck Czolgosz, brother of the assassin of President McKinley, a thorough examination. Under the chief's questioning much was learned that may be of value in the development of the supposed anarchist plot that resulted in the assassination. Waldeck stated to the police that he was going to Buffalo today to see his brother, and said that he would report to the police of Buffalo so that the latter could keep in touch with him all the time. He was willing to do this because he shares the anxiety felt by his father that there is danger of violence in case the people of Buffalo learn that the father and brother of the assassin are in the city.

SHE'S A BARONESS NOW.

Favorite German Actress Returns to America as a Baroness.

American theater goers who are familiar with the German language will have another opportunity this season of appreciating one of Germany's favorite actresses, Fraulein Hedwig Lange. Miss Lange will again be one of the leading ladies of the most prominent German theater of New York. It is possible that company will appear in other American cities.

Fraulein Lange recently returned from Germany to this country, where she had appeared last season. She came back with a title, that of the Baroness von Wrangel, for she was recently married to the bearer of the



Photo by Traut, Munich.

HEDWIG LANGE (BARONESS VON WRANGEL) came. Her husband is a member of one of the grandest of Prussian noble families. His granduncle, Field Marshal von Wrangel, was a leader of Germany's armies during the past century. The young husband of the beautiful Miss Lange has also seen much service in the German, the American and the Boer armies.

Makes Him Be Happy. Mrs. Olden—I hope you and your husband live happily together.

Mrs. Strongminded—I should say we do. I'd just like to see him try to live unhappily with me.—Philadelphia Record.

We Want to See You! We can tell what makes your eyes blur and your head swim. You are bilious and Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin will cure you or the manufacturers will refund you the purchase price. Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

ALKALI DID IT

atom of free alkali from Walker's Soap and give you a pure, solid soap. It has many imitators, so see that the Game Rooster is on the wrapper

WALKER'S SOAP

contains no alkali

How Fortress Monroe Was B.

The manner of constructing the at Old Point Comfort is interesting and throws some light on customs and practices then in vogue. The work was almost wholly done by slaves who were brought to the place by their masters and leased to the engineers in charge. The slave owner received 50 cents a day for each slave, and the government furnished each "laborer," as the slave was called, with two suits of working clothes, a pair or two of shoes, rations, quarters and occasionally a little tobacco. The "laborers" worked with very little clothes and generally without shoes. They lived in barracks and were subject to a kind of military discipline. The owners were regular in coming in to collect the hire for their slaves, from which we may infer that the "constituents" of those days knew how to appreciate a good thing to a degree worthy of the present generation.—Leslie's Weekly.

His Sympathy Aroused.

She met him at the door, all breathless with excitement. "John," she cried, "baby's cut a tooth!" "Poor little fellow!" he returned miserably. "Is it a bad cut?"—Chicago Post.

A Big Shadow.

We are told that the "smallest hair throws a shadow." And so it does. It throws a shadow over your appetite when you find it in your food.—Exchange.

A Heart Tonic.

When all other headache tonics fail to cure your headache try Clinic Headache Wafers, they never fail, never depress, are a true heart and nerve tonic and are guaranteed to cure. One trial will convince and you will then use no other. 10 cents at all druggists.

Master and Slave

BY T. H. THORPE

will be our next serial.

In weaving a touching tale growing out of the relations of master and slave the talented author has produced

A Vivid Picture of Louisiana Life in Ante-Bellum Days.

A tender love romance running through the story adds to the absorbing interest.

Publication will begin in a few days.

Don't Wait

Until all our lots are gone and the prices advanced by shrewd investors before you realize what a good investment is now being offered you in our South Side plan of lots in Chester, W. Va. You don't have to wait for public improvements of any kind, they are all there, and between now and January 1, 1902, there will be at least one hundred new houses built, so don't wait and miss the opportunity, which by investing a few dollars may some day make you independent. For prices, plans and further information call on or address,

Geo. H. Owen & Co.,

Insurance and Real Estate Agents.

Office:—First National Bank Building, Both Phones 49. Opposite Rock Springs Park entrance, Chester, W. Va.

New Era Restaurant, Billiard Hall and Cafe,

Tobacco and Cigar department stocked with the finest cigars and Tobacco in the market. Dining room up to date. Table d'hôte meals 25c. Banquets a specialty. Best furnished billiard and pool room in the state. Lighted with electric lights. Bar open from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m.

110 and 112 Sixth St., East Liverpool, Ohio. J. C. WALSH, Prop.

Reduced Fares to California Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Special low rate tickets to San Francisco, account General Convention Episcopal Church, will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines Sept. 18th to 26th, inclusive, also on Sept. 27th for trains reaching Chicago or St. Louis that date. For further information see Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines. 651

DR. MOTT'S NERVE-PILLS

Made This Change.

DO YOU suffer from Nervous Prostration, Falling or Lost Manhood, Impotence, Nightly Emissions, Shrunken or Undeveloped Organs, Youthful Errors, Excessive Use of Tobacco or Opium? Send by mail on receipt of price. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and F. Larkin

Eureka Harness Oil

not only makes the harness and the horse look better, but makes the leather soft and pliable, puts it in condition to last—twice as long as it ordinarily would. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Give Your Horse a Chance!

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; \$1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, one time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in family of two, to go to Sebring. Call up 519 ring 2, Columbia phone, Chester. 84-c

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Mitcheson, 206 1-2 Sixth street. 83-j

WANTED—Experienced millinery makers. Apply at once at the Leader Store, Washington street, East Liverpool, O. 82-r

WANTED—A good house of three or four rooms, for man and wife; reasonable rent. Address A. Y. W., News Review. 83-r

WANTED—A position as bookkeeper or office assistant; can give best of references. Address E. E. Mann, 123 Fourth street. 82-j

AGENTS WANTED—Life of McKinley; 500 page, large book; handsomely illustrated; outfit free; now ready; 75 per cent discount to agents; freight paid; credit given. Henry Nell, 323 Dearborn street, Chicago. 84-j

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cooking range for either gas or coal; in first-class condition. Call on J. C. Walsh, 110 Sixth street. 84-r

FOR SALE—Lot 40x60; 12-room house, on Monroe street, near Sixth; price \$3,700. J. P. Handon, 315 Lincoln avenue. 83-c

FOR SALE—Household goods as follows: Bed room suits, chairs, tables, rockers, springs, mattresses, matings, carpets, etc.; must be sold at once. Call at 263 Broadway. 3-1f

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three well situated rooms, suitable for housekeeping; will be rented to two desirable persons, or one room furnished can be rented. Address "E. D.," News Review. 82-r

FOR RENT—Eight (8) acres of land, with a four-room house and stable; one mile from the East End. Inquire of J. J. Purinton. 79-j

HOME WORK—The year round; no canvassing; \$5 to \$6 weekly, working evenings; experience unnecessary; enclosure stamp; work mailed on application. 20th Century Mfg Co., Toledo, O. 82-r

AN EASTERN TRIP

On Excursion Tickets over Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to New York may be obtained at principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines, good going and returning over the Pennsylvania Lines—or going via Pennsylvania Lines and returning via the other direct lines from New York, including the routes via Buffalo with privilege of stopping over at that point to take in the Pan-American Exposition and Niagara Falls, or returning via Washington, D. C., with stop-over at that point. Full information will be furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines. 13-m-w-f-t-d.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Real Estate Dealer,
Cor. 6th and Washington Sts.,
Second Floor Grand Building.

Sale List No. 12.

Call at office for previous lists.

- 116 Lincoln ave., 1 1/2 squares from Diamond—Seven room cottage, sewer, gas, paved streets. Lot fronts 40 feet. Price \$3,725.
- 117 Third street—4 room cottage, lot 40x130. Good location. Price \$2,100.
118. Ravine street and Thompson Ave. House of 6 rooms, lot 30 feet front. Price \$2,650.
119. St. George Street, East End, 6 room two story house. Lot 30x110. Price \$2,200.
120. Third street, 5-room cottage on front, four room tenant house on rear. Lot 30x130. Price \$3,400.
121. Oak and Riverview streets, 3 room house and two lots 40x100 each. Price \$1,500.
122. Fairview street, 5-room house with lot 30 feet front. Price \$1,100.
123. Ravine street, 3 room cottage, 30 feet lot. Price \$1,050.
124. Bank street, 4 room house with large lot. Price \$1,300.
125. Oak street, Double house of 10 rooms, new and in good order. Price \$2,100.
126. Etruria street, East End, Oak land addition, 4 room two story house, lot 30x110. Price \$1,325.
127. Diamond, brick business block of 3 stories. Well located. Inquire for price.
128. Seventh street, 6 room new brick dwelling, lot 30x130. Price \$2,550.
129. Avondale street, two dwellings of 4 rooms each; lot 45x100. Price \$1,100.
130. Cor. John and Hubbard streets, 3-room cottage, lot 42x100. Pleasant and in good order. Price \$1,350.
131. Etruria street, East End, Brookes & Purinton addition addition, 6 room 2 story slate roof house, lot 30x156. Price \$1,700.
132. Prospect street, 6 room new house; gas, water, porticos, etc., lot 40x85. Price \$2,500.
133. Spring street, 5 room house with pantry, bath, gas, hot and cold water, porticos, cellar, lot corners on alley. Price \$2,600.
134. Spring street, 6 room house, well located, lot 30x90. Price \$2,800.
135. Avondale street, 3 room cottage, lot 40x100. Price \$850.
136. St. George street, near Laughlin's No. 2, 6 room new house, lot 30x110. Price \$1,750.
137. Greasley street, 5 room house, lot 30x130. Price \$2,000.
138. Fenton street, 3 room cottage, lot 30x90. Price \$1,000.
139. Sheridan ave., 8 room house, lot 40x120. Price \$4,000.
140. Third street, 7 room house, lot corners on alley. Price \$2,500.
141. St. George street, East End, 6 room house, lot 25x80. Price \$1,900.
142. Cor. Lisbon and Jethro streets, 5 living rooms and a store room, good stable and wagon shed. Price upon inquiry.
143. Lincoln ave., 6 room dwelling, bath, gas and sewer connections, street paved and sewer, pleasant place to live. Price \$3,000.
144. Waterloo road, 6 room house, lot 30x100. Price \$1,250.
145. Fifth street, 12 room house, lot 40 feet front, corners on alley. Price \$4,200.
146. Calcutta road, near the Thompson boulevard, new 6 room cottage, lot 30x100. Price \$1,800.
147. St. George street, East End, 7 room 2 story dwelling, lot 30x100. Price \$2,500.
148. Ridgeway ave., 6 room house in best of condition, lot 30x120. Price \$2,600.
149. Brookes & Purinton's addition, East End, 6 room 2 story frame dwelling, lot 30x164. Price \$2,500.
150. Waterloo street, 6-room house, gas and water, lot 37x90. Cheap at \$1,100.
151. Avondale street, 6 room modern house, lot 30x100. Price \$2,800.
152. Avondale street, 6 room house, bath, hot and cold water, gas, lot 40 feet front. Price \$3,400.
153. Pleasant Heights addition, 3 room cottage, lot 40x100. Price \$650.
154. Chestnut street, 5 room house, lot fronts 40 feet. Price \$1,875.
155. Fifth street, 7 room house, lot 30x130, one of the best residence locations in the city. Price \$4,700.
156. Pleasant Heights addition, 6 room 2 story house, lot 40x100. Price \$1,250.
157. Lisbon street, 4 room house, lot fronts 30 feet. Price 1,575.
158. Corner Avondale and Minerva streets, 6 room two story house, lot 60 feet on Avondale street, 80 feet on Minerva street. Price \$2,500.
159. Thompson ave., 6 room and basement 2 story dwelling, lot 44x120. Price \$2,500.
160. Avondale, 6 room cottage, lot 45x100. In best of order. Price \$2,100.

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And of Matters About Town.

Judgment for \$12.88 Asked.—Joseph Kelly has sued Charles Heverly in the court of Justice Carman, asking judgment for \$12.88, claimed due for labor. Money in the hands of M. Larkin has been attached. The case will be heard at 6 o'clock tonight.

Benefit Base Ball Game.—A game of base ball will be played on Wednesday, October 2, between the Eclipse and East Liverpool teams. The proceeds will be given to Stephen Millward, who played as catcher with the teams in this city in the early part of the season. Mr. Millward has been ill with appendicitis for several weeks and is in need of financial assistance. The game should be well patronized, as the cause is a worthy one. A first-class contest is also promised.

COUNTY CONVENTION

Of Christian Endeavor Workers at East Palestine October 17 And 18.

East Palestine, Sept. 24.—The Christian Endeavorers of Columbiana county are preparing for one of the best meetings in its history. The meeting is to be held in East Palestine October 17 and 18, and the local pastor, Rev. Geo. S. Sweezy, is doing everything possible to make it a success.

Rev. Dr. Feun, one of the hero missionaries of the siege of Pekin, will be present to tell his thrilling experience. Rev. Dr. McMillen, of Pittsburg, one of the trustees of the United Society, is expected, while Rev. C. G. Jordan, the pastor of the First Presbyterian church of East Liverpool; Dr. W. F. McCauley, of Salem, and a host of talented, earnest workers from all over the county will be present.

TO HER DAUGHTER

During Life Mrs. Elizabeth Knight Bequeathed Her Property.

Lisbon, Sept. 24.—(Special)—The will of Elizabeth Knight, of East Liverpool, who died September 4, has been admitted to probate. Her daughter, Mrs. Mary Steele, of East Liverpool, is to receive the income from all her property during her life time. At her decease the property is to go to Mrs. Steele's three children.

Jason H. Brookes is made executor and trustee. The value of the estate is not given.

Refused to Take Precautions.

Massillon, Sept. 24.—Ernest Davis, aged 36, married, was crushed to death beneath a mass of coal in the Pocock Coal company's mine yesterday. Davis was a fatalist and refused to take the usual precautions to protect his life.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF PRESIDENT M'KINLEY, LARGE AND SMALL SIZE PRICES 25 CENTS AND UP. FOR SALE AT SPENCER'S STUDIO, FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, ALSO WILSON'S BOOK STORE.

WHEN YOU WANT GOOD CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, DON'T FORGET THAT EDMONSTON WILL MAKE THEM FOR \$2.50 PER DOZEN UNTIL OCTOBER 1.

Carpets

At cost, to close out the line. Come quick. HILL & YATES.

East Palestine Fair Next Week.

The East Palestine fair October 1, 2 and 3. Excursion rates from East Liverpool one fare round trip. The speed program is full and outlook for a good fair has never been more promising. A large crowd from East Liverpool is expected.

BOULEVARD PROPERTY.

The only fine residence street in East Liverpool. Lots have a frontage of 130 to 200 feet and are 400 to 500 feet deep (small farms). I am selling these lots, right along the car line, at a lower price than you will pay for 30 feet down town.

Call soon if you want a choice location. W. L. THOMPSON, Room 24, Exchange building, Fifth street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE.—To close an estate will sell at a bargain one eight-roomed house on Third street, four dwelling houses on Franklin and Ridgeway avenues; all in good condition and very desirable location. Apply to A. W. Corns, care McNicola Pottery.

FOR SALE.—A cottage house, lot fronting 54 1/2 feet on Calcutta road, within 30 feet of street car line; cellar under all of the house; good well of soft water; pump on the back porch; good stable on lot; this is the chance for some one wanting a good, healthy location and a pretty home. For further information call on or address C. E. Surles, P. O. box 150, City.

STRANGE COINCIDENCE

IN CONNECTION WITH TWO WHEELING SUICIDES.

One of the Victims Has a Half Brother in This City—Well Known Here.

The suicide of Samuel Huffner, at Wheeling last Thursday evening, the day of the burial of President McKinley at Canton, the details of which were published in the News Review, has recalled another suicide in that city, almost exactly 20 years ago, and the two make a strange coincidence. In connection with the case it may be stated that Philip Huffner, of Second street, is a half brother of the Huffner above named, who is well known in this city.

At noon on Monday, September 26, 1881, the day of the burial of President Garfield, like McKinley, the victim of an assassin, James Ferguson, aged 29, a member of the Wheeling Goff Guards, in which organization he was a sergeant, blew his brains out with a revolver, dying instantly. The cause was grief over the death of his brother, who expired in the previous March. Each of these men fixed upon the day of the burial of a president stricken down by an assassin's bullet to end their own lives.

But the coincidence does not stop there. James Ferguson was a miller, and as such had a wide acquaintance among mill men, while Huffner had also worked in a mill, and was equally well known.

There is yet another point. Ferguson was buried from the residence of John Cummins, a B. & O. engineer, and Huffner was a relative of Mr. Cummins.

The tragic death of Huffner has recalled the former suicide and the various similar facts and episodes have been much commented on.

30 PERSONS EXPOSED

To Smallpox at the Salvation Army Club at Youngstown.

Youngstown Sept. 24.—Grant Thomson, colored, was found at the Salvation Army club yesterday with a well-defined case of smallpox and was removed to the pest house. The club has about 30 inmates, who were exposed, and the place has been quarantined. Thomson claims that he came here from Volant, Pa., during the past week.

Painesville Team Coming.

The Painesville base ball team will be here Thursday, Friday and Saturday to play their final games of the season with the local nine. Their playing during their previous visit here was a guarantee that the locals will have their hands full and the games will doubtless be hard fought.

Appointed Administrator.

Lisbon, Sept. 24.—(Special)—Everett L. Lyon has been appointed administrator of the estate of Lucy Ann Landers, late of East Palestine. The estate is valued at \$350.

WILL COOK A MEAL

Prof. Beardsley Will Cook a Meal in Full View of His Audience Tonight.

At Y. M. C. A. hall tonight while delivering a superbly illustrated lecture on "Food and Digestion," illustrating and demonstrating how we are nourished by the food we eat, Prof. Beardsley will cook a meal on the platform, in full view of the audience, and at the close all present will be cordially invited to partake. The meal will consist of baked beef, vegetables and a pudding. Another series of beautifully colored stereopticon pictures will be displayed tonight.

No admission fee charged for adults tonight. A collection will be taken at the close. Persons with season tickets not expected to contribute. Boys under 20 and girls under 16 must pay 10 cents at door each night.

FOR SALE.

PHOTOS OF LIVERPOOL'S TRIBUTE TO PRESIDENT MCKINLEY AS IT APPEARS AT DOOR OF VAULT AT WESTLAWN CEMETERY, CANTON, 25 CENTS POSTPAID. OTHER SNAP SHOTS 6 FOR \$1. SIZE, 5x7, FINE FINISH. ADDRESS R. C. JOHNSON, CANTON, O., 628 N. MCKINLEY AVENUE.

See Miskall & Co. for real estate.

Icebergs.

The captain of an ocean steamer is often warned of the proximity of icebergs by the men in the engine room. When a ship enters water considerably colder than that through which it has been going its propeller runs faster, and as such water surrounds the vicinity of icebergs for many miles the engineers know when the propeller's action is greatly accelerated without any increase of the steam power icebergs may be expected. Of course the thermometer is the most useful indicator of icebergs.



THE BOSTON STORE

Special Sale

of
Black Dress Goods
and
Black "Guaranteed" Silks

this week at

THE BOSTON STORE

TOUR OF THE LAKES

TO BE MADE BY A YACHTING PARTY FROM PITTSBURG.

East Liverpool People Are Guests. East Liverpool Crockery for the Craft.

Fred Mugele and James Riddle, two prominent business men of Pittsburg, are guests at the home of I. N. Crable, East Market street.

While here the gentlemen placed an order with the Dresden Pottery company for sufficient ware to equip a yacht which has been chartered for a three-weeks' cruise of the lakes.

A party of between 60 and 70 have arranged for a delightful trip to various points on the lakes. The company is made up principally of Pittsburg people, Mr. Crable and wife being the only members of the party from this city. They will go to Mt. Clemens next Saturday, where a week will be spent. The party will then take the yacht chartered for their use and make the trip to Mitchell's Bay, Canada. A stay of a week has been scheduled for this resort, after which they will sail to Buffalo for another week at the exposition.

The entire party will live aboard the yacht, and those in charge of the arrangements have left nothing undone for the perfect entertainment of those making the trip.

TOOK HIM LITERALLY.

That Was Why His Signature Was Rejected at the Bank.

"Bank clerks are so often called upon for directions that they sometimes fall into the habit of giving them in a hurried and mechanical manner, consequently they are frequently misunderstood," remarked the clerk of a savings institution to a reporter the other day. "For instance, the usual formula when a stranger is called upon to sign his name is, 'Sign here; pen and ink at your left hand.' One morning last week a stranger entered our bank and asked me for a certificate of deposit for a considerable sum of money which he handed over. I counted the money and found the amount to be as stated and hurriedly said, 'Sign there, sir; pen and ink at your left hand.'

"Well, it took the stranger a long time to sign his name, but I thought nothing more of it and issued the certificate of deposit. About a week later the same man, whose face I had forgotten, reappeared and presented the certificate. He dashed off an ornate signature, which I proceeded to compare with the first signature. The two were vastly different, as the first one was apparently the labored effort of an old man.

"I can't pay you this money, sir," I said. "Why not?" asked the astonished stranger. "Because it is not the signature of the man to whom I issued the certificate of deposit," I replied.

"Well," said the stranger, "when I was here a week ago you told me to write my name with my left hand, and I did so, but I can't write very well that way."

"Then will you oblige me by writing your name with your left hand again," I asked as a light dawned upon me. "Certainly," said the man, and after much labor he produced a facsimile of his first signature, and I apologized and paid him his money."—Washington Star.

The News Review for the news.

MORE CARE IN FUTURE.

Protest Against the Exposure of the President to Attacks.

Now that the unexpected but feared has happened, Washington is disposed to raise its voice in protest against the unnecessary exposure of the president to the assaults of fanatical and insane persons, foreign or domestic, who may fancy themselves commissioned to interfere with public order and civilized custom, says the New York Times. When President Cleveland was an occupant of the White House, a large force of officers in uniform and plain dress was employed, and sometimes the president was criticised for allowing this guard to surround him when it was provided by the District as a precaution and has been continued to some extent ever since.

Everywhere was heard the other night bitter regret that the president had consented to attend a public reception where he was exposed to the attack that has just stirred with horror the civilized world. There is likely to be a more secret guarding of the president hereafter and possibly closer scrutiny of the persons allowed to enter the White House to shake hands with him.

Every time a president has descended from his library to the east room to meet the company collected there from every part of the country, unknown to anybody in the building, the risk has been run of meeting some Czolgosz or Guiteau, inspired with hatred of order or factional vindictiveness. Wherever the president went while away from Washington he has been accompanied by a secret service officer named Foster, a courageous and capable man who had not too much confidence in the pacific appearance of any crowd. He has followed the president when he went driving or riding just to avert any disaster of the kind that happened the other afternoon. Only persons who knew him would have observed the watchful man who drove a distance behind the president to be within reach if a sudden assault were made upon him.

For Mr. Pendel, the oldest of the door-men on duty at the White House, the attack upon Mr. McKinley was the third shock of the kind he has known. He was at the White House when Lincoln left it to go to Ford's theater the night he was shot and took care of little "Tad" Lincoln during the absence of the party. Then he saw President Garfield borne in from Sixth Street station in 1881 to linger awhile and be taken to Elberon to die.

He could scarcely speak of the matter, wondering how it could be that such good men were marks for assassins' pistols. "It looks as though we would have to keep the president in a fort and search all visitors before letting them in to talk to him," he said. "Assassination is too easy here."

The New Mode.

The habit of smoking after dinner in the drawing room, added to the fact that many women smoke, is another reason why it is so easy to play a game of cards without getting weary of it, for cigars and bridge are inseparable, says The Ladies' Field. But when bridge can be played and both men and women smoke during its progress there is no disposition on the part of the men to go away to their club.

And No French Dressing.

The trouble with Abdul Hamid's Turkey, says the Minneapolis (Minn.) Tribune, is it hasn't any stuffing where-with to satisfy the French demands.

New Shade of Regal Color.

Queen's purple is the name of the new shade of the regal color. It is found in silks, broadcloths, crepes, velvets, lansdownes and henriettas.

DID NOT JUSTIFY LYING.

A Denial of Certain Reports Made by E. Benjamin Andrews.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 24.—Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews, of the University of Nebraska, gave to a correspondent a correction and denial of a report, started at Chicago, concerning an address he recently delivered there. The chancellor said:

"A report is in circulation to the effect that in a lecture on the subject of veracity last month, at the University of Chicago, I taught that under certain circumstances lying is justifiable. This report is absolutely false and without foundation. Some careless reporter must have ascribed to me a view which I mentioned only to refute it. In the lecture referred to I maintained with all the logic and warmth at my command that lying is never justifiable under any circumstances or for any purpose whatever. No other idea of meaning could have occurred to any attentive listener."

"E. Benjamin Andrews."

NATIONAL GAMES YESTERDAY.

Pittsburg, 5; New York, 4. Brooklyn, 25; Cincinnati, 6. Philadelphia, 3; Chicago, 1. St. Louis, 9; Boston, 3.

National Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	83	45	.648
Philadelphia	74	54	.578
Brooklyn	74	55	.574
St. Louis	68	61	.527
Boston	65	64	.504
New York	51	76	.402
Chicago	51	81	.386
Cincinnati	47	77	.379

American Games Yesterday.

Baltimore, 5; Milwaukee, 4—First game.
Baltimore, 5; Milwaukee, 4—Second game.
Detroit, 5; Boston, 4—First game.
Detroit, 9; Boston, 2—Second game.
Cleveland, 6; Washington, 3—First game.
Cleveland, 7; Washington, 3—Second game.
Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 3.

American Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	82	50	.621
Boston	73	57	.562
Detroit	72	58	.554
Philadelphia	69	61	.531
Baltimore	64	64	.500
Washington	59	70	.457
Cleveland	54	76	.415
Milwaukee	47	84	.363

Have you Money to Invest?

Take Paid Up Stock in The Potters' Building and Savings Company Corner 5th and Washington Sts.

Assets August 26, 1901,

\$1,118,902.07.

Surplus Fund,

\$30,055.07.

In 12 1/2 years has paid in Dividends and Interest, \$316,973.60.

Dividends have never been less than 6 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

4 per cent. paid on Deposits.

Practical Pharmacists

Prepare Physician's Prescriptions at...

Hodson's Drug Store

Cor. 5th and Broadway.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Real Estate Dealer,
Cor. 6th and Washington Sts.,
Second Floor Grand Building.

Sale List No. 12.

Call at office for previous lists.

- 116 Lincoln ave., 1 1/2 squares from Diamond—Seven room cottage, sewer, gas, paved streets. Lot fronts 40 feet. Price \$3,725.
- 117 Third street—4 room cottage, lot 40x130. Good location. Price \$2,100.
- 118. Ravine street and Thompson Ave. House of 6 rooms, lot 30 feet front. Price \$2,650.
- 119. St. George Street, East End, 6 room two story house. Lot 30x110. Price \$2,200.
- 120. Third street, 5-room cottage on front, four room tenant house on rear. Lot 30x130. Price \$3,400.
- 121 Oak and Riverview streets, 3 room house and two lots 40x100 each. Price \$1,500.
- 122. Fairview street, 5-room house with lot 30 feet front. Price \$1,100.
- 123. Ravine street, 3 room cottage, 30 feet lot. Price \$1,050.
- 124. Bank street, 4 room house with large lot. Price \$1,300.
- 125. Oak street, Double house of 10 rooms, new and in good order. Price \$3,100.
- 126. Etruria street, East End, Oak land addition, 4 room two story house, lot 30x110. Price \$1,325.
- 127. Diamond, brick business block of 3 stories. Well located. Inquire for price.
- 128. Seventh street, 6 room new brick dwelling, lot 30x130. Price \$2,550.
- 129. Avondale street, two dwellings of 4 rooms each; lot 45x100. Price \$1,100.
- 130. Cor. John and Hubbard streets, 3-room cottage, lot 42x100. Pleasant and in good order. Price \$1,350.
- 131. Etruria street, East End, Brookes & Purinton addition, 6 room 2 story slate roof house, lot 30x156. Price \$1,700.
- 132. Prospect street, 6 room new house; gas, water, porticos, etc., lot 40x85. Price \$2,500.
- 133. Spring street, 5 room house with pantry, bath, gas, hot and cold water, porticos, cellar, lot corners on alley. Price \$2,600.
- 134. Spring street, 6 room house, well located, lot 30x90. Price \$2,800.
- 135. Avondale street, 3 room cottage, lot 40x100. Price \$850.
- 136. St. George street, near Laughlin's No. 2, 6 room new house, lot 30x110. Price \$1,750.
- 137. Greasley street, 5 room house, lot 30x130. Price \$2,000.
- 138. Fenton street, 3 room cottage, lot 30x90. Price \$1,000.
- 139. Sheridan ave., 8 room house, lot 40x120. Price \$4,000.
- 140. Third street, 7 room house, lot corners on alley. Price \$2,500.
- 141. St. George street, East End, 6 room house, lot 25x80. Price \$1,900.
- 142. Cor. Lisbon and Jethro streets, 5 living rooms and a store room, good stable and wagon shed. Price upon inquiry.
- 143. Lincoln ave., 6 room dwelling, bath, gas and sewer connections, street paved and sewer, pleasant place to live. Price \$3,000.
- 144. Waterloo road, 6 room house, lot 30x100. Price \$1,250.
- 145. Fifth street, 12 room house, lot 40 feet front, corners on alley. Price \$4,200.
- 146. Calcutta road, near the Thompson boulevard, new 6 room cottage, lot 40x100. Price \$1,800.
- 147. St. George street, East End, 7 room 2 story dwelling, lot 30x100. Price \$2,500.
- 148. Ridgeway ave., 6 room house in best of condition, lot 30x120. Price \$2,000.
- 149. Brookes & Purinton's addition, East End, 6 room 2 story frame dwelling, lot 30x164. Price \$2,500.
- 150. Waterloo street, 6 room house, gas and water, lot 37x90. Cheap at \$1,100.
- 152. Avondale street, 6 room modern house, lot 30x100. Price \$2,800.
- 153. Avondale street, 6 room house, bath, hot and cold water, gas, lot 40 feet front. Price \$3,400.
- 154. Pleasant Heights addition, 3 room cottage, lot 40x100. Price \$650.
- 155. Chestnut street, 5 room house, lot fronts 40 feet. Price \$1,875.
- 156. Fifth street, 7 room house, lot 30x130, one of the best residence locations in the city. Price \$4,700.
- 157. Pleasant Heights addition, 6 room 2 story house, lot 40x100. Price \$1,250.
- 158. Lisbon street, 4 room house, lot fronts 30 feet. Price 1,575.
- 159. Corner Avondale and Minerva streets, 6 room two story house, lot 60 feet on Avondale street, 80 feet on Minerva street. Price \$2,500.
- 160. Thompson ave., 6 room and basement 2 story dwelling, lot 44x120. Price \$2,500.
- 161. Avondale, 6 room cottage, lot 45x100. In best of order. Price \$2,100.

You should see us before buying elsewhere. You will know more of what is for sale and will be better posted in dealing. No charges for information. Trouble not considered.
Office open from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And of Matters About Town.

Judgment for \$12.88 Asked—Joseph Kelly has sued Charles Heverly in the court of Justice Carman, asking judgment for \$12.88, claimed due for labor. Money in the hands of M. Larkin has been attached. The case will be heard at 6 o'clock tonight.

Benefit Base Ball Game—A game of base ball will be played on Wednesday, October 2, between the Eclipse and East Liverpool teams. The proceeds will be given to Stephen Millward, who played as catcher with the teams in this city in the early part of the season. Mr. Millward has been ill with appendicitis for several weeks and is in need of financial assistance. The game should be well patronized, as the cause is a worthy one. A first-class contest is also promised.

COUNTY CONVENTION

Of Christian Endeavor Workers at East Palestine October 17 And 18.

East Palestine, Sept. 24.—The Christian Endeavorers of Columbiana county are preparing for one of the best meetings in its history. The meeting is to be held in East Palestine October 17 and 18, and the local pastor, Rev. Geo. S. Sweezy, is doing everything possible to make it a success.

Rev. Dr. Feun, one of the hero missionaries of the siege of Peking, will be present to tell his thrilling experience. Rev. Dr. McMillen, of Pittsburg, one of the trustees of the United Society, is expected, while Rev. C. G. Jordan, the pastor of the First Presbyterian church of East Liverpool; Dr. W. F. McCauley, of Salem, and a host of talented, earnest workers from all over the county will be present.

TO HER DAUGHTER

During Life Mrs. Elizabeth Knight Bequeathed Her Property.

Lisbon, Sept. 24.—(Special)—The will of Elizabeth Knight, of East Liverpool, who died September 4, has been admitted to probate. Her daughter, Mrs. Mary Steele, of East Liverpool, is to receive the income from all her property during her life time. At her decease the property is to go to Mrs. Steele's three children.

Jason H. Brookes is made executor and trustee. The value of the estate is not given.

Refused to Take Precautions.

Massillon, Sept. 24.—Ernest Davis, aged 36, married, was crushed to death beneath a mass of coal in the Pocock Coal company's mine yesterday. Davis was a fatalist and refused to take the usual precautions to protect his life.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF PRESIDENT MCKINLEY, LARGE AND SMALL SIZE PRICES 25 CENTS AND UP. FOR SALE AT SPENCER'S STUDIO, FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, ALSO WILSON'S BOOK STORE.

WHEN YOU WANT GOOD CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, DON'T GET THAT EDMONSTON WILL MAKE THEM FOR \$2.50 PER DOZEN UNTIL OCTOBER 1.

Carpets

At cost, to close out the line. Come quick. HILL & YATES.

East Palestine Fair Next Week. The East Palestine fair October 1, 2 and 3. Excursion rates from East Liverpool one fare round trip. The speed program is full and outlook for a good fair has never been more promising. A large crowd from East Liverpool is expected.

BOULEVARD PROPERTY.

The only fine residence street in East Liverpool. Lots have a frontage of 130 to 200 feet and are 400 to 500 feet deep (small farms). I am selling these lots, right along the car line, at a lower price than you will pay for 30 feet down town.

Call soon if you want a choice location. W. L. THOMPSON, Room 24, Exchange building, Fifth street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—To close an estate will sell at a bargain one eight-roomed house on Third street, four dwelling houses on Franklin and Ridgeway avenues; all in good condition and very desirable location. Apply to A. W. Corns, care McNicol's Pottery.

FOR SALE—A cottage house, lot fronting 54 1/2 feet on Calcutta road, within 30 feet of street car line; cellar under all of the house; good well of soft water; pump on the back porch; good stable on lot; this is the chance for some one wanting a good, healthy location and a pretty home. For further information call on or address C. E. Surles, P. O. box 150, City.

STRANGE COINCIDENCE

IN CONNECTION WITH TWO WHEELING SUICIDES.

One of the Victims Has a Half Brother in This City—Well Known Here.

The suicide of Samuel Huffner, at Wheeling last Thursday evening, the day of the burial of President McKinley at Canton, the details of which were published in the News Review, has recalled another suicide in that city, almost exactly 20 years ago, and the two make a strange coincidence. In connection with the case it may be stated that Philip Huffner, of Second street, is a half brother of the Huffner above named, who is well known in this city.

At noon on Monday, September 26, 1881, the day of the burial of President Garfield, like McKinley, the victim of an assassin, James Ferguson, aged 29, a member of the Wheeling Goff Guards, in which organization he was a sergeant, blew his brains out with a revolver, dying instantly. The cause was grief over the death of his brother, who expired in the previous March. Each of these men fixed upon the day of the burial of a president stricken down by an assassin's bullet to end their own lives.

But the coincidence does not stop there. James Ferguson was a naller, and as such had a wide acquaintance among mill men, while Huffner had also worked in a mill, and was equally well known.

There is yet another point. Ferguson was buried from the residence of John Cummins, a B. & O. engineer, and Huffner was a relative of Mr. Cummins.

The tragic death of Huffner has recalled the former suicide and the various similar facts and episodes have been much commented on.

30 PERSONS EXPOSED

To Smallpox at the Salvation Army Club at Youngstown.

Youngstown, Sept. 24.—Grant Thomson, colored, was found at the Salvation Army club yesterday with a well-defined case of smallpox and was removed to the pest house. The club has about 30 inmates, who were exposed, and the place has been quarantined. Thomson claims that he came here from Volant, Pa., during the past week.

Painesville Team Coming.

The Painesville base ball team will be here Thursday, Friday and Saturday to play their final games of the season with the local nine. Their playing during their previous visit here was a guarantee that the locals will have their hands full and the games will doubtless be hard fought.

Appointed Administrator.

Lisbon, Sept. 24.—(Special)—Everett L. Lyon has been appointed administrator of the estate of Lucy Ann Landers, late of East Palestine. The estate is valued at \$350.

WILL COOK A MEAL

Prof. Beardsley Will Cook a Meal in Full View of His Audience Tonight.

At Y. M. C. A. hall tonight while delivering a superbly illustrated lecture on "Food and Digestion," illustrating and demonstrating how we are nourished by the food we eat, Prof. Beardsley will cook a meal on the platform, in full view of the audience, and at the close all present will be cordially invited to partake. The meal will consist of baked beef, vegetables and a pudding. Another series of beautifully colored stereoscopic pictures will be displayed tonight.

No admission fee charged for adults tonight. A collection will be taken at the close. Persons with season tickets not expected to contribute. Boys under 20 and girls under 16 must pay 10 cents at door each night.

FOR SALE.

PHOTOS OF LIVERPOOL'S TRIUMPH TO PRESIDENT MCKINLEY AS IT APPEARS AT DOOR OF VAULT AT WESTLAWN CEMETERY, CANTON, 25 CENTS POSTPAID. OTHER SNAP SHOTS 6 FOR \$1. SIZE, 5x7. FINE FINISH. ADDRESS R. C. JOHNSON, CANTON, O., 628 N. MCKINLEY AVENUE.

See Miskall & Co. for real estate.

Icebergs.

The captain of an ocean steamer is often warned of the proximity of icebergs by the men in the engine room. When a ship enters water considerably colder than that through which it has been going its propeller runs faster, and as such water surrounds the vicinity of icebergs for many miles the engineers know when the propeller's action is greatly accelerated without any increase of the steam power icebergs may be expected. Of course the thermometer is the most useful indicator of icebergs.



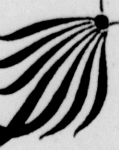
THE BOSTON STORE

Special Sale

of
Black
Dress Goods
and
Black
"Guaranteed"
Silks

this week at

THE BOSTON STORE



TOUR OF THE LAKES

TO BE MADE BY A YACHTING PARTY FROM PITTSBURG.

East Liverpool People Are Guests. East Liverpool Crockery for the Craft.

Fred Mugele and James Riddle, two prominent business men of Pittsburg, are guests at the home of I. N. Crable, East Market street.

While here the gentlemen placed an order with the Dresden Pottery company for sufficient ware to equip a yacht which has been chartered for a three-weeks' cruise of the lakes.

A party of between 60 and 70 have arranged for a delightful trip to various points on the lakes. The company is made up principally of Pittsburg people, Mr. Crable and wife being the only members of the party from this city. They will go to Mt. Clemens next Saturday, where a week will be spent. The party will then take the yacht chartered for their use and make the trip to Mitchell's Bay, Canada. A stay of a week has been scheduled for this resort, after which they will sail to Buffalo for another week at the exposition.

The entire party will live aboard the yacht, and those in charge of the arrangements have left nothing undone for the perfect entertainment of those making the trip.

TOOK HIM LITERALLY.

That Was Why His Signature Was Rejected at the Bank.

"Bank clerks are so often called upon for directions that they sometimes fall into the habit of giving them in a hurried and mechanical manner, consequently they are frequently misunderstood," remarked the clerk of a savings institution to a reporter the other day. "For instance, the usual formula when a stranger is called upon to sign his name is, 'Sign here; pen and ink at your left hand.' One morning last week a stranger entered our bank and asked me for a certificate of deposit for a considerable sum of money which he handed over. I counted the money and found the amount to be as stated and hurriedly said, 'Sign there, sir; pen and ink at your left hand.'

"Well, it took the stranger a long time to sign his name, but I thought nothing more of it and issued the certificate of deposit. About a week later the same man, whose face I had forgotten, reappeared and presented the certificate. He dashed off an ornate signature, which I proceeded to compare with the first signature. The two were vastly different, as the first one was apparently the labored effort of an old man.

"I can't pay you this money, sir," I said.

"Why not?" asked the astonished stranger.

"Because it is not the signature of the man to whom I issued the certificate of deposit," I replied.

"Well," said the stranger, "when I was here a week ago you told me to write my name with my left hand, and I did so, but I can't write very well that way."

"Then will you oblige me by writing your name with your right hand again," I asked as a light dawned upon me.

"Certainly," said the man, and after much labor he produced a facsimile of his first signature, and I apologized and paid him his money."—Washington Star.

The News Review for the news.

MORE CARE IN FUTURE.

Protest Against the Exposure of the President to Attacks.

Now that the unexpected but feared has happened, Washington is disposed to raise its voice in protest against the unnecessary exposure of the president to the assaults of fanatical and insane persons, foreign or domestic, who may fancy themselves commissioned to interfere with public order and civilized custom, says the New York Times. When President Cleveland was an occupant of the White House, a large force of officers in uniform and plain dress was employed, and sometimes the president was criticised for allowing this guard to surround him when it was provided by the District as a precaution and has been continued to some extent ever since.

Everywhere was heard the other night bitter regret that the president had consented to attend a public reception where he was exposed to the attack that has just stirred with horror the civilized world. There is likely to be a more secret guarding of the president hereafter and possibly closer scrutiny of the persons allowed to enter the White House to shake hands with him.

Every time a president has descended from his library to the east room to meet the company collected there from every part of the country, unknown to anybody in the building, the risk has been run of meeting some Czolgosz or Guiteau, inspired with hatred of order or factional vindictiveness. Wherever the president went while away from Washington he has been accompanied by a secret service officer named Foster, a courageous and capable man who had not too much confidence in the pacific appearance of any crowd. He has followed the president when he went driving or riding just to avert any disaster of the kind that happened the other afternoon. Only persons who knew him would have observed the watchful man who drove a distance behind the president to be within reach if a sudden assault were made upon him.

For Mr. Pendel, the oldest of the doormen on duty at the White House, the attack upon Mr. McKinley was the third shock of the kind he has known. He was at the White House when Lincoln left it to go to Ford's theater the night he was shot and took care of little "Tad" Lincoln during the absence of the party. Then he saw President Garfield borne in from Sixth Street station in 1881 to linger awhile and be taken to Elberon to die.

He could scarcely speak of the matter, wondering how it could be that such good men were marks for assassins' pistols. "It looks as though we would have to keep the president in a fort and search all visitors before letting them in to talk to him," he said. "Assassination is too easy here."

The New Mode.

The habit of smoking after dinner in the drawing room, added to the fact that many women smoke, is another reason why it is so easy to play a game of cards without getting weary of it, for cigars and bridge are inseparable, says The Ladies' Field. But when bridge can be played and both men and women smoke during its progress there is no disposition on the part of the men to go away to their club.

And No French Dressing.

The trouble with Abdul Hamid's Turkey, says the Minneapolis (Minn.) Tribune, is it hasn't any stuffing where-with to satisfy the French demands.

New Shade of Regal Color.

Queen's purple is the name of the new shade of the regal color. It is found in silks, broadcloths, crepes, velvets, laces and henriettes.

DID NOT JUSTIFY LYING.

A Denial of Certain Reports Made by E. Benjamin Andrews.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 24.—Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews, of the University of Nebraska, gave to a correspondent a correction and denial of a report, started at Chicago, concerning an address he recently delivered there. The chancellor said:

"A report is in circulation to the effect that in a lecture on the subject of veracity last month, at the University of Chicago, I taught that under certain circumstances lying is justifiable. This report is absolutely false and without foundation. Some careless reporter must have ascribed to me a view which I mentioned only to refute it. In the lecture referred to I maintained with all the logic and warmth at my command that lying is never justifiable under any circumstances or for any purpose whatever. No other idea of meaning could have occurred to any attentive listener."

NATIONAL GAMES YESTERDAY.

Pittsburg, 5; New York, 4. Brooklyn, 25; Cincinnati, 6. Philadelphia, 3; Chicago, 1. St. Louis, 3; Boston, 3.

National Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	43	45	.448
Philadelphia	74	54	.578
Brooklyn	74	55	.574
St. Louis	68	61	.527
Boston	65	64	.504
New York	51	76	.402
Chicago	51	81	.386
Cincinnati	47	77	.379

American Games Yesterday.

Baltimore, 5; Milwaukee, 4—First game.
Baltimore, 5; Milwaukee, 4—Second game.
Detroit, 5; Boston, 4—First game.
Detroit, 9; Boston, 2—Second game.
Cleveland, 6; Washington, 3—First game.
Cleveland, 7; Washington, 3—Second game.
Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 3.

American Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	82	50	.621
Boston	73	57	.562
Detroit	72	58	.554
Philadelphia	69	64	.521
Baltimore	64	64	.500
Washington	59	76	.437
Cleveland	54	76	.415
Milwaukee	47	84	.360

Have you Money to Invest?

Take Paid Up Stock in The Potters' Building and Savings Company Corner 5th and Washington Sts.

Assets August 26, 1901, \$1,118,902.07. Surplus Fund, \$30,055.07. In 12 1/2 years has paid in Dividends and Interest, \$316,973.60. Dividends have never been less than 6 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

4 per cent. paid on Deposits.

Practical Pharmacists

Prepare Physician's Prescriptions at...

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